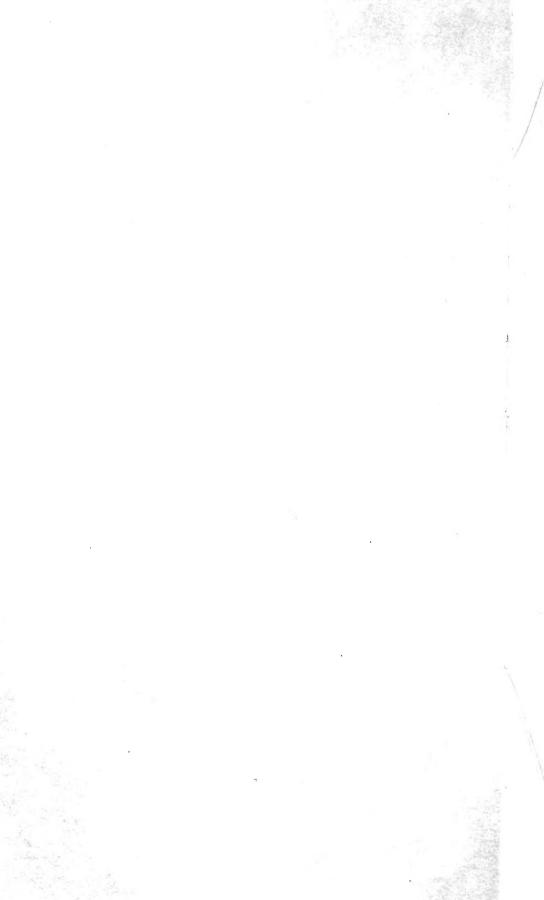
## Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practice



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Mr Richan

\* Department of Agricoltus.

BECEIAED

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# Fancher Creek Nurseries

FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

PRICE CATALOGUE SEASON, 1910-11

# California Porticulture

#### THE FRUIT-GROWERS' GUIDE



I the interest of our patrons and for the enlightenment of beginners in horticultural pursuits, we have almost wholly rewritten our regular Catalogue, adding to its usual full and complete descriptive list of trees and plants we are offering cultural direc-

tions which cover every phase of planting and management of orchards, vineyards and home grounds, showing the most advanced method of soil preparation, planting, cultivating, irrigating, pruning, etc., which have yielded best results in California. The book consists of 120 pages,  $7\frac{3}{4} \times 10\frac{3}{4}$ , sumptuously illustrated with upwards of a hundred original half-tones, two-color plates, and a handsome cover showing olives and grapes in color. The book contains nearly 125,000 words of text, is printed on a high-grade coated book paper, and from a mechanical point of view must be considered a work of art. The entire cost has been about \$5,000.00 for the edition.

In view of these facts, it stands to reason that it is in no sense an enumeration of nursery stock, but a veritable compendium of valuable suggestions and methods which have given the best results in orchard and field, garden and vineyard, based on actual experience and observation covering a period of 25 years on the part of the writer.

Price 25c. Per Copy, Carriage Prepaid

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS

# FANCHER CREEK NURSERIES FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

# Fancher Creek Nurseries

(INCORPORATED)

GEO. C. ROEDING, President and Manager

# Fruit and Ornamental Trees Evergreens, Palms, Roses



# Burbank's Late Introductions in Plums and Walnuts

INTRODUCED AND PROPAGATED SOLELY BY US

#### ILLUSTRATED PRICE CATALOGUE

SEASON 1910-1911

#### FOUR NURSERIES

THE ROEDING PLACE 640 acres, 6 miles east of Fresno

PROPAGATING GROUNDS 160 acres, 2½ miles northwest of Fresno GENERAL FRUIT TREE NURSERY 640 acres, 18 miles east of Fresno

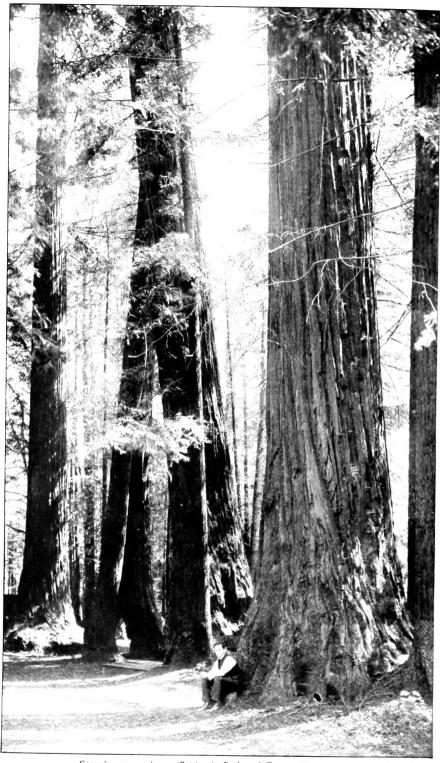
CITRUS ORCHARD AND NURSERY 160 acres, Exeter, Tulare County

TELEGRAPH, TELEPHONE, POST OFFICE FRESNO, CALIFORNIA AND EXPRESS ADDRESS

Cable Address: "Calimyrna"

Western Union Code

Nurserymen's Telegraphic Code



Sequoia sempervirens (California Redwood Trees). See page 31.

### To Patrons, Former and Prospective

HIS, our Illustrated Price Catalogue for the season of 1910-1911, contains, with brief descriptions and correct illustrations, the very best Fruits, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Palms, Roses, etc., for planting in the extreme western part of our country.

We desire to extend to our many satisfied customers our sincere thanks for their patronage, and the assurance that we are better able than ever to supply their wants. To those who have never dealt with us, but whom we should like to include among our friends, we shall be glad to demonstrate the high quality of our stock, our ability to handle all orders, and our high-class methods of doing business.

Our president and manager, Mr. George C. Roeding, is known the country over for his exhaustive research and untiring experiments in California horticulture. It is due to his personal efforts that Smyrna Fig culture and that of Phylloxera-resistant Grapes have become such prominent features of the fruit-growing industries of the Pacific coast. Added to this, our Nurseries are the authorized commercial propagators and distributors of Luther Burbank's fruit introductions. This, in itself, raises our establishment to a plane higher than that occupied by any other like concern.

Our business principles may be summed up in the following:

To give our very best personal attention to all orders.

To ship goods promptly and insure their reaching our patrons in good condition.

To send out no tree or plant we would hesitate to plant ourselves.

To invite correspondence on any subject pertaining to our business.

To place our services at the disposal of our patrons, and furnish advice on anything

The descriptions in this book are necessarily short, and we have given few cultural directions. A fund of information upon nearly all subjects listed here will be found in "California Horticulture," which sells at 25 cents.

At our local sales yards, 1215 J street, Fresno, we will carry a fine line of ornamental plants to meet the demands of our customers who have found it inconvenient to visit our nurseries. Our main office is located at 1225 J street, in very commodious quarters. From here we are in telephonic communication with all of our nurseries and departments.

#### **GUARANTEE OF GENUINENESS**

Our trees are all budded or grafted from bearing trees, and every care and precaution is exercised to have them true to name. With all our caution, mistakes are liable to be made; but we hold ourselves in readiness, on proper proof, to replace all trees and other stock that may prove untrue to label, free of charge, or refund the amount paid. It is mutually understood and agreed to between the purchaser and ourselves, however, that our guarantee of genuineness shall, in no case, make us liable for any greater sum than that originally paid us for the trees, etc., which may prove untrue.

#### To Intending Purchasers

#### Things to Observe

1. All orders should be legibly written on a separate sheet of paper, and not mixed up with the

body of the letter.

2. In ordering please state whether substitution will be permitted, as we feel at liberty when no instructions accompany the order to replace with other sorts as nearly similar as possible.

It often happens that a variety of which we grow only a limited quantity is exhausted early in the season, and as it may be impossible to secure it from other nurseries, it is either necessary to cancel the order or substitute with another kind which is similar. In nearly all cases when we exercise our judgment we do not hesitate to say that we believe our customers will approve of our desire to please

them.

3. Our packing and labeling are as perfect as possible, and we charge for the same only to cover the cost of material. Cartage to the railway or the cost of material. Cart express office free of charge.

4. State distinctly how you wish us to ship—by freight or express; also designate the route, otherwise we use our own discretion in forwarding.

5. After delivering to the carriers we cannot hold

5. After delivering to the carriers we cannot hold ourselves responsible for any loss or injury to trees or plants after they have been carefully packed and shipped; but we will do everything in our power, if any loss should occur, for the protection and recovery of our customer's property.

6. Orders to be sent by express, C. O. D., will be filled, provided one-half of the amount is sent with the order.

7. If any mistakes are made in filling orders, we

7. If any mistakes are made in filling orders, we will cheerfully rectify the same, but must respectfully request our customers to notify us at once, or, at the most, within ten days after receipt of the goods.

8. Orders from unknown correspondents must be accompanied by a remittance or satisfactory

reference.

9. We uniformly tie our trees in bunches of 10, and grape-vines in bundles of 50; and we suggest

to our patrons to make their orders for assortments

to our patrons to make their orders for assortments as far as possible in multiples of these numbers.

10. Articles mentioned in the following list will be furnished at prices named as follows: Five at the 10 rate; 50 at the 100 rate; 500 or more at the 1,000 rate. Less than five of a variety at the single rate. This does not mean, as an illustration, that 10 pears, 10 apples, 10 plums, 10 nectarines would be charged at the 100 rate. To secure this rate it will be necessary to order 50 trees of one sort.

be necessary to order 50 trees of one sort.

11. For the convenience of those who cannot be reached by railroad or express, packages of small trees, if in stock, not exceeding four pounds in weight, can be forwarded by mail, such articles to be charged at single rates, postage additional.

12. Please remember to write your name, post-office, county and state as distinctly as possible; also give your nearest express office and railway station, or if on a stage route, send us special directions, giving us the name of the transportation company delivering the goods. Orders for export to old Mexico, the Hawaiian Islands, Cuba and South American points should give, in addition to the above, the steamship routes by which their orders are to be shipped. are to be shipped.

All remittances should be by postoffice money order, registered letter, express order, bank draft, or check. All orders from foreign countries to be accompanied by draft, or international money

#### About Weights and Shipping

The question of freight charges to distant points is a matter of serious consideration to such customers, and we are therefore submitting a few figures

to give a clearer insight into the subject.

The general run of deciduous fruit trees, either in bales or cases, average about as follows: 6 to 8 ft., 2 pounds each; 4 to 6 ft., 1½ pounds each; 3 to 4 ft., 1 pound each.

The general run of deciduous fruit trees, either in bales or cases, average about as follows: 6 to 8 ft., 2 pounds each; 2 to 3 ft., one-half of a pound each.

Deciduous ornumental trees from 6 to 8 ft. and

each. Grape-vines, one-third of a pound each.
Deciduous ornamental trees from 6 to 8 ft. and up to 12 to 15 ft., 3 to 6 pounds each.
Potted plants in from 3- to 6-inch pots, packed in boxes, weigh from 4 to 12 pounds each.
Citrus trees, balled, packed in boxes, 40 pounds each, and with naked roots, 3 pounds each.
Palms, packed in boxes, with ball of earth, 2- to 3-ft. plants, 40 pounds, and gradually increasing to 110 pounds each on 5- to 6-ft. plants.
Grape cuttings 14 to 16 inches long, 80 pounds to the thousand cuttings, in either bales or boxes, Eucalyptus, cypress, about 100 to the flat, 50 pounds per flat; hedge plants from 50 to 100 to the box, according to size, 50 pounds per flat.

#### Approximate Packing Charges

Approximate racking charges

It is difficult to give these charges accurately, as they will vary more or less, according to the condition of the trees; however, the figures given are taken from our records of charges for the run of shipments for sizes specified: 6- to 8-ft, trees in bales, \$2.25 per 1,000; 4- to 6-ft, trees, \$1.75 per 1,000; 3- to 4-ft, trees, \$1.50 per 1,000; 4- to 6-ft, trees, \$3 per 1,000; 3- to 4-ft, trees, \$2.50 per 1,000. The trees completely boxed, \$5 per 1,000 vines: in cases, completely boxed, \$2 per 1,000 vines: in cases, completely boxed, \$2 per 1,000 vines.

Deciduous ornamental trees, 6 to 8 ft, and up to 12 to 15 ft, in bales, from 30 to 40 cts, per 100, and completely boxed, 50 cts, to \$1 per 100.

Potted plants in from 3- to 6-inch pots, from 1 to 5 cts, each.

5 ets. each. Citrus trees, balled, packed in boxes, tops protected with burlap,  $7\frac{1}{2}$  ets. per tree (boxes hold from 10 to 12 trees); in cases, completely boxed, 10 ets. per tree; naked roots, packed in moss in boxes, ters burlaped, 1 et. per tree; completely boxed,  $1\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}$ 

builaged, 1 et. per tree; completely boxed, 13 % , per tree. Palms, balled, in boxes, tops burlaped, from 5 to 20 ets, per plant, according to size.

Grape cuttings packed in bales, 20 ets, per 1,000 cuttings, and in cases, completely boxed, 50 ets, per 1,000.

Address all correspondence to

Eucalyptus. cypress and hedge plants, tops

covered with burlap, in flats, 15 cts. per flat.

As has been previously stated, the weights and packing charges given are merely a general average, and these data are supplied for the purpose of plac-ing our customers in position to figure out about what their stock will cost them delivered at destination. We desire to assure our patrons that we only charge for packing to cover the cost of material used.

#### Freight Classification

It may not be generally understood that the method of packing a shipment of trees or plants is the basis on which freight charges are made. Nur-sery stock in bales or boxes completely covered with tule or burlap take the first-class rate, while in cases completely boxed the third-class rate applies. When trees are shipped without packing, the classification requires the payment of the double first-

In carload lots with a minimum of ten tons, class C applies, and this is as a rule from 50 to 75 per cent less than the first-class rate.

For local shipments in California, trees are either packed in bales, wrapped with tule, or in boxes, tops protected with burlap; for the difference between the first and third-class rates is so slight that nothing would be gained by boxing, for the increased cost would more than offset the saving in freight heaven. freight charges.

freight charges.

To distant points in Texas, Mexico, Colorado, and to other states and countries outside of California, when stock is to be a long time in transit, it is packed in paper-lined cases, not only with a view of having the trees carry better, but also because of the saving in freight charges, the difference in classification being in many cases \$1 per 100 pounds. pounds.

We have made a very close study of traffic conditions, and our knowledge is used to secure in all cases the very lowest freight rates for the benefit

of our customers.

No accurate data can be given as to freight charges on orders for export, except that in a general way a shipment by water to Australia or Japan from San Francisco will cost about one-third less than it does from Fresno to San Francisco, a distense of 906 with. ance of 206 miles.

#### Number of Trees or Plants on an Acre

								Square	Equilateral
	Dist	ance						Method	Trian, Method
1	ft. apart	each way	 					.43,560	50,300
2	4.4							.10,890	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	4.6	6.6						4 0 40	
1	4.4	**			•	•	٠	2,722	
ŝ	4.4	4.4			٠		•	1,742	2,011
- 0	4.6	4.6		٠	٠	٠			1,397
- 5	4.6	4.6			٠			. 1,210	
- 7	11	44						. 888	1,025
-8								. 680	785
9	4.4	4.6						. 537	620
10	4.4	4.4						. 435	502
12	4.4	4.6						. 302	348
14	6.6	4.4						. 222	256
15	4.4	4.4		•	٠			. 193	222
16	4.6	4.4		٠	۰		٠	170	196
	1.6	4.6	 ٠		٠				
18	4.4	44		٠				. 134	154
20								. 108	125
25	4.6	4.4						. 69	79
30	4.4	4.4						. 48	55
35	4.4	4.4						35	40
40	4.4	**	 Ì	i				. 27	31

Square Method—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows, and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant or hill; which, divided into the number of feet in an acre (43,560) will give the number of plants or trees to an acre.

Equilateral Triangle Method—Divide the number required to the acre "square method" by the decimal .866. The result will be the number of plants required to the acre by this method.

#### FANCHER CREEK NURSERIES

GEO. C. ROEDING. President and Manager

Fresno, California

1,000

\$160 00

# Fruit Department PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

#### APPLES

Large; yellow, streaked red. Sept. Black. Maroon. December to April.

Prices of Apples-

140 00

10

100

EACH

Winesap. Yellow, streaked red; excellent for cider.
November to February.

Yellow Bellflower. Large, oblong, yellow; a standard in California. October to January.

Yellow Newton Pippin. Large; golden yellow; extensively planted in California. A very promising commercial sort. Jan. to May.

#### CRAB APPLES

EACH 10 \$0 25 \$2 00 20 1 80 I-year, 4 to 6 feet ....\$0 25
I-year, 3 to 4 feet .... 20 \$18 00 16 00

Hyslop. Deep crimson. November to January.

Martha. Glossy yellow, shaded bright red. Bears enormously. One of the best. September.

Red Siberian. Yellow with scarlet cheek. Bears young and abundantly. September.

Transcendent. Fruit very large; yellow striped red. Immensely productive. September.

Yellow Siberian. Beautiful golden yellow. Aug.



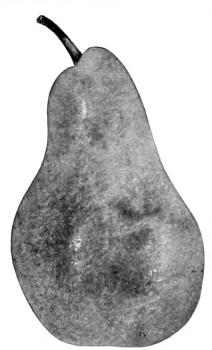
Dwarf Pear Tree

#### PFARS

1 LAKS			
Prices of Pear on Pear—	EACH	10	100
6 to 8 feet		\$4 00	\$30 00
4 to 6 feet		3 00	25 00
3 to 4 feet			20 00
2 to 3 feet	25	2 00	16 00
Prices of Pear on Quince—			
1- and 2-year, 4 to 6 feet	40	3 00	25 00
r-year, 3 to 4 feet	30	2 50	20 00
Except Creeker Bartlett see special price			

Except Crocker Bartlett—see special price

Varieties marked with an asterisk (\*) can be supplied on quince root. Trees budded on this root become decidedly dwarfed, bear earlier, produce large crops of fruit when only a few feet high and are therefore desirable for small gardens.



Crocker Bartlett Pear

#### PEARS, continued

\*Bartlett. Large; golden yellow, red cheek; thrives in all parts of California. August.

\*Beurre Bosc. Cinnamon-russet; one of the most valuable of our autumn Pears. September.

\*Beurre Clairgeau. Large; crimson; good shipper. September

Beurre d' Anjou. Large; russet-yellow shaded

with crimson. September.

Beurre Giffard. Medium; greenish yellow, shaded red. Fine early Pear. July.

\*Beurre Hardy. Large; greenish, covered with light russet. Flesh buttery; good. September.

B. S. Fox. Large; greenish yellow and golden

russet; excellent shipper. September.

Bloodgood. Yellow sprinkled with dots; rich, August.

sugary. August. Clapp's Favorite. lapp's Favorite. Large; pale lemon-yellow, marbled with crimson, flesh fine-grained, with rich vinous flavor. July.

Col. Wilder. Large; yellow, dotted and marbled with russet. November to March.

\*Dana's Hovey (Winter Seckel). Skin greenish-yellow netted with russet. Tree vigorous and a regular and heavy bearer. November.

Doyenne d' Alencon. Rough; yellow, shaded with dull crimson; juicy, sugary and fragrant.

with dun crimson; jurey, sugary and fragrant. November.

\*Doyenne d' Ete. Small; yellow, shaded bright red. One of the earliest. July.

\*Doyenne du Comice. Large; greenish yellow, shaded with crimson. October.

\*Duchesse d' Angouleme. Very large; dull green-

ish yellow. September.

\*Easter Beurre. Large, roundish; fine-grained; most desirable. October to January.

most desirable. October to January.

Flemish Beauty. Large; pale yellow, marbled with light russet. September and October.

Forelle, or Trout Pear. Lemon-yellow, washed with deep rich red. September and October.

\*Glou Morceau. Pale greenish yellow, marked with small green dots; fine shipper. December.

\*Howell. Large; yellow, with minute russet dots. Immensely profife. August.

\*Kiefler's Hybrid. Large; golden yellow.sprinkled thickly with small dots. Resh eligibility comes.

thickly with small dots; flesh slightly coarse, but juicy. Early and very prolific. October.

Lawson, or Comet. Large; brilliant crimson on yellow ground. The most attractive of all early Pears. June.

Pears, June.

Le Conte. Large; smooth and rich creamy yellow; excellent shipper. July.

\*Madeleine. The first early Pear. Pale yellow, dotted with brown. June.

\*P. Barry. Very large; yellow; juicy, fine-grained; excellent keeper. December to March.

Seckel. Richest and most highly flavored variety; brownish green with russet brown, cheek; fleek

brownish green with russet-brown cheek; flesh whitish, buttery. August to September.

\*Winter Bartlett. Large, resembling the early Bartlett; yellow, blush; tender and juicy. One of the finest winter Pears. November.

\*Winter Nelis. Medium; yellowish green, gray-russet dots; flesh yellowish white; excellent ship-December.

CROCKER BARTLETT. (New.) In shape, oblong, acute pyriform, large and of a rich golden yellow; netted and overspread with russet. Skin rather thick but quite tender. The flesh is yellowish, buttery, juicy, subacid to sweet and very rich flavor. The tree is remarkably vigorous and has never been affected by blight. We ous and has never been anected by bight. We have grown this Pear for several years and do not hesitate to give it our heartiest endorsement. On pear, 1 year, 4 to 6 ft. 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10, \$30 per 100.

#### **CHERRIES**

		10	
r-year, extra stocky, 4 to 6 feet	30	\$2 50	\$20 00
r-year, 3 to 4 feet	25	2 00	18 00
I-year, 2 to 3 feet	20	1 80	16 00

#### Except Burbank-see special price

The Hearts or Bigarreaus are the sweet cherries, the trees being strong and vigorous growers. These are designated by the letter "H." The Dukes, or Morellos, which are the sour cherries, by the letter "D." These grow more slowly, the branches are more slender, and of a darker hue; the leaves are thicker, smaller and of a deeper green.

Belle d' Orleans. H. Roundish, heart-shaped; light yellow, flushed with red. May.

Belle Magnifique. D. Large, bright red; flesh

juicy. June.

Bing. H. One of the grandest blacks. Its large size, firmness and delicious flavor have caused it to be in active demand Middle of June

Black Eagle. H. Deep purple; highly flavored.

Black Tartarian. H. An old favorite Deep, purplish black. Late May.

California Advance. H. One of the best very early purples. May.

Centennial. H. Pale yellow, marbled and

entennial. H. Pale yellow, marbled and splashed with crimson; flesh firm, sweet; a good shipper Early June.

Chapman. H. Deep black; very firm; valuable for market. April and May.

Early Purple Guigne. H. One of the best. Purple; tender, juicy, sweet April and May. Early Richmond. D. Medium; dark red; juicy; very productive. Middle of May.

Elton. H. Large; pointed; pale yellow, and bright red; Last of May.

English Morello. D. Large; deep red; tree small and slender. July.

Governor Wood. H. Deep yellow, shaded red popular for canning and the table. Early June.

Great Bigarreau. H. (Monstreuse de Mazel). Very large: black; firm and juicy. Early June. Knight's Early Black. H. Large, black, juicy, rich and excellent. May.

#### CHERRIES, continued

**Lewelling.** H. (Black Republican—Black Oregon.) Large size; black; young and profuse gon.) Large bearer. July.

Lambert. H. As a table and market Cherry it has few equals; its heart shape, large size, deep, rich red color combined with its unequaled fla-vor and firmness have made a place for it as a leader among our list of Cherries. Middle of

May Duke. H. Large; rich dark red;. Late May. Napoleon Bigarreau. H. (Royal Ann). Pale yellow with bright red cheek; flesh firm, sweet; the most popular all-round cherry. Late June. Ostheimer Weichsel. D. Largest size; very dark; flesh tender, juicy. Late June.

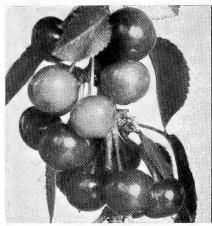
Reine Hortense. D. Very large; glossy red; a good bearer. Early June.

Rockport Bigarreau. H. Small; pale amber.

First week in June.

Schmidt's Bigarreau. H. A black cherry of the largest size; an excellent shipper. First of June. Windsor. H. Large, liver-colored; flesh firm, and of fine quality. Last of June.

Yellow Spanish. H. Large; pale yellow. May. BURBANK. This new variety has been thoroughly tested out by practical cherry growers at Vacaville and its commercial value has been fully established. It ripens a number of days earlier than the early Purple Guigne, and in size, firmness and flavor far surpasses that variety. It averages medium to large in size; skin is deep purplish black; tree is a beautiful grower, vigor-



Burbank Cherries

Burbank, continued ous and erect. We regard this cherry as the best early variety; it has already demonstrated its value as a money maker. 1 year, 4 to 6 feet,

#### **PLUMS**

Prices of Plums, General Collection.	EACH	10	100	1,000
4 to 6 feet				
3 to 4 feet				
2 to 3 feet	. 25	2 00	18 00	150 00
Except special varieties noted				

pple. Deep red, with white marbling; large, firm and of fine flavor. Late July. artlett. Yellow, turning to crimson when ripe; flesh salmon colored, firm and juicy. Last of June

Bavay's Green Gage (Reine Claude de Bavay). Large; greenish yellow; juicy. August. Burbank. Medium; globular; cherry-red, with lilac bloom; flesh yellow; bears very young. Late June

Bradshaw. Large; reddish purple; juicy and pleasant; regular bearer. Late July.

Chalco. Large; cinnabar-red; fine flavor; tremendous grower; very prolific. Early August.

Cherry Plum. Small; lively red, sometimes yellow.

dous grower; very prolific. Early August.
Cherry Plum. Small; lively red, sometimes yellow; light bloom. June.
Climax. Very large; deep, dark red; flesh yellow; delicious flavor. Middle of June.
Clyman. Reddish purple; firm and sweet. Valuable for shipping; very prolific. June.
Coe's Golden Drop. Very large; light yellow; sweet and delicious. Late September.
Columbia. Largest size; nearly globular; brownish purple; rich, sugary and excellent. August.
Duane's Purple. Very large; reddish purple; flesh yellow. Late July
Early Golden Drop. Small, bright yellow; sweet and good. Late July.
Giant. Very large; flesh yellow; flavor good; freestone. Fine market variety. Late August.
Grand Duke. Dark purple; flesh greenish yellow, with rich flavor; fine shipper. Late August.
Green Gage. Medium; round; skin tender; yellowish green. Middle of July.
Ickworth Imperatrice. Deep purple, with golden fawn tracings; flesh greenish yellow. September.
Imperial Gage. Above medium size; pale green; very juicy and rich. Late July.
Jefterson. Large; greenish yellow; one of the best for canning. July to September.
Relsey Japan. Rich yellow, overspread with red; flesh yellow; very firm. July to September.
Peach. Very large; brownish red; flesh pale yellow; valuable for shipping. Early July.
Red Egg (Red Magnum Bonum). Large; pale red; subacid flavor. August to September.

Red Egg (Red Magnum Bonum). Large; pale red; subacid flavor. August to September.

Satsuma (Blood Plum). Large; dark red from skin to pit; firm; juicy. Early July.
Shropshire Damson. Oval; dark blue; very firm;

shropshire Jamson. Oval; dark ofue; very hrm; flesh greenish, juicy and sprightly. Late Sept. Simon Plum (Apricot Plum). Large; cinnabarred; flesh yellow, with pine apple and banana flavor. Early July.

Sultan. Very large; deep purple; flesh dark crimson; firm and sweet. Late July.

Washington. Large; yellow, with crimson blush;

flesh yellow, firm, very sweet. Early August.

Wickson. Heart-shaped; deep cherry-red; flesh amber; very juicy. Early August.

Yellow Egg. Very large; oval; deep golden; juicy, but rather acid. July and August.

#### BURBANK'S LATEST CREATIONS IN PLUMS

The following varieties are the latest creations by Burbank, introduced solely by us. Write for beautifully illustrated booklet depicting the fruits in colors, from life. Price, 25 cts.

FORMOSA. Of all of the Japanese plums intro-ORMOSA. Of all of the Japanese plums introduced in recent years, we do not think that there is a single one which possesses such a combination of good qualities as to bring it prominently to the front as a grand shipping fruit which will unquestionably appeal to the fancy trade. The tree is a very vigorous upright grower with large cherry-like foliage, thus affording ample protection to the fruit, which is of the largest size, heart shaped, and of a light cherry-red color. Flesh pale yellow, usually firm, sweet, rich and delicious, with a delightful flavor. Ripens July. On Peach and Myrobolan, 1 year, 4 to 6 ffeet, 75 cts. each, 86 for 10, 850 per 100.

GAVIOTA. This beautiful plum has qualities which are sure to make it a highly esteemed table and shipping fruit. It ripens two weeks after Formosa; is of a deep reddish purple color; flesh honey-yellow; very fragrant and sweet to the pit, which is so small in comparison with the size of the fruit, that it might almost be called "seedless." On Peach and Myrobolan, 1 year. 4 to 6 feet, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100.



Formosa Plums (see page 7)

PLUMS (Burbank's Latest Creations), continued

PLUMS (Burbank's Latest Creations), continued RUTLAND PLUMCOT. As its name indicates, this new fruit is a cross between a Plum and an Apricot. Mr. Burbank does not consider it a perfect fruit although it does possess points of special interest to fruit growers. As an illustration, it will produce fruits in liberal quantities where apricots fail entirely. The tree grows very much like a weeping willow, its long pendulous branches bend gracefully over. Fruit large, with a deep purple, velvety skin and with a brilliant red flesh with subacid flavor, making it very desirable for cooking, jellies and jams. On Peach and Myrobolan, 1 year, 4 to 6 feet, 75 cts. each, 86 for 10. \$6 for 10.

ANTA ROSA. If there is any one fruit whose characteristics are individualized, they are markedly pronounced in this one Plum. To begin with, it is extremely early, ripening the middle of June; it is very large; of a deep purplish crimson color, with a pale blue bloom; the flesh near the skin is purple shaded with rosy scarlet and pale amber toward the stone, which is quite small. It has a slight acidity next to the skin, merely enough however to relieve the fruit from cloying, which is such an objectionable feature in many Plums. It has a pleasing aroma so pronounced that a single fruit will perfume a large room. Its many qualities may be summed up briefly by stamping it as a good grower, good bearer, fine shipper, good keeper, and in every way a money-maker. On Peach and Myrobolan, 1 year, 4 to 6 feet, 75 cts. each, 86 for 10, 850 per 100. SANTA ROSA. If there is any one fruit whose char-

#### PRUNES

Prices of Prunes on Almond, Myrobolan and Peach.		10	
I-year, 4 to 6 feet			\$25 00
I-year, 3 to 4 feet			20 00
I-year, 2 to 3 feet	25	2 00	15 00
Prices of French Prunes on Peach.	10	100	1,000
4 to 6 ft\$0 30			
3 to 4 ft	2 00	18 00	160 00
Fellenberg (Italian Prune) Target dark number + Imperial Fringues (	Imperial	) Very	large

Fellenberg (Italian Prune). Large; dark purple; flesh greenish yellow; freestone. August.
French (Petite Prune d'Agen). Medium size; purple; sweet and rich; standard for drying.

August.

German (Quetsche). Long; purple, with blue bloom; flesh green, sweet; freestone. August and September.
ungarian. Very large; reddish violet; juicy and

**Hungarian.** Very large; reddish violet; sweet; profitable for shipment. August.

Imperial Epineuse (Imperial). Very large; violet-purple; exceedingly sweet. September. Robe de Sargent. Large; deep purple; flesh rich and sugary. August and September. Silver Prune. Largest size; pale yellow; profitable for bleaching and canning. September. Sugar. Dark purple; flesh yellow, tender and rich; valuable for shipping green. Early August. Tragedy. Dark purple; flesh yellowish green; very rich and sweet. Early July.

#### APRICOTS

Prices of Apricots on Apricot, Myrobolan and Peach.			100	
1-year, 4 to 6 feet				
I-year, 3 to 4 feet				
I-year, 2 to 3 feet	. 25	2 00	18 00	140 00

Black Apricot. Dull, reddish purple, covered with

Black Apricot. Dull, reddish purple, covered with slight down; juicy, with pleasant flavor. June. Blenheim (Shipley). Above medium; deep yellow; juicy and rich flesh. Middle of June. Hemskirke (Alameda Hemskirke). Large; flesh bright orange; tender; plum-like flavor. June. Large Early Montgamet. Large; deep golden yellow. Tree somewhat drooping. Early June. Moorpark. Very large; red on the sunny side; flesh bright orange. Late June. Newcastle Early. Medium; fine quality; good shipper and very valuable. First of June. Pringle. Small; clingstone; good quality; very early. Middle of May.

Royal. Medium; flesh pale orange, with rich, vinous flavor. Early June.

Routier's Peach (Peach, Bergetti's French).
Yellow; flesh yellow, juicy. June 15.

Smyrna. Introduced by our Mr Geo. C. Roeding in 1901, from Smyrna. Large; flesh bright orange-yellow; freestone. Kernel is sweet, having all the propreties of an almond. Middle of June.

St. Ambroise. A large, early Apricot, good for drying or canning. Middle of June.

Spark's Mammoth. Extra large; pale lemonyellow; tender, juicy and sweet. Last of June.

Tilton. Orange-yellow, with pronounced flavor; valuable for canning and shipping. June.

QUINCES Prices on Quince Stock. EACH 10 100 I-year, 4 to 6 feet ..... .....\$0 30 \$2 50 ..... 25 2 00 \$20 00 18 00 I-year, 3 to 4 feet .....

Apple, or Orange. Large; fine golden color; valuable for preserves or flavoring. September. Champion. Very large; lively yellow; cooks very tender. Late September. Rea's Mammoth. Large, bright yellow; a strong grower, and very productive. October.

#### New Quinces

Prices on Quince Stock. 1-year, 4 to 6 feet, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10, \$30 per 100

Pineapple. Originated by Luther Burbank. Flavor is suggestive of the pineapple. Makes a superior jelly, can be eaten raw and will cook as tender in five minutes as the best cooking apple.

Smyrna. Introduced by us from Smyrna. Very large, and of a lively lemon-yellow; when cooked it is

wrna. Introduced by us from Smyrna. Very large, and of a lively lemon-yellow; when cooked it is very tender, with a pronounced taste and odor. October.



THIS late introduction in the prune line is a cross between Tragedy and Sugar Prunes. It has been tried in a commercial way now, for several years, and its possibilities as a high-grade prune have been established beyond a question of a doubt.

BURBANK writes of it as follows:

"The trees are enormous and never-failing bearers, and strong, healthy growers. Well-grown fruits measure four and a half inches around one way by nearly six inches the long way. Skin dark reddish purple, with a heavy blue bloom; flesh honey yellow, fine grained, juicy, yet firmer than most other drying prunes. Is very sweet and a perfect freestone.

"This is without doubt the best combination drying and shipping prune ever grown. The final test as to the value of this prune, is that, when dipped, the result is a quickly dried prune which is larger than any heretofore grown."

Prof. E. J. Wickson, Dean and Director College of Agriculture, University of California, makes the following report about this prune:

Examination of Tragedy x Sugar Prune (The "Standard"), sample sent by Luther Burbank, Santa Rosa, Cal.—Freestone. Pit small 5%"x 5%". Flesh yellowish, melting, fine grained, very uicy and sweet. Skin dark blue, sub-color dark red, medium texture.

ANALYSIS "DRIED FRUIT"	"The Standard"	Average French Prune
Average weight in grams	 49.7	23.6
Number per pound		19.1
Flesh, per cent	 . 9.1 96.5	94.2
Pit, per cent	 3.5	5.08
Sugar, per cent		18.5
	(Signed) G. E.	Colby, Prof. Chemistry

We are authorized by the introducer to quote yearling trees at \$5 each, and grafting wood at \$2 per foot.

### New Strawberry, "Patagonia

HIS magnificent strawberry, offered for sale for the first time this season, is sure to be in great demand in all strawberry sections. It is not necessary to dwell on its possibilities further than to say that it possesses all the good qualities of the most delicate of all berries in California, the Longworth's Prolific, with many additional points in its favor; the vines are much stronger growers, the foliage is larger and stands more upright, and the berries have a delicacy of flavor and aroma combined with a firmness which is sure to make them popular, both for home consumption and marketing.

BURBANK writes of it as follows:

"The berries grow on stiff branching stalks, which, while generally holding the berries free from the ground, yet do not expose them to the hot sun, so that in warm, dry weather the berries keep here in best condition a week or more on the vines. The berries are uniformly large, single berries sometimes weighing an ounce each at the beginning of the season, decreasing somewhat in size during the heat of midsummer, but are even larger in fall if the runners have been removed; fine scarlet color, with a handsome pale yellow The seeds are so very small as to be almost imperceptible.

"The berry, though firm and a remarkably good keeper, is of most exquisite quality, melting in the mouth with a sweet pineapple, strawberry and creamlike flavor, and can be freely eaten by those who cannot eat the common acid

strawberries now grown.'

Price, \$1 for 10, \$5 per 100

#### PEACHES

		, except special varieties noted	EACH IO IOO									
ı-year,	2 to 3 feet		20 1 50 10 00									
Varieties marked	l with an asterisk (*	can be supplied on Almond root. All	varieties not designated									
as clingstones are free												

Admiral Dewey. Large and handsome; flesh yellow; fine texture. Middle of June.

as clingstor

Admiral Dewey. Large and handsome; flesh yellow; fine texture. Middle of June.

Alexander. Large; greenish white, shaded deep maroon; juicy and sweet. Early June.

Australian Saucer. Medium; flat; white shaded crimson; flesh white, sweet. July.

Bilyeu's Late. Large; white with blush cheek; flesh white; excellent shipper. October.

Blood Cling. Medium; clouded purplish red; flesh deep red; esteemed for preserving. July.

Brigg's Red May. Greenish white, with red cheek; flesh white. Middle of June.

Crosby. Orange-yellow, splashed with carmine; valuable for shipping. Late August.

Early Imperial. Deep yellow, with dark red cheek; flesh juley and firm. Lat of June.

Early Crawford. Very large; skin yellow, red cheek; flesh juley and firm. Lat to June.

Early Crawford. Very large; skin yellow, red cheek; flesh yellow. Middle of July.

\*Elberta. Very showy and one of the best market varieties. Last of July.

George's Late Cling. Large; yellowish white, splashed with red; flesh firm. September.

Hale's Early. Large; skin greenish, mottled with red; flesh white, juicy and sweet. Early July.

Heath Cling. Very large; creamy white, with faint blush; flesh white. September.

Late Crawford. Very large, yellow with red cheek; flavor rich and excellent. Early August.

Levy's Late or Henrietta Cling. Deep yellow, shaded brownish red. Middle of September.

Lovell. Leads all other clear yellow freestones; medium to large. First week in August.

McDevitt's Cling. Creamy white, with delicate blush; flesh firm, rich and sugary; as a canning Peach it has no superior. Late August.

McMevitt's Cling. Creamy white, with delicate blush; flesh firm, rich and sugary; as a canning Peach it has no superior. Late August.

Morris White. Large; greenish white, flesh firm, sweet and juicy. First of August.

\*Muir. Very large; flesh clear yellow, very rich and sweet. Last of July.

Persian Cling. Very large; clear, white skin; flesh white, firm and sweet. Middle of August.

Sims Cling Peach

\*Phillip's Cling. Large; yellow; flesh firm, clear yellow. Preferred by canners. Early September. Picquet's Late. Large; skin yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow. Early in September. Ringold Mammoth Cling. Very large; lemon-

yellow; sugary and delicious. September.
Runyon's Orange Cling. Very large; yellow
with a dark crimson cheek. Early August.

\*Salway. Large; flesh deep yellow, rich and sweet.
Middle of September.

\*Salway. Large; flesh deep yellow, rich and sweet. Middle of September.

Sellers' Orange Cling. Very large; rich golden; standard among canners. Middle of August.

Sneed. Large, creamy white, with blush cheek; tender, juicy; valuable for shipping. May.

Strawberry. Medium; white, marbled dark red; flesh white, juicy, with rich flavor. Early July.

Susquehanna. Large; yellow, nearly covered with red; flesh yellow, sweet, juicy. August.

Triumph. Large, with small pit; yellow, covered with dark crimson in the sun; flesh bright yellow, juicy and sweet. Middle of June.

\*Tuscan Cling (Tuskena, Yellow Tuscan). Very large; yellow. Middle of July.

Van Buren Dwarf. Tree very dwarf and ornamental; fruit medium, yellow shaded red; flesh of fine quality. Middle of August.

Ward's Late Free. Large; white, with crimson cheek; flesh white, juicy, rich. Early October.

Wheatland. Very large; yellow, shaded red; flesh yellow, firm, melting, juicy. August.

Yellow St. John. Favorite southern sort; medium; yellow with red cheeks. Late June.

#### New Peaches

rices on Peach Stock. EACH IO 100
1-year, 4 to 6 feet .... \$0 40 \$3 00 \$25 00
1-year, 3 to 4 feet .... 30 2 50 20 00 Prices on Peach Stock.

LEVIS CLING. Deep, golden yellow, with flesh clear yellow to the pit; firm, with a fine grain and of excellent flavor.

OPULENT. Originated by Luther Burbank. Hybrid between the Muir Peach and New White Nectarine. Medium to large, almost globular; creamy white, with crimson dots and blush; flesh firm, very juicy. Early July.

SIMS CLING. Large to very large; golden yellow, with faint blush; flesh deep yellow, of fine texture, firm and rich; pit small. We regard it as the very best clingstone for canning and recommend extensive planting.

#### Peaches of Recent Introduction

Prices on Peach Stock, I-year, 4 to 6 feet, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10, \$30 per 100

CONNET'S SOUTHERN EARLY. Originated by Albert Connet, McLeansville, N. C. Creamy white, with bright red blush; large, and of fine flavor; the tree is a vigorous grower. Last of May.

GRENSBORO. Originated by J. A. Young, Greensboro, N. C. Among the earliest and largest. Creamy white, with dainty blush; a wonderfully vigorous grower and two weeks earlier than Connet's above.

OKLAHOMA BEAUTY. Extremely large; nearly round, with high color. Among the finest in quality. Specimens measuring eight inches in circumference are not uncommon. May.

quality. Specimens measuring eight inches in circumference are not uncommon. May.

OKLAHOMA QUEEN. Claimed by the introducer to be the "Queen of Peaches." Much larger than Greensboro. In size, color and quality one of the finest early Peaches grown. Wonderfully productive and a fine shipper. Middle of May. of May.

NECTARINES 10 EACH Prices on Peach Stocks. I-year, 4 to 6 feet I-year, 3 to 4 feet

Advance. Large: green, blotched with red; flesh greenish white. Early July.

Boston. Large: bright yellow, with deep red cheek; flesh yellow, particularly rich and luscious. Late July.

Humboldt. Very large; bright orange-yellow, streaked with dark crimson; flesh orange. Aug. Stanwick. Very large; skin pale, shaded rich violet; flesh white, tender, juicy. August.

#### **NUT TREES**

#### Almonds

Prices on Almond and Peach Stocks.

I-yr., 4 to 6 ft. . . . \$0 30 \$2 50 \$20 00 \$180 00 1-yr., 3 to 4 ft. . . . \$25 2 00 18 00 160 00 1-yr., 2 to 3 ft. . . . 20 1 80 16 00 140 00

T-yr., 2 to 3 it. . . . . 20 1 so 10 to 14 or 14 or 15 or 16 or 14 or 16 or 16 or 14 or 16 or 16

in California; large and sweet.

La Prima. Large, but not borne in clusters. The nuts are evenly distributed throughout the tree.

Ne Plus Ultra. Large and very long; soft shell;

hulls free.

Nonpareil. First called Extra. Weeping habit and forms a beautiful tree. One of the best.

Peerless. Preferred by some to I. X. L., which it resembles, but the nut is larger.

Texas Prolific. Closely resembling Drake's Seedling. Kernel very plump and of medium size, shell soft, hulls very easily. Never fails to produce a good crop.

#### NEW ALMOND

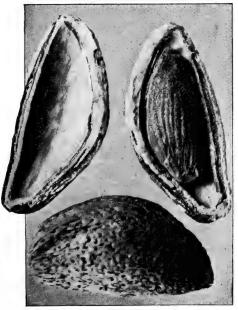
The Jordan. The famous Spanish variety so long sought after by nut-growers. Nuts are long, with hard shells; the kernels are superior in flavor; long and plump and filling the entire cavity. A strong thrifty grower and heavy bearer, and will probably do much to give Almond-growing in California a strong impetus. Prices on Almond and Peach Stocks. 1-year, 4 to 6 feet, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10, \$25 per 100.

#### Butternut

The rough-coated nut, with a peculiar but most attractive flavor, so well known in the middle West. 3 to 4 feet, 75 cts. each.

#### Chestnut Seedlings

	EACH	10	100
10 to 12 feet			
8 to 10 feet	. 75		
6 to 8 feet	. 60	5 00	40 00



Jordan Almond



American Sweet Chestnut

#### CHESTNUT SEEDLINGS, continued

American Sweet. The well-known native tree of the eastern states; nuts small but sweet; very desirable in the coast counties.

Italian, or Spanish. Introduced from southern Europe. Very ornamental; medium-sized nuts.

#### GRAFTED VARIETIES

										$\mathbf{E}A$	CH	10	)	100	
													50	\$100	00
8	to	10	feet		,					I	25	10	00	8o	00
6	to	8	feet		,					1	00	8	00	60	00

The grafted varieties come into bearing when four years old and produce nuts of superior quality. The trees have more distinctive character. For fruit and ornamental purposes, they have few equals.

Japanese Mammoth. Tree of compact habit. Nuts very large, being over an inch wide and weighing one and one-half ounces each.

Marron Combale. French; nut large, sweet and highly flavored; glossy foliage.

Marron de Lyon. Similar to the preceding, but the nuts are served to large.

Narron de Joh. Similar to the preceding, out the nuts are somewhat larger.

Numbo. Nuts large, handsome, and as fine flavored as any large chestnut.

Paragon. Tree hardy and productive; nut large, sweet and of good quality.

Ridgely. The hardiest of the large chestnuts and of exceptionally good quality.

#### Filbert

Filberts are particularly well adapted to the coast counties and the lower mountainous and foothill regions. The nuts have a sweet, delicious flavor and are in great demand.

European White. Should be trained as a bush rather than a tree. Nut large, oblong; kernel sweet and highly flavored. 2 to 3 feet, 75c. each.

#### Shagbark Hickory

Very striking trees with straight tall trunks and lustrous foliage. The nuts have a peculiar rich flavor. Should be planted only in localities influenced by the coast breezes. 2 to 3 feet, 75 cts.

#### Pecan Seedlings

										E	ACH		10	100	)
8	to	10	feet							. \$0	75	\$6	00	\$50	00
														40	
			feet											30	

#### Pecans, Grafted

3 to 4 feet, \$1.50 each, \$12 for 10

Too much can not be said in praise of the improved types of Pecans. The Paper-shell types, which we are offering for sale, are so far superior to the common Pecans that they can not be considered in the same category. The Pecan thrives and pro-



Stuart Pecan

#### PECANS, GRAFTED, continued

duces fine crops of nuts in all localities throughout California except in the immediate vicinity of the

coast, where on account of the fog and cool breezes they would be rather late in maturing.

The Paper-shell Pecans sell at from 40 to 50 cts, per pound, and no doubt, for many years to come, even at these prices the demand will far exceed the supply; as it has always done.

Frotscher. One of the best; nuts cylindrical; shell

thin, parting easily from the kernel.

Pabst. Nut cylindrical; soft-shell; kernel particularly well filled.

Rarly Well filled.

Russell. Vigorous and productive. Nut oval, pointed, very large; shell very thin.

Stuart. A standard for commercial orchards; large; good shape and of fine appearance; always well filled, meat of good flavor.

Success. One of the largest and best; shell very think learned plumper.

thin; kernel plump.

Van Deman. Large and oblong in shape; shell thin; kernels plump; good quality.

#### Pistachio Nut Seedlings

and Vera.

#### Walnut Seedlings

											EACH			10	100	)
8	ťο	10	feet								. \$0	50	\$4	00	\$35	00
6	to	8	feet									40	3	00	25	00
4	to	6	feet									30	2	50	20	00
A	American Black. Moderate grower, starting late															

in the spring. Nut is very hard, with corrugated

California Black. Rapid growing and desirable as a stock; adapts itself to all conditions. Medium size with hard, smooth shell.

#### Soft Shell, Grown from Selected Seed

				EA	CH	I	0	10	0	0,1	00
6	to	8	feet	<b>\$</b> 0	40	\$3	00	\$20	00	\$180	00
4	to	6	feet.		30	2	50	18	00	150	00
3	to	4	feet.		25	2	00	15	00	125	00
OT	d's	. 1	Impr	oved.	Nuts	sn	noot	h: mo	der	ately t	hin

Ford's Improved. Nuts smooth; moderately thin shell; kernel very white, full and plump.

Placentia Perfection. A chance seedling, now generally recognized as a leader in southern California.

Santa Barbara Soft Shell. Large; thin shell; kernels white, full and sweet.



Frotscher Pecan

#### Grafted on California and Eastern Black

EACH TO I-year, 6 to 8 feet .... \$1 75 \$15 00 \$125 00 1-year, 4 to 6 feet .... 1 50 12 50 100 00 A'bijou (Large-fruited). Immense in size; the

quality of the kernel is excellent.

Chaberte. Good size; kernel extra fine flavor: a good bearer; one of the best.

Cut-leaved. A most graceful ornamental tree; particularly adapted to gardens and lawns; foli-age deeply cut and laciniated; nut large, round, smooth shell; kernel sweet and well filled.

Mayette Rouge. Identical with the Mayette. except that the nut is reddish.

Parisienne. Large; excellent; starts late. The nut is large and of fine shape.

is large and of fine shape.

Placentia Perfection. In selecting scions for grafting, we exercise care to take them from pedigreed trees.

Praeparturien. Flowers late and bears young and regularly; not affected by frosts.

Vourey. Small and round, with thin shell and larged exceedingly greet and pattern.

kernel exceedingly sweet and nutty.



Cut-leaved Walnut

#### **NEW WALNUTS**

Grafted on California and Eastern Black.

											E.A.	LH.		U	100	
8	to	10	feet								<b>\$</b> 2	50	\$20	00		
6	to	8	feet								2	00	16	00	\$140	00
4	to	6	feet								I	60	14	00	120	00
Fre		***	tto	$\cap$	:		Lo	-	_	_	1	000	atod .	Love	and w	0.177

Franquette. Quite large, elongated oval and very attractive in form: kernel full, sweet and of a rich nutty flavor. Our scions were taken from the famous Vrooman Orchard, Santa Rosa.

Mayette. The famous nut imported under the trade name, Grenoble; form broad: size above medium, and unequaled as a dessert nut; an abundant bearer, starts very late in the spring.

#### **IAPANESE VARIETIES**

4 to 6 feet, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10

Heart-Shaped (Juglans cordiformis). A rapid grower; the kernels are heart-shaped and sweet. Japanese (J. Sicholdiana). Produced in clusters; shell smooth; kernel very sweet.

#### Santa Rosa Walnut

The original tree has been in bearing for several tears in Burbank's Sebastopol farm. Has never years in Burbank's Sebastopol farm. Has never failed to produce a heavy crop. Thin-shelled, smooth, well filled. Has never been affected by blight and one of the most valuable of the new varieties

											$\mathbf{E}A$	CH	I	0	100	
6	to	8	feet				 				\$2	50	\$20	00	\$175	00
4	to	6	feet						٠		2	00	17	50	150	00

#### WALNUT TREES FOR TIMBER

														$\mathbf{E}$	CH	10	)
8	to	10	feet											\$2	50	\$20	00
6	to	8	feet											2	00	15	00
4	to	6	feet											1	50	12	50

Burbank's latest creations in rapid-growing timber trees. For complete description of these trees, as well as for many other new and popular fruits, write for illustrated booklet in colors, entitled "New Products of the Trees." Price 25 cts.

"New Products of the Trees." Price 25 cts.

Paradox. Grafted on California Black. It grows fully a third faster than the California Black, is very hardy and free from pests. Produces timber light in color and with fine, compact grain. In cold climates winter protection should be given the trees for two or three years. We can furnish no seedlings of this variety.

Royal. Grafted on California Black. A stately, symmetrical tree, with all the good qualities of the California Black, exceeding it by far in its rapidity of growth. The wood is exceedingly hard, close-grained and takes a silky polish, more nearly resembling the tropical mahogany. The scions for our grafted trees are taken from the original Royal tree.

The scions for our gratted trees are taken from the original Royal tree.

Royal Seedling. 3 to 4 feet, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100. Purchasers of seedlings must bear in mind that they may not equal the parent tree in rapidity of growth.

Royal Nuts. No orders accepted for less than ten.
\$1.50 for 10, \$12 per 100.

### **NEW FIGS**

#### Smyrna Class

										EΑ	CH	1	0	100	)
4	to	6	feet							<b>\$</b> 0	40	\$3	00	\$25	00
3	to	4	feet								30	2	50	20	00
2	to	3	feet								25	2	00	18	00

For detailed description of varieties; relation of the Smyrna to the Capri Fig; cultural directions; method of harvesting and drying; we refer our patrons to "California Horticulture." Purchasers should bear in mind that Smyrna Figs can not be grown without Capri Figs.

alimyrna. Large to very large; lemon-yellow; pulp reddish amber, sometimes pale turning dark, Calimyrna. pulp reddish amber, sometimes pale turning dark, just before falling; seeds large, yellow, fertile overspread with a clear, white syrup, giving the fruit a richness and meatiness unsurpassed by any other Fig. Dries readily, dropping to the ground of its own accord. This is the world-famous Fig of commerce. August to October.

Bardajie. Very large; neck long; skin very thin, grayish green; orfice deep red; pulp rich, deep crimson. August and September.

Black, or Purple Smyrna. Small, globular; skin thin; pulp dark amber. August 15 to Sep 15.

Black, or Purple Bulletin Smyrna. Very large; light purple, streaked with gray; pulp reddish

light purple, streaked with gray; pulp reddish pink; rich and luscious. Late August. heker Injir. Roundish, oblate; pulp reddish Cheker Injir. Roundish, oblate; pulp reddish pink; skin greenish yellow. Dries well. Late

August.

Kassaba. Large; almost globular; skin pale green pulp reddish pink; makes a superb dried Fig. September.

#### Wild, or Capri Class

The Smyrna Figs cannot be grown without Capri Figs. The Capri Figs serve as a home for the minute insect, Blas'ophaga grossorum, the only insect which can carry the pollen from the Capri Figs to the female flowers of the Smyrna types.

				CH	I		IOC	
4 to 6 feet								
3 to 4 feet				30	2	50	20	00
Roeding's Capri No.								nce
of all crops necessary	fo	г	the	Blas	top	haga	ì.	

Wild, or Capri Class, continued

Roeding's Capri No. 2. Produces an abundance of the Profichi crop.
Roeding's Capri No. 3. Figs of the Profichi crop,

quite large and early.

Capri Magnissalis. By far the largest, and abundantly supplied with insect galls. Our stock of trees is limited.

#### Adriatic Class

This class of Figs does not require pollination to mature its fruits. They will adapt themselves to a wider range of localities than the Smyrna types.

												EA	$_{\rm CH}$	1	0	10	Э .
4	to	6	feet									\$0	40	\$3	00	\$25	00
													30			20	
2	to	3	feet					٠					25	2	00	18	00
-				4						4							

Agen. Medium; roundish; green with brownish tinge; flesh dark red. September.

Angelique. Medium; pyriform; skin whitish

Angelique. Medium; pyriform; skin whitish yellow; pulp red. August.

Bellona. A fine French Fig; fruit large; dark purple; flesh red. Late August.

Bourjassote Panache. The most ornamental of all Fig trees; pulp sweet. Early August.

Brown Ischia. Small, brown; especially valuable as a shade tree. Middle of August.

Brown Turkey. Violet-brown; the earliest large Fig. Late June and early August.

Cargigna. Fruit medium; light yellow; flesh deep red. June and August.

Cernica. Fruit medium; skin deep purple; flesh deep carnation-red. September and October.

Grise. Medium; skin light blue, thin; pulp rosecolor; sweet and delicious. Early August.

Mission (California Black). Stands in the lead of all black Figs for shipping and drying. Late

of all black Figs for shipping and drying. Late June and August.

June and August
Moissonne. A medium-sized Fig; turbinate; dark
purple; pulp coarse, but sweet. August.
Rose Blanche. Medium; deep purple; pulp deep
red; valuable for drying. Early August.
San Pedro Black. Very large; violet-black; pulp
red. Fark in August

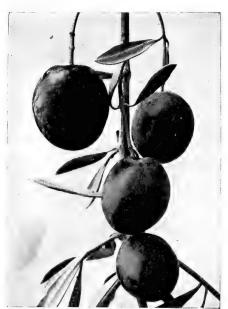
San Pedro Black. Very large; violet-diack; puip red. Early in August.

San Pedro White (Fico de San Pietro). "Apple Fig." Excellent flavor; skin golden yellow; very palatable. Middle of June.

Verdal Longue (Sultana, Verdal Honde). Very rich, sweet and aromatic. September and Oct. White Adriatic. Fruit large; greenish yellow; pulp carnation-red. Second week in August.

White Celeste. Small; amber color; fine for preserves and crystallizing. Early August.

serves and crystallizing. Early August.



Manzanillo Olives (see page 14)



Satsuma Oranges

#### Adriatic Figs, continued

White Endich. Medium sized; white skin thin; pulp white. One of the best for canning and pulp white. One of the best pickling. First week in August.

Zimitzia. Large: skin greenish yellow: pulp deep red, sweet and delicious. August.

#### **OLIVES**

	EACH	10	100
8 to 10 feet	 \$1 25	\$10 00	\$80 00
6 to 8 feet	 . 1 00	7 50	60 00
4 to 6 feet	 . 75		50 00
3 to 4 feet	 60	5 00	40 00

For information on Olives, refer to "California Horticulture.

Ascolano. Large; early; among the best of the pickling varieties. First of November.

Atroviolacea. Medium size; deep jet-black; a good oil olive. Late October.

Corregiola. Small; high grade of oil. November. Cucco. Large; valuable for pickling. Late October. Lucques. Crescent-shape; good for oil and pickling. Middle of October.

Manzanillo. One of the standards for green and ripe pickles. Produces oil of a very high grade. First week in October.

Manzanillo No. 2. Valuable for green pickles; rich in oil. Middle of November.

Mission. Medium to large; excellent pickles; as well as a superior oil. Late October.

as well as a superior oil. Late October.

Nevadillo Blanco. Medium; deep black; rapid grower; rich in oil and makes a pickle of superior flavor. Late September.

Obliza. Large; borne in clusters on the stems. Excellent for pickles. Middle of October.

Pendulina. Grows in clusters and produces a high grade of oil. Last of November.

Picholin de "St. Chamas." French; oblong and reddish black when ripe. Middle of October.

Razzo. Oval; medium; yields the finest grade of oil. Last of November. Rubra. Yields oil of highest grade. Early Nov.

Sevillano. The largest of all. The "Queen Olive" of commerce. Early October.

Uvaria. Valuable for oil. Medium size, and borne in clusters. Middle of October.

#### CITRUS FRUITS

For explicit instructions on the subject of Citrus Fruits, we refer our patrons to "California Horticulture"

#### ORANGE SEEDLINGS

1 000 100 Sour seedlings, 6 to 12 in. high. \$5 00 \$40 00 Sweet seedlings, 6 to 12 in. high. 3 00 25 00 25 00

#### ORANGES

One- and two-year buds, very stocky and with fine, well-formed heads, § to § of an inch in diameter, \$1.50 each, \$12.50 for 10, \$110 per 100.
One-year buds, § to § of an inch in diameter, \$1.40 each, \$12 for 10, \$100 per 100.
One-year buds, § to § of an inch in diameter, \$1.20 each, \$10 for 10, \$90 per 100.

Joppa. Fruit large; red; nearly seedless; pulp very fine, sweet and juicy. April to July.

King. Very large; rough; orange-red; pulp juicy, meaty. June to August.

**Kumquat.** About the size of a large gooseberry; rind sweet; juice acid, delicious and refreshing. Tree dwarf and desirable for pot and garden cul-

ture. May to July.

Mediterranean Sweet. Large; pulp solid and few seeds; ripens late. February.

Ruby Blood. Medium; very smooth; pulp rich, juicy and melting. January to April.

Satsuma (Unshiu, Oonshiu). Deep yellow; flesh very tender, juicy; entirely seedless. October to December.

St. Michael. Small; round; firm; thin sain, purjuicy and very sweet. February.

Golden Nugget Navel (New). Oblong; good size; deliciously sweet; seedless. November to March.

Navelenica (New). Ripens sixty days after Washington; equal to the very best. April to June.

Tangerine (Dancy's). Medium size; very sweet; rind thin and separating readily. March.

rind thin and separating readily. March.

Thomson's Improved Navel. Medium very smooth and thin; pulp juicy. November to January.

Valencia Late. Large; reaching the market when all other varieties are gone.

all other varieties are gone.

Washington Navel. In California it has reached
its highest stage of perfection, and stands in
the lead of all other varieties for its large size,
lusciousness and sweetness of pulp. November to March.

willow-leaved Mandarin. Skin thin; flesh dark orange-yellow, spicy and aromatic. December to February. Tree handsome. 1-year buds, ½ to ½ of an inch in diameter, \$2 each, \$15 for 10.

#### LEMONS

One- and two-year buds § to \$ of an inch in diameter, \$1.60 each, \$14 for 10, \$125 per 100.
One-year buds ½ to \$ of an inch in diameter, \$1.40 each, \$12 for 10, \$110 per 100.

One-year buds,  $\frac{3}{6}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  of an inch in diameter, \$1.20 each, \$11 for 10, \$100 per 100.

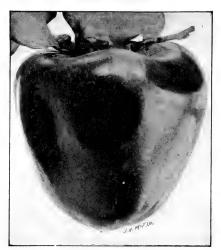
Eureka. Medium size; sweet; smooth, glossy; abundant acid and very little rag.

Lisbon. Medium size; sweet rind and very strong acid; few seeds; a prolific bearer.

Villa Franca. Oblong; rind thin, without any trace of bitterness; pulp acid, juicy, nearly seedless.



Kumquats



Hachiya Persimmon

#### **POMELOS**

On Sweet and Citrus Trifoliata roots

One- and two-year buds § to ¼ of an inch in diameter, \$1.50 each, \$13 for 10, \$120 per 100. One- and two-year buds, ½ to § of an inch in diameter, \$1.30 each, \$12 for 10, \$110 per 100.

Marsh's Seedless. Medium; skin very smooth, glossy, lemon-yellow color; pulp juicy, with very little rag.

**Triumph.** Medium size: peel smooth, clear, thin, and fine grained; very heavy.

#### LIMES

Two-year buds,  $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{5}{8}$  of an inch in diameter, \$1.40 each, \$12 for 10.

Bearss Seedless. Very large; seedless; very juicy, with pronounced acidity.

**Mexican.** Largely used in California for hedges; fruit large and excellent.

**Tahiti.** Strong grower; fruit very large, but coarse and of inferior quality.

#### Citron of Commerce

Large, weighing from three to five pounds; shaped like a lemon; skin bright yellow, smooth and very glossy. The tree is of a dwarf habit, with large glossy leaves and very ernamental. Two-year buds,  $\frac{1}{8}$  of an inch and up in diameter, \$1.40 each, \$12 for 10.

#### POMEGRANATES

		100
4 to 6 feet	So 60 \$5	00 \$40 00
3 to 4 feet	50 4	00 30 00
2 to 3 feet	40 3	50 25 00

Paper-Shell. Very large; skin thin; pale yellow, with crimson cheek.

**Sweet-Fruited.** Fruit large, with sweet, juicy pulp; ripens in September.

Wonderful. The largest and most attractive of all. Very valuable for shipment. October.

#### PERSIMMONS

Home-grown E	ACH	10	100
6 to 8 feet	0 50	\$4 00	\$30 00
4 to 6 feet	40	3 00	25 00
Imported—			
3 to 4 feet	3.0	2 50	20 00

For special information on Persimmons consult "California Horticulture."

Varieties marked with an asterisk (\*) can be supplied in home-grown and imported stocks.

\*American. Fruit small, cannot be eaten except when frosted.

\*Dai-Dai-Maru. Very large; light yellow; flesh delicious, firm, juicy.

\*Hachiya. Very large; conical; bright red with dark blotches; flesh deep yellow, soft and jellylike when ripe. September.

\*Hyakume. Very large; orange-yellow: few seeds; juicy and not astringent. October.

Italian. Fine tree; medium; delicious. November.

\*Tane-Nashi. Very large; bright red; flesh yellow; seedless. September.

**Tsuro-No-Ko.** Medium; bright orange-red; very sweet and juicy. November.

Twenty Century. Recent introduction; elegant, flat, large fruit, sweet and juicy.

\*Yemon. Large; dull red; flesh deep yellow; seedless; one of the best. November.

#### BANANA

Leaves often 2 feet wide and 8 feet long make it a fine plant for decorative purposes.

In 7-inch pot, 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 each

Cavendishii. Dwarf in habit; fruit yellow; small; in immense bunches.

Orientum, or Hart's Choice. Clear yellow, with unsurpassed fruity flavor.

Sapientum, or Orinoco. Rapid and robust; large dark green leaves; fruit large.

#### Carob Tree (Ceretonia siliqua)

The saccharine seed-pods are of value as food for horses, cattle and hogs. A fine tree for dry situations. Balled, 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10; 2 to 3 ft., \$1 each, \$7.50 for 10. In pots,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 ft., 50 cts. each \$4 for 10.

#### Elaeagnus longipes

Bears an abundance of oval-shaped fruits of deep orange-red, which make an excellent jelly. 4 to 6 ft., 75 cts. each.



Carob Tree



Advance Loquat

#### LOOUAT

LUQUAT	
SEEDLINGS-	EACH
Balled, 6 to 8 feet	i 50
" 4 to 6 feet	I 25
" 3 to 4 feet	I 00
Pot-grown, 2 to 3 feet	75
(NEW)—Budded, 2 to 3 feet	2 00
A beautiful evergreen shrub or tree atta	initu

a height of 15 to 30 feet, bearing pear-shaped fruits of a pleasant acidulous flavor and of lemon-yellow

#### Loquat, continued

Advance. Very large; deep lemon-yellow; flesh firm, juicy and sweet.

Premier. Large; lemon-yellow; flesh melting,

juicy and sweet.

Victor. Golden yellow fruit, slightly vinous but quite sweet; fine for preserves and jellies.

#### Cherimoyer (Anona cherimolia) Custard Apple

Produces fruits in great abundance; the flesh of which has the consistency of ice-cream, with a custard flavoring. 4-inch pots, 50 cts. each.

#### GUAVAS

Grows to be quite a large shrub, fruit pear-shaped yellowish; valued for jellies and preserves.

Pot-grown, 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10.

Strawberry Guava. Shrub or small tree, producing fruit of a fine deep claret color, with a strawberry-like flavor; popular for jellies, jams and

Yellow Strawberry Guava. Large yellow fruit, with a better taste than the dark-fruited form.

#### Hovenia dulcis

A small, round-headed tree, with handsome shining foliage; small greenish flowers and succeeded by small, sweet, aromatic fruits with reddish flesh. 5-inch pots, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50 each.

#### Jujube (Chinese Date Plum)

Beautiful ornamental tree, with bright glossy green, locust-like foliage. The pulp of the fruit is of a gingerbread color, having a pleasant, agreeable flavor. Ripens in October. 4 to 6 ft., \$1 each.

#### **GRAPES**

Our stock of vines on their own roots, Phylloxera-Resistant roots and grafted on Phylloxera-Resistant roots, is very complete. Our vines are grown on new land causing them to have a fine, vigorous root-system.

Our Book, California Horticulture gives very complete descriptions of our Grapes, with information on laying out a vineyard; distances to plant; how to plant, and brief instructions how to prune, all of which would be of interest to any vineyardist, as well as full particulars about Resistant stock.

The vines will be supplied as follows: 500 at the 1,000 rate, where this rate is quoted, in not less than 50 of any one variety; 50 at the 100 rate, in not less than 10 of a variety. In small lots of one or two of a kind, the 10 rate will apply, except in quantities of less than five vines, when the single rate will be charged.

#### NEW GRAPES

NEW GRAPES

Dattier de Beyrouth (Rosaki). Of the numerous varieties of Grapes which we have introduced from Europe in recent years, not one is to be compared to this magnificent variety. It is the most popular Grape of Asia Minor and is used there for table, shipping and raisins, being the only variety outside of the Sultanina Blanche (Thompson Seedless), from which raisins are made. Bunches large, only slightly shouldered; berries loose, never compact. Berries very large; quite oval in form, of a beautiful golden amber and covered with a whitish bloom; very fleshy; juicy and sweet, with little or no acidity. Its keeping qualities are unsurpassed. We predict a great future for this beautiful Grape. August. 30 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$10 per 100, \$50 per 1,000; grafted, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10, \$20 per 100.

Sultanina Rosea. Identical with the well-known

Sultanina Rosea. Identical with the well-known Thompson Seedless in everything except color. The berries are oval; medium in size and vary in color from a violet-rose to a deep coppery red, and are loose in the cluster. Early August. \$1.50 each, \$12.50 for 10.

#### FOREIGN GRAPES

For table and shipping

15 cts. each, \$1 for 10, \$3 per 100, \$20 per 1,000. Black Cornichon (Red Cornichon). Bunches long; berries long; skin thick and dark. October. long; berries long; skin thick and dark. October.

Black Hamburg (Frankenthal). Large; round;
coal-black; flesh sweet and juicy. Late Sept.

Emperor. Large; oblong; deep rose; one of the
most profitable market Grapes. November.

Flame Tokay. Large; pale red covered with
bloom; flesh firm, sweet. September.

Malaga. Very large; oval; yellowish green; fleshy;
one of the best shipping Grapes. August.

#### RARE FOREIGN GRAPES

For table and shipping 20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10, \$5 per 100.

Alicante. Large; black, with thick, blue bloom; standard greenhouse Grape of Europe. September.

tember.

Almeria (Ohanes). Yellowish green; largely shipped from Spain, packed in cork dust. Oct. Black Ferrera. Large; black, with violet bloom; flesh sweet; valuable for shipping. Late Sept. Black Morocco. Very large; black; flesh firm, juicy, sweet and crackling. November.

Buckland Sweetwater. Berries large; greenish white; flesh very sweet and delicious. August. Chasselas de Fontainebleau (White Sweetwater).

Medium size; round; greenish yellow; pulp juicy, sweet. Late July.

Chasselas Golden. Berries of an amber color; sweet and juicy. Late August.

Foster's Seedling. Fine, compact bunches, with large berries; thin-skinned, sweet; medium; early.

large berries; thin-skinned, sweet; medium; early.

Golden Champion. Golden yellow; large; round; flesh juicy; a magnificent table Grape. August.

Golden Hamburg. Berry large; oval; skin greenish yellow; melting, juicy. August.

Gros Colman. As large as Damson plums; skin thin; very dark, covered with bloom; flesh firm, with a pleasant vinous flavor. November.

Gros Maroc. Large berries; nearly jet-black, with a fine bloom; juicy. October.

Jura Muscat. Dark, coppery red; flesh sweet, with pronounced Muscat flavor; showy and desirable. October.

Lady Finger (Pizutella di Roma) Rare highly

Lady Finger (Pizutella di Roma). Rare, highly esteemed for table use. Late September. Luglienga. One of the earliest; berries oval; greenish yellow; flesh firm, crisp, agreeable. Muscat Hamburg. Purplish black; firm, rich, juicy, with decided Muscat flavor. September. Rare highly

Rare Foreign Grapes, continued

Purple Damascus. Bunches large; deep purple; skin thick; flesh meaty and juicy. September. September

skin thick; flesh meaty and julicy. September.

Rose of Peru. Large; fruit round; highly esteemed
as a market variety. October.

Sabal Kanski. Large; coppery red; bunches often
weigh eight pounds. September.

Olivette Blanche. Unusually large; firm, crisp,
with a pleasant flavor; very productive. Oct.

Zante Currant (Black Corinth). Bunches
medium; berries small, seedless; skin thin; black;
blue bloom; this is the variety producing the
currant of commerce and imported from Greece
under the name "Zante Currant." August.

Grafted, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10.

#### RAISIN GRAPES

Muscat. The variety so extensively planted for raisins. September. 15 cts. each, \$1 for 10, \$2

Muscat. The variety so extensively planted for raisins. September. 15 cts. each, \$1 for 10, \$2 per 100, \$15 per 1,000. Sultana. Small; amber colored; seedless; makes fine seedless raisins. August. 15 cts. each, \$1 for 10, \$2 per 100, \$18 per 1,000.

Thompson's Seedless (Sultanina Blanche). Very large; greenish yellow; firm, oval, seedless; prized for shipping and raisins. August. 15 cts. each, \$1 for 10, \$2 per 100, \$18 per 1,000.

#### FOREIGN WINE GRAPES

15 cts. each, \$1 for 10, \$2 per 100, \$15 per 1,000. Alicante Bouschet. Red; gives a very superior wine; bright in color. September.

Aramon Noir. Large; bluish black; thin-skinned; extensively planted in southern France. October. Burger. German; produces a light, white wine of

excellent quality. September. arignan. Medium, slightly oblong; makes a superior type of red wine. September. eher Zagos. Very productive in sandy and heavy Carignan.

Feher Zagos. Very productive in sandy and heavy soils; greenish; a valuable sherry Grape. Sept. Grand Noir de la Calmette. Makes a highly colored wine of delicate flavor. September

Grenache. Heavy producer in the interior; makes an excellent claret September.

Mission. Berries medium, round, purple-black;

sweet and delicious. September.

Petit Bouschet. Medium; black; red pulargely used for blending clarets. September.

Petit Syrah (Serine). Medium; black; one of the best of the claret types. September.

Zinfandel. Round; dark purple; most extensively planted in California for claret. September.

#### AMERICAN GRAPES

20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10, \$10 per 100 except Campbell's Early.

One of the best red varieties; large; Agawam.

Campbell's Early.

Agawam. One of the best red varieties; large; pulp tender; sweet. August.

Catawba. Coppery red; becoming purplish when well ripened; vinous and rich. September.

Concord. Bunch and berry very large; blue-black; flesh sweet, pulpy, tender. August.

Goethe. Berry large; skin yellowish green; flesh tender, sweet and delicious. Late September.

Isabella. Berries black; oval, juiey and sweet with distinct musky flavor. September.

Moore's Diamond. Large; greenish white; juicy and almost without pulp; few seeds. September.

Moore's Early. Very large; black, resembling Concord; ten days earlier. August.

Niagara. Pale yellow; flesh tender and sweet; one of the best whites. September.

Pierce (Isabella Regia). Of extraordinary size, and exceedingly sweet. Late September.

Woodruff. Very large, red and attractive, and of very good quality. September.

Worden. Bunch and berry large; black; compact; handsome; a fine table Grape. August.

Campbell's Early. Extremely early; promises to be one of the best new American Grapes of recent introduction; bunch and berry large and glossy black with blue bloom, very sweet and juicy. August. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$15 per 100.

#### FOREIGN WINE AND TABLE GRAPES

Grafted on Phylloxera-resistant roots Grafted on Aramon × Rupestris Ganzin No. 1. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$8 per 100.

Petit Syrah Zinfandel Grafted Grapes, continued

Grafted on Mourvedre X Rupestris 1202. 25 cts. \$2 for 10, \$8 per 100. Black Hamburg Emperor

Grafted on Riparia Glorie de Montpellier. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$8 per 100, \$65 per 1,000.

Alicante Bouschet Petit Syrah Malaga Zinfandel

Grafted on Riparia × Rupestris 101-14. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$3 per 100, \$65 per 1,000. Muscat Black Cornichon

Flame Tokay Grafted on Riparia × Rupestris 3306. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$8 per 100, \$65 per 1,000.

Black Cornichon Olivette Blanche

Black Cornichon Black Prince Carignan Emperor Muscat

Pierce Purple Damascus Sabal Kanski Sweetwater Zante Currant

Grafted on Rupestris St. George. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$8 per 100, \$65 per 1,000. licante Bouschet Golden Chasselas Alicante Bouschet Grenache Black Cornichon Black Hamburg Black Morocco Gros Colman Malaga Muscat Petit Bouschet Burger Petit Syrah Emperor Thompson Seedless Flame Tokay Zi Grand Noir de la Calmette Zinfandel

Grapes, Grafted on Riparia × Rupestris 3309 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$8 per 100. Grand Noir de la Cal-Petit Syrah mette

#### Phylloxera-resistant Grapes

These vines are all well established and have a fine root-system. They can be bench-grafted and planted in vineyard form, or in nursery rows this season. For complete description of varieties and soil adaptation, refer to "California Horticulture."

EACH 10 100 1,000 .\$0 20 \$1 00 \$3 00 \$20 00 enoir. Riparia Gloire de Mont-75 2.00 3 00 3 00 1 00 Riparia × 20 1 00 3 00 20 00 Rupestris Riparia 3309... 20 1 00 3 00 20.00 Riparia × Rupestris .. 20 Rupestris St. George... 20 18 00



Dattier de Beyrouth (see page 16)



Himalaya Blackberries

#### Phylloxera-resistant Grapes of Recent Introduction

EA	CH	1	0	1	00	1,0	00
Aramon × Rupestris							
Ganzin No. 1 \$0	25	\$2	00	\$6	00	\$30	00
Aestivalis $\times$ Colcicola-							
Riparia × Rupestris							
554.5	25	1	50	4	00	25	00
Berlandieri × Riparia							
420 A	30	1	50	4	00	25	00
Berlandieri × Riparia							
157.11	30	2	00	10	00	40	00
Berlanderi × Riparia							
34 E	30	2	00	10	00	50	00
Chasselas $\times$ Berlandi-							
eri 41 B	30	2	00	10	00	40	00
Mourvedre × Rupestris							
1202	25	2	00	4	00	25	00
Riparia $\times$ Cordifolia $\times$		_					
Rupestris 106.8		1	50	6	00	30	00
Rupestris $\times$ Berlandieri							
301 A	25		00	8	00	40	00
Siebel	25		00	10	00		
Solonis × Riparia 1615.	30			10			
Solonis $\times$ Riparia 1616.	30	2	50	10	00		

#### Phenomenal Berry

Originated by Burbank; berries grow in clusters Offinated by Burbank, bernes grow in clusters of from 5 to 10 and are somewhat larger than the Loganberry, to which it has a close resemblance. Tips, 20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10, 88 per 100.

#### Logan Berry. New

The fruit is 1½ inches long, dark red; as large as the largest blackberry, and partakes of the flavor of both the blackberry and raspberry; excellent for the table, caten raw or stewed, and makes a fine jelly or jam. Ripe in May. One-year plants, 20 cts. each, \$1 for 10, \$5 per 100, \$40 per 1,000 Tips, 10 cts. each, 50 cts. for 10, \$2.50 per 100, \$20 per 1,000.

#### Mammoth Blackberry. New

Supposed to be a cross between the wild Black-Supposed to be a cross between the wild black-berry of California and the Crandall's Early. Deep red; enormously productive and exceedingly early; fruit enormous in size. One-year plants, 20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10, 88 per 100. Tips 15 cts. each, \$1 for 10, 86 per 100, \$50 per 1,000.

#### Himalaya Blackberry

Imported originally from the Himalaya moun-Imported originally from the Himalaya mountains by Luther Burbank. It is a remarkable grower, canes growing 40 feet in a single season; an enormous bearer, and a good shipper; berry round; very few seeds and with almost no core. June to late fall. 20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10, \$8 per 100

#### BLACKBERRY

One-year, 15 cts. each, 75 cts. for 10, \$3 per 100, \$20 per 1,000.

Crandall's Early-Everbearing. Large and firm. Erie. Largest size; coal black. Evergreen. Large; black; sweet. July to Novem-

Kittatinny. Large; conical; juicy, sweet, excel-

lent. Lawton. Large; ripens late; very productive. Wilson's Junior. Large; black; very productive.

#### Dewberry

Tips, 15 cts. each, 75 cts. for 10, \$3 per 100. Gardenia. Large; glossy black; delicious; heavy bearer. Middle of May. Lucretia. Very large; glossy black; luscious. May 1.

#### RASPBERRY

One-year, 15 cts. each, 75 cts. for 10, \$3 per 100. Cuthbert. Large; rich crimson; good shipper. Golden Queen. Large; golden yellow; fine qual-

Gregg. Standard black-cap; productive and hardy; occupies the same position among black-caps as Cuthbert among the red sorts.

Hansell. Bright crimson; productive; very early, Marlboro. Very large; bright scarlet; excellent. Mammoth Cluster. Black-cap; of high quality, Souhegan. One of the most valuable of the blacks; very large; early.

#### NEW RASPBERRY

SUPERLATIVE, New. Large; red; conical; a great improvement over all other varieties of Raspberries. It is a continual bearer and is worthy of general cultivation. Tips, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10, \$25 per 100.

CALIFORNIA SURPRISE. The value of this new red Raspberry lies in the fact that it is far superior to the Cuthbert. It begins ripening fruit from six to eight weeks earlier and continues throughout the entire summer and fall. In size, shape and color, it is similar to the Superlative and thoroughly satisfactory in every respect. Tips, 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10, \$20 per 100.



Crandall's Currants (see page 19

#### CURRANTS

One-year, 15 cts. each, \$1 for 10, \$8 per 100 except where noted.

Black Naples. Very large and black.
Cherry. Very large; deep red.
Fay's Prolific. Bright red; very sweet.
La Versaillaise. Large size; bright red.
White Grape. Large; yellowish white.
Crandall's Black. Only variety which will grow in the hot interior valleys; deep black; very large. 20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10.

#### GOOSEBERRIES

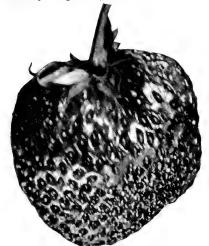
In the mountains, at an elevation of 5,000 feet, and any where in the coast regions the Gooseberry thrives and produces an abundance of fruit. Goose-berries should be planted and pruned in practically the same manner as currants

#### AMERICAN VARIETIES

Two-years, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$15 per 100. Downing. Good size; whitish green; good. Oregon Champion. Very large; brownish red. Smith's Improved. Quite large; light green.

#### **ENGLISH VARIETIES**

Two-years, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10. Berkeley. Large and handsome; early. Industry. Largest size; dark red.



Morse Strawberry

#### STRAWBERRIES

20 cts. for 10, \$1 per 100, \$5 per 1,000 except where noted.

Brandywine. Large; roundish; conical; flesh firm; a valuable medium to late variety. Jesie. Large; handsome; roundish; conical; dark red; plant vigorous and productive. Longworth's Prolific. One of the best-known varieties; better adapted to the coast counties. Marshall. Very large; dark rich crimson; quality good firm.

Marshall. Very large; dark rich crimson; quality good, firm.

Sharpless. Large; bright scarlet; flesh light red, rich and of good flavor.

MORSE. New. No Strawberry of recent introduction has created the stir among berry growers than this variety has. The berries are very large, never hollow or pithy but always solid and meaty to the core. The color is deep crimson clear to the core, having a most delicious Strawberry flavor and a delightful aroma. \$1 for 10, \$5 per 100.

#### ASPARAGUS

Roots, 50 cts. for 10, \$1.50 per 100, \$10 per 1,000. Conover's Colossal. A standard kind of first quality; tender and highly flavored. Palmetto. A valuable variety, producing enor-

mous and delicious sprouts.



Palmetto Asparagus

#### ARTICHOKE

Globe. The plant presents a very tropical appearance, and is therefore a valuable addition to any garden. The flower-buds should be cut off as soon as they are well formed and before the scales open, otherwise they are tough and tasteless. Never allow the flowers to mature, as the plants will dwindle down and die. 20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10, \$12 per 100.

#### JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES

erusalem, Purple. An enormous cropper, producing from fifteen to twenty tons to the acre. Tubers in 5-lb. lots at 10 cts. per lb., \$2 per 100 lbs.

Jerusalem, White. It resembles a potato more than an artichoke, having shallower eyes, much smoother skin than the preceding. Tubers in 5-lb. lots, at 20 cts. per lb., \$5 per 100 lbs.

#### RHUBARB

Myatt's Linnaeus. Large; early; tender and fine. 15 cts. each, \$1 for 10, \$8 per 100.

Burbank's Crimson Winter. Pale, greenish crimson; especially adapted to the long seasons of California. 20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10, \$10 per 100, \$75 per 1,000.

Burbank's Giant Crimson Winter. A new and distinct variety which must not be confounded with the Crimson Winter Rhubarb. A robust grower and prolific producer of mammoth stalks, three times the size of the older sort; thrives amazingly during the winter months: of fine flavor, suggestive of pineapple and ripe loquats. 75 cts. each, \$6.50 for 10, \$60 per 100.



Jerusalem Artichoke

### Ornamental Department

Space will not permit us to more than give the very briefest description of ornamentals in this booklet; for complete descriptions, reference must be made to "California Horticulture." We shall be pleased to quote special prices on larger grades of trees than those quoted in the list. Such varieties as we have marked with an asterisk (%) can be supplied in many cases in large specimen trees varying from 3 to 4 inches in diameter and from 18 to 24 feet high. Before shipping these large trees, we invariably cut them back to 10 feet and shorten in all the side branches for the purpose of saving freight charges. When these trees are planted, they should be cut down to within 8 feet of the ground and all laterals should be shortened in, thinned out if they are too thick, and cut away entirely to about 6 feet from the ground.

DECIDUOUS TREES
ALBIZZIA Julibrissin (Acacia Nemu). Feathery foliage; pink feathery flowers.         EACH         10           6 to 8 ft.         \$7 50         6 00           4 to 6 ft.         75 6 00
*ALDER, European (Alnus glutinosa). A rapid- growing tree, well adapted to moist situations.
6 to 8 ft
6 to 8 ft
ALMOND, Double White (Amygdalus Davidiana alba). The first tree to bloom in the spring. 4 to 6 ft., 40 cts., each, \$3.50 for 10.  Double Pink (A. Davidiana rubra). Pink flowers. 4 to 6 ft., 40 cts. each, \$3.50 for 10.
ASH, American White (Fraxinus Americana), Broad, round head and dense foliage.
EACH 10 10 to 12 ft. \$0 70 86 00 8 to 10 ft. 60 5 00 6 to 8 ft 50 4 00
10 to 12 ft
ish white, fragrant flowers in early May.
EACH 10 10 to 12 ft. \$1 00 \$8 00 8 to 10 ft. \$0 7 00 6 to 8 ft. 70 6 00
6 to 8 it. 70 6 00  Green (F. lanccolata). Moderate growth, and symmetrical habit. EACH 10 100 8 to 10 it. 80 80 87 00 860 00 6 to 8 it. 70 6 00 50 00
6 to 8 th
8 to 10 ft.
BEECH (Fagus). Among the most beautiful of deciduous trees, with rich, glossy foliage.  European (F. sylvatica). Compact head with
foliage of deep, dark, glossy green.     EACH     10       6 to 8 ft     \$0.75     \$6.00       4 to 6 ft     60     5.00



Catalpa Bungei

Beech, Purple-leaved (F. sylvatica purpurea).  Dark purple leaves and of compact habit. 4 to 6 ft., \$1.75 each.	
*BIRCH, European White (Betula alba). Silvery white bark and slender branches.	
12 to 15 ft \$1 25 \$10 00 10 to 12 ft 1 00 8 00	

*BIRCH, European White (Betula alba). Silvery
white bark and slender branches.
EACH 10
12 to 15 ft\$1 25 \$10 00
10 to 12 ft 1 00 8 00
8 to 10 ft
Purple-leaved (B. alba atropurpurea). Pendu-
lous branches and purple foliage. EACH
6 to 8 ft\$1 25
4 to 6 ft 1 00
4 to 6 ft
idal habit. EACH 10
8 to 10 ft
6 to 8 ft
Red, or River (B. nigra). Slender branches
and ragged, reddish brown bark. EACH
8 to 10 ft\$1 00
6 to 8 ft
Cut-leaved (B. alba laciniata). Delicately cut
foliage, silvery white bark and drooping
branches. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10.
BIRD CHERRY (Cerasus padus). Wide-spread-
ing tree, with long racemes of white flowers
in the spring, and bearing a small black fruit.
EACH 10 100
10 to 12 ft\$0 80 \$7 00 \$60 00
8 to 10 ft 70 6 00 50 00
6 to 8 ft 60 5 00
*BROUSSONETIA papyrifera (Paper Mulberry).
A beautiful tree, remarkable for its cylin-
A beautiful tree, remarkable for its tylin-

*BROUSSONETIA papyrifera (Paper Mull	cerry).
A beautiful tree, remarkable for its	cylin-
drical catkins. EACH	
10 to 12 ft\$0 80	\$7 00
8 to 10 ft	6 00
CATALPA. Highly ornamental trees with	large,

bright green foliage and beautiful white flow-

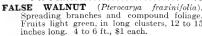
ers in showy panicles.		
Bungei. Forms a dense, round, umbrel	la-lik	е
head. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25 each.		
*Common (Catalpa bignonioides). Large,	hear	t-
shaped leaves and fragrant white and	purpl	le
flowers. EACH	10	
10 to 12 ft\$0 75	\$6 0	0
8 to 10 ft 60	5 0	0
Japan (C. Kampferi). Somewhat dw	arf i	n
habit, with glossy, green leaves. EACH	10	
habit, with glossy, green leaves. EACH 8 to 10 ft\$0 80		
8 to 10 ft	\$7 0 6 0	0
8 to 10 ft	\$7 0 6 0 owing	0
8 to 10 ft	\$7 0 6 0 owing ts ar	0 0 z, e
8 to 10 ft	\$7 0 6 0 owing	0 0 z, e
8 to 10 ft	\$7 0 6 0 owing ts ar	0 0 z, e
8 to 10 ft	\$7 0 6 0 owing ts ar	0 0 z, e

CHINESE CORK TREE (Phellodendron amurense). A very hardy tree; it has thick, corky bark and elegant pinnate foliage, 3 to 4 feet long. In pots, 3 to 4 ft., \$1 each. CITRUS trifoliata (Trifoliate Orange). A small

tree, armed with v	ery stron	g, stiff	thorns
and bearing fruit			
for hedges.			100
3 to 4 ft			
12 to 18 in		2 00	\$5 00
*COTTONWOOD (Pop: rapid growing tree		preading	head.
		EACH	
12 to 15 ft		. \$0.70	\$6 00
10 to 12 ft		. 60	5 00
8 to 10 ft		. 50	4 00
*ELM, American Whit	te (Ulmu	s Amer	icana).

10 to 12 ft	60	- 5	00
8 to 10 ft	50	4	00
ELM, American White (Ulmus	Amer	ican	a).
A magnificent large tree, with			
spreading branches.	ACH	1	0
8 to 10 ft	1 00	87	50
6 to 8 ft	75	6	00
*American Black (U. nigra). Varie	ety of	abo	ve,
los como ones babia			

TREES, SHRUBS, EVERG	ŀ
DECIDIOUS TREES continued	
DECIDUOUS TREES, continued	
*Clemmeri. Medium size, of moderate growth	
with narrow pyramidal head. EACH 10	
12 to 15 ft\$1 25 \$10 00	
10 to 12 ft	
*Cork Bark (U. suberosa). Very desirable for	
streets and avenues; young branches; very	
corky. EACH 10	
10 to 12 ft	
6 to 8 ft	
*English, or French (U. campestris). An erect	
tree of rapid compact growth, with dark	
green foliage. EACH 10 10 to 12 ft\$0 75 \$6 00	
8 to 10 ft	
8 to 10 ft	
*Golden English ( <i>U. campestris aurea</i> ). Foliage of a uniform bronzy gold color.	
EACH 10	
10 to 12 ft\$1 25 \$10 00	
8 to 10 ft	
habit; bark smooth; one of the finest.	
EACH 10	
12 to 15 ft\$1 00 \$8 00	
8 to 10 ft	
variety, forming a straight and dense column.	
10 to 12 ft	
8 to 10 ft	
Nettle-leaved (U. Montana crispa). Dwarf-	
growing with long, undulating leaves. EACH 6 to 8 ft\$1 25	
4 to 6 ft	
4 to 6 ft	
Leaves rich purple when young. EACH 10 12 to 15 ft\$1 25 \$10 00	
10 to 12 ft 1 00 8 00	
8 to 10 ft 80 _6 00	
8 to 10 ft	
EACH 10	
10 to 12 ft\$1 25 \$10 00	
8 to 10 ft	
EMPRESS TREE (Paulownia imperialis). A rapid-growing tropical-looking tree, with	
enormous round leaves; and large clusters	
enormous round leaves; and large clusters of purple; flowers in spring.  8 to 10 ft	
8 to 10 it	
FALSE WALNUT (Pterocarya fraxinifolia).	
Spreading branches and compound toliage.	
Fruits light green, in long clusters, 12 to 15	



FRINGE TREE (Chionanthus Virginica). A small tree with dark green foliage and loose pani-cles of pure white flowers in April. 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each.



Rose-flowering Locust (see page 22)



Judas Tree		
HACKBERRY (Celtis).	EACH	
12 to 15 ft	\$1 00	\$8 00
10 to 12 ft	8э	7 00
8 to 10 ft	70	6 00
<b>American</b> (C. occidentalis). A growth, with numerous sl and apple-like foliage.	rare tree	of large
*European (C. Australis). S and long, dark purple, sweet		ranches,
*HONEY LOCUST, Common	(Gleditsch	hia tria-
canthos). Striking orname	ntal tre	e, with
finely pinnate, glossy green	foliage:	greenish
flowers and bean-like pods.		
tree it is very picturesque.	EACH	10
12 to 15 ft		
10 to 12 ft		

Thornless (G. triacanthos inermis). Dwarf habit, but airy and graceful; practically without thorns. 6 to 8 ft., \$1 each.

flowers rosy pink. **European** (C. Siliquastrum). Spreading crown and purplish pink flowers in spring.

White-Flowering (C. Siliquastrum album). Flowers pure white.

**KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE** (Gymnocladus Canadensis). An ornamental, hardy tree with rough bark, blunt, cane-like branches, and bright yellow, fragrant flowers.

												EA	CH	1	0
6	to	8	ft									. \$1	00	\$8	00
$^{4}$	to	6	ft										80	7	00



Norway Maple

DECIDUOUS TREES, continued
*KOELREUTERIA paniculata (Varnish Tree).
A charming small tree, with glossy, divided foliage and large, terminal panicles of showy,
foliage and large, terminal panicles of showy,
golden yellow flowers. EACH 10
golden yellow flowers. EACH 10 12 to 15 ft
10 to 12 it 1 00
8 to 10 ft
LINDEN, American (Tilia Americana). Shapely
trees, with large, handsome foliage. EACH
8 to 10 ft
6 to 8 ft
<b>European</b> (T. Europæa). Pyramidal tree, with
symmetrical crown; leaves bright green, heart- shaped. EACH 10
10 to 12 ft
8 to 10 ft 80 7 00
8 to 10 ft
Silver-Leaved         (T. tomentosa).         Showy, heartshaped foliage.           10 to 12 ft.         81 00         88 00           8 to 10 ft.         80         7 00
10 to 12 ft
8 to 10 ft
8 to 10 ft
*LOCUST, Black (Robinia pseudacacia). A
remarkably rapid-growing tree, valuable for
timber and posts. EACH 10 100
timber and posts. EACH 10 100 12 to 15 ft
10 to 12 ft
8 to 10 ft
Neo Mexicana (New). Large shrub, with
rose-colored flowers. Each 10
12 to 13 ft
8 to 10 ft
*Pink-Flowering (R. decaisneana). Bears
rose-colored flowers. EACH 10 12 to 15 ft
12 to 15 ft
10 to 12 ft 1 00 8 00
8 to 10 ft
Rose-Flowering (R. hispida). Dwarf growing;
bristling branches; beautiful rose-colored
flowers. EACH 10
6 to 8 ft
*Semperflorens. Medium - growing variety,
producing an abundance of flowers all sum-
mer. EACH 10 12 to 15 ft
10 to 12 ft 1 00 8 00
10 to 12 ft
*Thornless (R. Inermis) Medium size: thorn-
less. Each 10
12 to 15 ft\$1 25 \$10 00
10 to 12 ft 1 00 8 00
10 to 12 ft
*Umbrella (R. Bessoniana). Very ornamental.
forms a solid, compact head. EACH 10
10 to 12 ft\$1 00 \$8 00
forms a solid, compact head. EACH 10 10 to 12 ft. \$1 00 \$8 00 8 to 10 ft. 75 6 00
MAGNOLIA, Cucumber Tree (Magnelia acu-
minata). Tall, pyramidal tree, conspicuous leaves and yellowish white flowers. 2 to 3 ft.,
leaves and vellowish white flowers. 2 to 3 ft
\$1.50 each.

\$1.50 each.

Magnolia, Soulang's (M. soulangeana). A small tree; flowers cup-shaped, pink and fragrant. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50 each.

Starry (M. stellata). Dwarf species, producing Starry (M. stellata). Dwart species, producing a wealth of starry-shaped, pure white flowers. 2 to 3 ft., \$2 each.

MAIDENHAIR TREE (Salisburia adiantifolia),
Foliage fern-like, yellowish green, curiously lobed, resembling that of a maidenhair fern. 4 to 6 ft., 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10. \*MAPLE, Ash-Leaved, or Box Elder (Acer negundo). Large, fine-spreading tree, of rapid growth; foliage ash-like; a fine avenue tree. 6 to 8 ft. 60 5 00

English (A. campestris). Stocky tree of compact habit with rough corky bark. act habit with rough corky bark.

EACH 10

10 to 12 ft. 80 80 87 00

S to 10 ft. 70 6 00

6 to 8 ft. 60 5 00

4 to 6 ft. 50 4 00 40 00 4 to 6 ft... 50 4 00

Montpellier (A. Monspessulanum).
in dry soils; forms a handsome so small tree. 4 to 6 ft. 80 6 00

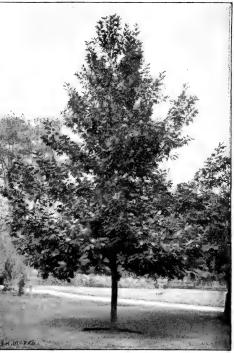
Schwedler's Purple (A. platanoides Schwedler). Bronzy red leaves. 4 to 6 ft.... 1 00 Sugar 6 to 8 ft....



Silver Maple (see page 23)

TREES, SHRUBS, E	VER
DECIDIOUS TREES continued	
DECIDUOUS TREES, continued Maple, Silver, or Soft (A. dasycarpum).	Foliage
bright green. EACH 10 8 to 10 ft	100
8 to 10 it	40 00
Sycamore (A. Pseudo platanus). Larg	ge and
spreading, with handsome foliage. EACH 10	100
EACH 10 12 to 15 ft. \$1 00 \$8 00 : 10 to 12 ft. \$0 7 00 8 to 10 ft. 70 6 00	\$60 00 50 00
10 to 12 ft	50 00 40 00
MOUNTAIN ASH (Sorbus). These very	orna-
MOUNTAIN ASH (Sorbus). These very mental trees all have handsome foliage ing orange-red in the fall. The scarlet	, turn-
often remain on the branches all winter	er.
often remain on the branches all winter <b>European</b> (S. aucuparia). White fi	owers,
followed by brilliant red berries.	10
12 to 15 feet\$1 25 10 to 12 feet 1 00 8 to 10 feet 80	\$10 00
8 to 10 feet 80	$\frac{8}{7} \frac{00}{00}$
MULBERRY, Downing's Everbearing (	Morus
rubra). A very rapid grower and va as a shade tree; produces a good fruit	luable
EACH 10	
10 to 12 ft \$1 00 \$7 50	3
8 to 10 ft	<u> </u>
*Lick's American (M. rubra). Fruit large	;
black and of exquisite flavor; tree a strong, thrifty grower.	
strong, thrifty grower.  EACH 10 100  12 to 15 ft\$125 \$10 00  10 to 12 ft\$10 8 00 \$70 00  S to 10 ft\$0 7 00 60 00  Multicaulus (Chinese). More widely planted than any other variety for silk worm culture. EACH 10 100  12 to 15 ft\$0 80 \$7 00 \$60 00  10 to 12 ft\$0 80 40 00  8 to 10 ft\$0 80 50 30 00  *New American (M. rubra). Rapid-growing, handsome and valuable as a shadtere.	
10 to 12 ft 1 00 8 00 \$70 00	)
8 to 10 ft 80 7 00 60 00	)
planted than any other variety for silk	-
worm culture. EACH 10 100	
10 to 12 ft 70 6 00 40 00	) Links
8 to 10 ft 60 5 00 30 00	)
ing, handsome and valuable as a shade	
tree. EACH 10 12 to 15 ft \$0 80 \$7 00	3
10 to 12 ft	
8 to 10 ft	)
the finest fruit of all Mulberries; very	7
juicy, aromatic, good for preserves.	
A to 6 ft \$1.00 \$7.50	)
3 to 4 ft	
n. a. 10 100	
EACH 10 100 12 to 15 ft\$1 25 \$10 00 \$80 00 10 to 12 ft\$1 00 8 00 8 to 10 ft\$80 7 00	)
10 to 12 ft 1 00 8 00	1
White (M. alba). Medium-sized, glossy	
green foliage; fruit small, pale white.	
12 to 15 feet	
12 to 15 feet\$1 00 \$7 50 10 to 12 feet70 6 00 8 to 10 feet60 5 00	
OAK, English (Quercus pedunculata). Of	Car
spreading low growth with rounded	2000
lobed leaves.	, let
10 to 12 ft 1 00 7 50	)
8 to 10 ft	oliage.
which changes to rich scarlet and	yellow
color in autumn. EACH 12 to 15 ft	10
10 to 12 ft	10 00
12 to 15 ft.	hand-
some tree, with erect pyramidal branch- deep, dark green foliage.	es and
12 to 15 ft	\$2 50
12 to 15 ft	1 50
6 to 8 ft*  *Red American (Q. rubra). Of large size rapid growth. One of the most rapid-gr	owing
Oaks. Each	10 310 00
10 to 12 ft 1 00	8 00
8 to 10 ft	
8 to 10 ft 80  Scarlet (Q. coccinea). A rapid-growing p idal tree; especially remarkable in the turn, when the foliage changes to a	e au-
tumn, when the foliage changes to a scarlet.	bright 10
12 to 15 ft	\$8 00
10 to 12 ft	7 00 6 00

Oak, Turkey (Q. cerris). A rapid, symmetrical grower; short spreading branches, forming a broad, pyramidal head. EACH 10 10 to 12 ft. \$1 25 \$10 00 \$8 to 10 ft. \$0 80 6 to 8 ft. \$8 7 00 \$\$ *Valley, or Weeping (Q. lobata). One of the great and striking trees of California, with wide-spreading and slender drooping branches.
Thrives in open fertile valleys,
EACH 10 100
12 to 15 ft\$1 00 \$9 00 \$70 00
10 to 12 ft 80 7 00 50 00
8 to 10 ft 70 6 00 40 00
Vallonea (Q. Aegilops). A magnificent shade tree
remarkable for its enormous cups. EACH
8 to 10 ft\$1 50
6 to 8 ft 1 25
PAGODA TREE (Sophora Japonica). A rare tree with dark green, compound leaves and a wealth of creamy yellow pea-shaped flowers; supplies an abundance of food for bees in summer and fall.  8 to 10 ft



Red American Oak

Red American Oak

PARASOL TREE (Sterculia platanifolia). A
splendid, strong-growing tree with large,
maple-like leaves, and greenish white flowers,
followed by curious pod-like fruits. A fine
street or lawn tree. 3 to 4 ft., \$1 each.

PEACH, FLOWERING (Persica). They blossom in April and the branches, covered with
a mass of beautiful highly colored flowers, long
before the leaves appear, make them very
enchanting and most attractive. Each 10
4 to 6 ft. \$0 50 \$4 00
3 to 4 ft. \$0 50 \$4 00
3 to 4 ft. \$0 50 \$4 00
Bouble White (P. vulgaris alba plena). Flowers large; double, pure white.

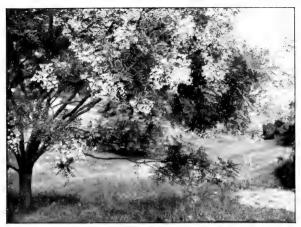
Double Rose (P. vulgaris roses plena). Flowers
double, fringed, rose-colored.

Camellia-Flowered (P. camelliarfora plena).
Very large; rose-colored flowers.

Double Red-Flowered (P. vulgaris sanguinea

Double Red-Flowered (P. vulgaris sanguinea plena). Flowers semi-double, bright red; superb.

**Blood-Leaved** (P. vulgaris purpurea). Foliage of a deep, blood-red color.



Pagoda Tree (see page 23)

#### DECIDUOUS TREES, continued

**PLUM** (Prunus). Medium-sized trees, used very effectively in grouping with other trees and

4 to 6 feet, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10.

Purple-Leaved (P. Pissardi). Wood and leaves

dark purple.

Double-Flowering Sloe (P. triloba). A low, spreading tree, with small, double, daisy-

like white flowers.

Vesuvius (New Foliage Plum). Burbank's Latest Introduction. The old Purple-Leaved Plum, Prunus Pissardi, is too well known to require description. Picture in your mind a tree, which exceeds the old variety by far in its growth, taking the graceful form of the American Elm, with the young branches of a deep purplish crimson color; leaves three times the size of the old variety, with a crumpled surface like a Coleus and with a beautiful metallic crimson luster and you beautiful metallic crimson luster, and you have a tree with its quite eatable deep purple fruit, which would be an unusually attractive ornament whether planted as a single specimen or for foliage effect. \$1 each, \$7.50 for 10.

POPLAR, Aurea van Geerti		
fine golden yellow foliage.	EACH	10
8 to 10 ft	\$1 00	\$7 50
6 to 8 ft	75	6 00
4 to 6 ft	60	5 00
*Balm of Gilead (P. balsam		
A handsome, tall tree with	spreading	bran-
ches. Each	10	100
12 to 15 ft\$0 80	\$7 00	\$50 00
10 to 12 ft 70	6 00	40 00
8 to 10 ft 60	5 00	35 00
Balsam (P. balsamifera). A m	edium-size	d tree,
with stout erect branches.		

	EACI	I	10	100
12 to 15 ft	. \$1 00	) \$8	-00	
10 to 12 ft	. 80	) 7	-00	
8 to 10 ft	. 70	) 6	-00	\$50.00
*Bolles' Silver (P. Bolle	ana).	Verv	con	pact, up-
right grower, with gl	os: y le	aves.		
		I		100

12 to 15 ft	.81 (	00 8	8 00	870	00
10 to 12 ft	, 8	80	7 00	60	00
8 to 10 ft	. 7	70	6 00	50	00
*Carolina (P. Carolinen	sis).	Very	rapid	grow	er.
	EAG	'H	10	1(	0()
12 to 15 ft	80.5	30 8	7 00	850	00

12 to	15 ft		\$080	87 00	\$50.00
10 to	12 ft		70	6.00	40 00
8 to 1	0 ft.		60	5 00	30 00
Lombard	$y \in P$	. nigra f	astigiata).	. Erect	-growing
tree, wit	h a t	tall spiry	√-like forr	11.	

							E.	\CH		10	1(	)()
15 to	20	ft					.80	75	\$6	00	\$50	00
12 to	15	ft						60	- 5	00	40	00
10 to	12	ft						50	4	()()	30	00
S to	10 f	t						40	- 3	()()	25	00
Pyramid	al	(P)	0	,,	/1	27	stile	dia)	T.	las	slen	dor

Pyramidal					
twigs and	clear	green	i foliage.	EACH	10
12 to 1	5 ft			.81 - 00	87 50
10 to 1:	2 ft			. 75	6 00
8 to 10	ft			. 60	5 00

SERVICE TREE (Sorbus domestica). A round-headed tree, with white flowers and orange-red fruits.

				EA	CH	1	0
12	to	15	ft	.\$1	00	\$8	00
10	to	12	ft		75	6	00
- 8	to	10	ft		60	5	00

SIBERIAN PEA TREE (Caragana arborescens). Very orna-mental; yellow pea-like flow-

S. EACH 10 10 to 12 ft...\$1 25 \$10 00 8 to 10 ft... 1 00 8 00 6 to 8 ft.... 80 7 00

SWEET GUM TREE (Liquid-ambar styraciflua). One of ambar styraciflua). One of the finest of American trees, with glossy green, star-shaped

tili gjossy green, star-snaped liage. EACH 10 12 to 15 ft...\$1 25 \$10 00 10 to 12 ft... 1 00 8 00 8 to 10 ft... 80 7 00

SYCAMORE, American (Platanus occidentalis). Has broad foliage and handsome bark. 4 to 6 ft., 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.

European (P. orientalis). Erect-growing tree, with bright green foliage; and beautifully mottled trunk.

ottled trulik.	LACIL	
10 to 12 ft		
8 to 10 ft	. 80	7 00
6 to 8 ft		6 00
4 to 6 ft	. 60	5 00

TEXAS UMBRELLA (Melia azedarach umbraculiformis). One of the handsomest shade trees of umbrella form; shade very dense; foliage bright dark green; produces lilaccolored flowers. EACH 10

10	to	12 1	it.								. 51	00	31	50
8 1	to 1	0 ft	٠.									75	6	00
6 1	to 8	ft.		 	 							60	5	00
4 1	to 6	ft.		 		٠	٠					50	4	00
KODN												^	т.О	0

12 to 15 feet . \$1 25 \$10 00
10 to 12 feet . . . 1 00 8 00
8 to 10 feet . . . 80 7 00 7 00 \$60 00 6 00 50 00 6 to 8 feet ..... 70

Double Scarlet (Cratagus monogyna Pauli).
Small tree, with spreading branches. Flowers of a deep crimson.
\*Double White (C. monogyna alba plena).
Small, double, white flowers and lustrous

green leaves. \*English Hawthorn (C. monogyna). Small tree

with spreading, spiny branches; flowers single white; fruit scarlet, very persistent. \*Single Pink Thorn (C. monogyna punicea). Flowers in clusters, single, varying in color from pink to rose.



European Sycamore



Camperdown Weeping Elm

#### DECIDUOUS TREES, continued

$ \begin{array}{c cccc} \textbf{TULIP} & (Liriodendron\ tulipifera). & Has\ light\ green,\\ & glossy, & fiddle-shaped\ leaves & and & greenish\\ & yellow, & tulip-shaped flowers. & EACH & 10\\ & 6\ to\ 8\ ft. & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . &$
<b>WALNUT</b> (Juglans). American Black and California Black. See page 12.
WILLOW, Golden         (Salix vitellina aurea).         A           handsome tree, conspicuous for its branches         or golden yellow.         EACH         10           6 to 8 ft.          \$0 60         \$5 04           4 to 6 ft.          50         4 00           Osier (S. viminalis).         A low-growing tree, valuable for basket-making and tying.         EACH         10           6 to 8 ft.          \$0 60         \$5 00           4 to 6 ft.          50         4 00           YELLOW WOOD (Cladrastis tinctoria).         One of
XELLOW WOOD (Charastis Indeora), One of the finest of American trees; foliage of a light green color; flowers pea-shaped, white, sweet-scented, appearing in May in great profusion.           12 to 15 ft.         \$1 25           10 to 12 ft.         1 00           8 to 10 ft.         \$0

#### WEEPING DECIDUOUS TREES

The weeping trees stand in a class by themselves, In the weeping trees stand in a class by themselves, and are particularly effective when standing as specimens on a lawn or when grouped along the outer edges of larger-growing trees. They are budded or grafted on straight stems of the same species at a height of 6 to 8 feet from the ground.

ASH. EACH 10
6 to 8 feet\$1 25 \$10 00
European Weeping (Fraxinus excelsior pen- dula). Excellent for forming arbors. Gold-Bark Weeping (F. aurea pendula). Golden colored branches.
BIRCH, Cut-Leaved Weeping (Betula alba pendula laciniata). Trailing habit; forms an irregular, dense head. 6 to 8 ft., \$2 each.
CHERRY, Japanese Weeping Flowering (Cerasus Japonica rosea pendula). Few drooping trees are more graceful and beautiful. 4 to 6 ft., \$1.25 each.
ELM, Camperdown Weeping         (Ulmus scabra pendula). Vigorous branches; forming a roof-like head.           8 to 10 ft.         \$2 00 815 00           6 to 8 ft.         1 50 12 50           Cork, Rasked Weeping         (Unsubseque appropriate)

Cork-Barked Weeping (U. suberosa pendula). The young branches are very corky, 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10. Weeping Slippery Elm (U. fulva pendula).

Its branches bend in graceful curves toward the ground. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50 each, \$12.50 for

LINDEN, WEEPING			
slender, pendulous			
shaped, rich green.			
8 to 10 ft			5 00
6 to 8 ft		. 1 50	
MAPLE. Wier's Cut-L	eaved (Ac	er sacchari	num

Wieri laciniatum). One of the most beautiful trees with cut foliage. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50 each.

MULBERRY, Teas' Weeping (Morus alba tatarica pendula). A very graceful weeping tree, with long slender branches, drooping to the ground parallel to the stem.

EACH Extra strong heads 8 to 10 ft.......\$2 00 \$15 00 Medium heads 8 to 10 ft........ 1 50 12 50 6 to 8 ft......... 1 25 10 00 \$80 00

POPLAR, Tooth-Leaved Weeping (Populus grandidentata pendula). Slender, drooping, graceful branches like cords. EACH 10 10 to 12 ft. \$150 \$12 50 8 to 10 ft. \$125 10 00

SOPHORA, Weeping (Sophora Japonica pendula). The trailing branches reaching to the ground.

Extra strong heads, 6 to 8 ft. \$1 50 \$12 50 Medium heads, 6 to 8 ft. ... 1 25 10 00

THORN, Weeping (Cratagus monogyna pendula rosea). A pretty, drooping tree with pink flowers. 8 to 10 ft., \$1.25 each.

WALNUT, Weeping (Juglans regia pendula).
Branches droop like those of a willow. 6 to 8 ft., \$2 each.

\*WILLOW, Common (Salix Babylonica). The well-known weeping Willow.

			E.	ACH	10	100
12 to 15 ft			. \$1	00	\$7 00	\$€0 00
10 to 12 ft				80	6 00	50 00
8 to 10 ft				60	5 00	35 00



Weeping Willow

#### DECIDUOUS SHRUBS



Althea

ALTHEA, or Rose of Sharon (Hibiscus syriacus). the easiest cultivation and with their large, Of the easiest cultivation and with their magerial delicately hued, bell-shaped flowers appearing very profusely during the summer months, are doubly interesting when comparatively few other trees or shrubs are in blossom.

	EACH	IO
4 to 5 feet		\$4 00
3 to 4 feet	. 40	3 50
Boule de feu. Double pink.		
Bicolor. Single white, tinted red		
Elegantissima. Double white.		
Grandiflora superba. Double,	delicate	blush,
carmine center.		
Meehani. Variegated leaves; s	ingle lil	ac-pink
flowers. 75 cts. each.	_	-

APPLE, Flowering Crab (Pyrus). Low-growing trees, admirably adapted for the lawn or for lending color to low-growing shrubbery.

EACH

	LACH	10
4 to 6 feet		
3 to 4 feet		3 50
Floribunda. Single carmine and	white.	
Kaido. Single white and pink.		
Medwietzkyanas. Double red.		
Spectabilis alba flore pleno. D	ouble w	hite.
Spectabilis rosea flore pleno.		
ARALIA	EACH	ro
6 to 8 feet	.\$1 oo	\$8 00
4 to 6 feet	. 8o	7 00
Japonica (Angelica Tree). Sma		
useful to give a tropical appeara		
Spinosa (Hercules' Club). A fine	native v	zariety.

with large, doubly and triply pinnated leaves. BARBERRY, Common (Berberis vulgaris).

ARBERRY, Common (Berberts vulnarrs).

Handsome distinct foliage and yellow flowers,
succeeded by red berries.

Purple-Leaved (B. atropurpurea). A pretty
shrub with purple foliage.



Flowering Crab Apple

Barberry, Thunberg's (B. Thunbergii). Of dwarf habit, small foliage, changing to beautiful coppery red in autumn. Makes a fine hedge.
Price of Barberry.

EACH

10

EACH 3 00

BUCKTHORN (Rhamnus catharticus) A fine, very robust shrub, with large dull green, very rough foliage; flowers appear in April, succeeded by numerous small fruits.

ft., 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

CHERRY, Flowering (Cerasus). 2 to 3 feet, 60 cts., \$5 for 10.

Chinese. Large, double white flowers. Siebold's. Large, semi-double white flowers. Siebold's (C. rubra). Large double red flowers.

COLUTEA Arborescens (Bladder Senna). A large shrub, with yellow, pea-blossomed flowers in June. 6 to 8 ft., 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10.



Deutzia crenata

CORCHORUS (Japanese Rose). Slender green branches and deep, golden yellow flowers. Japonica (Kerria Japonica). Double rose-like Slender green

flowers, of the deepest yellow. 4 to 6 ft., 50

CORYLOPSIS spicata (Flowering Hazel). An attractive shrub, with handsome foliage and showy, bright yellow fragrant flowers. In pots, 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each.

CRAPE MYRTLE 3 to 4 feet ..... 60 Except White 5 00

Pink (Lagerstræmia indica rosea). Flowers pink; very free bloomer.

Purple (L. indica purpurea). Flowers purple.
White (L. indica alba). Flowers very mucrimped and ruffled. 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each. Flowers purple.

DEUTZIA EACH 6 to 8 feet ......\$0 50 \$4 00 3 00 4 to 6 feet 40 Crenata candidissima (Double White). Flowers

double, pure white.

Fortunei (Double Pink). Rosy purple.

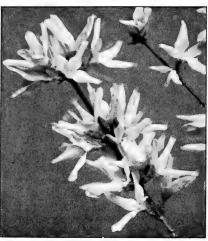
Gracilis rosea. Flowers light rose.

Scabra (Rough-Leaved). Flowers white; bell-shaped.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS, continued
DOGWOOD. EACH 10
6 to 8 feet\$0 60 \$5 0
4 to 6 feet
Red Osier (Cornus sanguinea). Purplish branche
and greenish white flowers.
Variegated (C. elegantissima variegata). Variegated foliage and white flowers in June. 2 to 3
ft., 75 cts. each.
ELDER. EACH 10
6 to 8 feet
4 to 6 feet 50 4 0
Cut-leaved (Sambucus nigra laciniata). Deep
cut foliage. <b>European</b> $(S, nigra)$ . Flowers produced in
clusters.
Golden-Leaved (S. nigra aurea). Golden yellov
foliage.
<b>Pyramidal</b> (S. nigra pyramidalis). A new variet
with abundant massive foliage.
<b>Silver-Leaved</b> (S. nigra argentea). Silvery white foliage.
ERYTHRINA crista-galli (Coral Plant). The flowers are of a bright brilliant crimson color
like immense ness but four times larger
Flowers profusely from early in the summe till late in the fall. EACH 10 100 3 to 4 ft \$0.50 \$4.00 In pots. 40 3 00 \$25.00
till late in the fall. EACH 10 100
3 to 4 it
THONYMING Frances (Standbarra Scientific Frances and Scientific Fran
EUONYMUS, European (Strawberry or Spin dle Tree). A small tree or shrub, bearin
medium-sized, scarlet berries. EACH 10
medium-sized, scarlet berries. EACH 10 6 to 8 ft
4 to 6 ft
FILBERT, Purple-Leaved (Corylus purpurea) Leaves and husks deep purple, planted for
Leaves and husks deep purple, planted to
ornament, and producing good nuts unde proper treatment.
3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. each.
FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell). EACH TO
6 to 8 feet
4 to 6 feet 40 3 o
Suspensa (Drooping Golden Bell). Foliag
FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell). EACH ro 6 to 8 feet \$0 50 \$4 0 4 to 6 feet 40 3 0 Suspensa (Drooping Golden Bell). Foliag deep green; flowers bright yellow; branche
slender, drooping.  Suspensa fortunei (Fortune's Golden Bell)
Similar to the preceding, but of more vigorou
upright growth.
Viridissima (Dark Green). A larger shrub with
crect green-barked branches; leaves narrow
very dark green; flowers golden yellow.
<b>HALESIA diptera</b> (Silver Bell). Leaves brigh green, pure white, bell-shaped flowers. 2 to 3 f
75 cts. each.
TTTDDANCEA
1 to 1½ feet\$0 50 \$4 0
I to 1½ feet
globular heads of rose-colored flowers.
<b>Thomas Hogg.</b> One of the hardiest; flower pure white; a profuse bloomer.
pure write; a proruse bloomer.
▲ <b>(</b> )



Lilac, Marie Legraye (see page 28)



Forsythia

Hydrangea Otaksa monstrosa (Giant-Flowered).
Immense blooms, of a pleasing shade of pink;
heads 12 to 15 in. in diameter not uncommon.
Paniculata grandiflora. Immense heads,
cream-colored in bud, pure white when fully
open, changing to pink and bronze with age.
<b>LEMON VERBENA</b> (Lippa citriodora). The old-
fashioned, favorite shrub, with long, narrow.
pointed leaves which emit a delightful frag-
rance. Each 10
6 to 8 ft\$0 50 \$4 00
4 to 6 ft
LIGUSTRUM (Deciduous Privets).
California (Ovalifolium). A pyramidal shrub,
with bright green, narrow leaves; producing
white flowers in June. EACH 10 100 6 to 8 ft
6 to 8 ft\$0 25 \$2 00 \$15 00
4 to 6 ft
3 to 4 it 15 1 25 10 00
Chinese (Ibota). A low dense-growing shrub,
with almost horizontally spreading branches;
leaves long and shining; flowers white; very fragrant.
3 to 4 ft
2 to 3 ft
In pots, 1 to 2 ft
Ciliatum. Dwarf dense shrub, with short rigid
branches; leaves dense, glossy, dark green,
leathery; flowers white, in erect, compact
1.0
3 to 4 ft
In pots, 1 to 2 ft
Ciliatum variegatum. Similar to the preceding
except that the leaves have a yellowish varie-
gation, pink when young. In pots, 1 to 2 ft.,
75 cts. each.
LILAC. EACH IO
3 to 4 feet
3 to 4 feet
favorite; very fragrant.
<b>Common White</b> (S. alba). Similar to preceding
with white flowers.

#### Grafted and Budded Varieties

Granca and Baddea varieties
EACH IO
3 to 4 feet \$0 50 \$4 00
2 to 3 feet 40 3 50
Japonica (Japanese). A new species from Japan;
creamy white; blooms later than other lilacs.
Josikea (Himalayan). Distinct species; violet
purple flowers.
Persica (Persian). With small foliage and bright
purple flowers.
Persica alba (White Persian). Delicate white,
fragrant flowers, shaded purple.
Persica laciniata (Cut-leaved Persian). A

Persica laciniata (Cut-leaved Persian). A very erect grower, with slender branches; deeply cut foliage; flowers light purple Rothomagensis (Rouen Lilac). Has slender, arching branches, bright green foliage, and lilac-purple flowers.

Villosa (Himalayan Lilac). Flowers fragrant, light purple in bud, white when open.

POMEGRANATE



Mock Orange

#### LILACS, continued

#### Single

Alba. Creamy white. Ambroise Verschaffelt. Pale pink. Ambroise verschauert. Fare pink.
Charles X. Reddish purple.
Geant des Batailles. Bluish lilac.
Ludwig Spath. Fine, dark purplish red.
Marie Legraye. Large panicles, pure white, one of the best.

Virginalis. Very delicate, pure white.

Double Charles Joly. Large truss, reddish purple. Lemoinei flore pleno. Large panicles, semi-double reddish purple. Mme. Casimir Perier. Large compact panicles, nurest white. Michel Buchner. Pale lilac. President Grevy. Magnificent; beautiful blue panicle, 10 inches long and 5 inches across. fragrant flowers. Coronarius aureus (Golden). A dwarf, compact shrub, with bright yellow foliage; effective for edging. tive for edging.

Grandiforus (Large-Flowered). Slender, twiggy habit, with slightly fragrant flowers.

Indorus (Seentless). Spreading branches, coated with brown bark; flowers very large,



white, scentless.

Japan Snowball

POINCIANA gilliesii (Bird of Paradise). Adapts itself to the poorest soils. Flowers light yel-low; pea-shaped, 2 inches long, with brilliant protruding red stamens, appearing all summer. In pots, 2 to 3 ft., 40 cts. each, \$3.50 for 10.

	\$0 75 \$6 00
4 to 6 feet	60 5 00
3 to 4 feet	40 3 50
	(Punica rubra). Very rapid-
growing shrub;	flowers deep, double scarlet.
Double White	(P. alba). Flowers double,
creamy white.	

Mme. Lagrelle (P. Lagrellei). Very fine large scarlet flowers, edged with yellow

#### Dwarf

#### 1 to 2 feet, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.

**Dwarf Scarlet** (*P. nana rubra*). A very hand-some small shrub with beautiful double scarlet flowers; fruits brilliant red, very showy,

but not fit to be eaten.

Dwarf White (P. nana alba). Very similar in habit to the preceding; flowers are double, yellowish white.



Smoke Tree

QUINCE (Cydonia).     EACH     10       4 to 6 feet     \$0 60     \$5 00       3 to 4 feet     50     4 00       2 to 3 feet     40     3 00
Alba (Blush Japan Quince). Flowers white or 'delicate blush Candidissima. Flowers large, white; a very striking shrub. Grandiflora rosea. Flowers pink, very showy. Japonica. Flowers bright scarlet-crimson. Umbilicata. Flowers brilliant red, succeeded by large, showy fruit.
RHODOTYPOS         kerrioides         (White         Kerria).           Similar to Corchorus or Kerria, but are white.         EACH         10           4 to 6 ft.         \$0.50         \$4.00           3 to 4 ft.         30         2.50
<b>SMOKE TREE</b> (Rhus cotinus). A low-growing shrubby tree, with clusters of feathery flowers,

	giving	the	ap	ре	9.1	rа	n	Ct	9	- (	и	- 2	3.	- (	СI	0	ua	IO	smo	Ke.	
																	ΕA	CH	1	0	
	8 to	10 f	t														\$1	00	87	50	
	6 to	8 ft.																75	6	00	
	4 to	6 ft.							٠	۰								60	5	00	
36	WRAI	T.T.															EA	CH	1	0	

SNOWE	BAI	$_{ m L}$													EA	CH	- 1	0
3	to	4	feet												. \$0	50	84	00
2	to	3	feet													40	3	50
Comp	no	n	(Vib)	ur	nu	m	. (	) į	211	lu	S	3	e	ri	lis).	. Pr	odu	ces
an s	ahı	m	lane	0 (	nf.	10	111	me	, ,	or l	hi	t.e		g	lobi	ılar :	flow	ers

in May and June. Japanese (V. tomentosum plicatum). Flowers pure, delicate white in large globular heads, appearing in May. 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each.

SNOWBERRY (Symphoricarpos).
Brown H. (Symphoricarpos).
Racemosus. Has small pink flowers and large
white berries which hang in clusters the
greater part of the winter.
greater part of the winter.  Racemosus variegatus (Variegated Foliage).
Similar to the preceding but with variegated
foliage. EACH 10
3 to 4 feet\$0 50 \$4 00
2 to 3 feet 40 3 50
SPIREA (Spiræa). EACH 10
4 to 6 feet
3 to 4 feet
2 to 3 feet
Except Anthony Waterer
Except Anthony Waterer.
Billardi alba (Billard's). White flowers in dense spikes; blooms nearly all summer.  Bumalda (Everblooming). Dwarf and compact habit; flowers in clusters, rosy pink.  Callosa alba (Fortune's Dwarf White). Sym-
dense spikes: blooms nearly all summer.
Bumalda (Everblooming) Dwarf and com-
mant belief demons in electors many minds
pact habit, howers in clusters, rosy pink.
Callosa alba (Fortune's Dwarf White). Sym-
metrical, dwarf, bushy habit; flowers white,
annearing all summer
Reevesiana (Bridal Wreath). Well-known; graceful, arching branches and round clusters of
ful arching branches and round alusters of
rui, arching branches and round clusters of
white nowers. Blooms in May.
Thunbergii (Thunberg's). Small white flowers;
appearing very early.
Ulmifolia (Elm-leaved). Foliage elm-like,
land (Emilieaved). Foliage emiliake,
large clusters of white nowers in May.
Van Houttei (Van Houtte's). Similar to the
large clusters of white flowers in May.  Van Houttei (Van Houtte's). Similar to the Bridal Wreath, but of far more graceful
habit. Blooms in April.
Anthony Waterer (C-incon China) Non
Anthony Waterer (Crimson Spirea). New. A strong grower; a free bloomer not only in summer but also during the fall; an ideal pot-
A strong grower; a free bloomer not only in
summer but also during the fall; an ideal pot-
plant: in every way a grand spirea.
EACH 10
3 to 4 ft\$0 60 \$5 00
2 to 3 ft
<b>STAPHYLEA colchica</b> (Bladder Nut). Vigorous-
growing shrubs, with showy flowers and peculiar, inflated seeds. 3 to 4 ft., 60 cts. each.
populiar inflated goods 2 to 4 ft 60 etc ouch
<b>SUMACH</b> (Rhus). Few shrubs are more pictur-
esque. Their beauty lies in the gorgeousness of
their foliage. EACH 10
their foliage, EACH 10
4 to 6 feet\$0 50 \$4 00
3 to 4 feet 40 3 00 Glabra (Smooth). Leaves dark green above,
Glabra (Smooth). Leaves dark green above.
whitened beneath, turning brilliant scarlet
in autumn.
Glabra laciniata (Cut-leaved). Leaves very
large, deeply cut, and turning to a rich red
in autumn.
Purpurea. Similar to Rhus cotinus, but with
darker inflorescense.
Trifoliata (Trilobata). Has the leaflets deeply
cut or three-lobed.
Typhina laciniata. Leaves deeply cut; very
distinct form.
distinct form.
- 프로그램 (2011년 전 11년 - 11년 11년 11년 11년 11년 11년 11년 11년 1



Spirea, Anthony Waterer



Weigela floridus

**SWEET SHRUB** (Calycanthus floridus). Has fragrant wood and flowers. 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each,

\$4 for 10.

\*\*secox. A very vigorous-growing variety,

\*\*then the preceding, 2 to Praecox. A very vigorous-growing variety, having larger leaves than the preceding. 2 to. 3 ft., 75 cts. each.

TAMARIX (Tamarisk). Elegant, fine flowering and handsome foliage plant; thriving in all EACH TΩ \$6 00

6 to 8 feet 60 5 00 4 to 6 feet 50 4 00 Gallica (French Tamarisk). Foliage exceedingly fine and feathery; flowers pink, small, very

numerous.
Germanica (German Tamarisk). Compact growth; leaves bluish green, minute; flowers light pink.

Hispida (Kashgarica). New Very vigorous, upright grower; leaves bluish green; flowers bright carmine-red appearing in the summer and autumn.

TREE PEONY (Paonia moutan). Introduced from Japan, where they are very much prized. The flowers are enormous in size, numerous and gorgeous in color. Blooms in April. In pots, \$1.50 each.

VITEX agnus castus (Chaste Tree). with palmate leaves, scented like lavender.
Pale lilac flowers.

EACH 10 \$5 00 4 00

### Tate Hade Towers. EACH
6 to 8 ft.. \$0 60
4 to 6 ft.. 50

WEIGELA (Diervilla), EACH
6 to 8 feet \$0
4 to 6 feet 50
3 to 4 feet 40 10 \$5 00. 4 00 3 to 4 feet ... 40 3 50

Floridus rosea (Rose-colored). Flowers large and showy. Free-flowering.
Floridus candida (White-flowered). One of the best, continues to bloom through the summer.

Hybrida lavallei. Flowers dark reddish purple; the darkest variety.

Kosteriana stelzneri. Dwarf variety; very.

rofuse bloomer; flowers dark red.

Kosteriana nana variegata (Variegated-leaved Dwarf). Leaves beautifully variegated with silvery white; flowers nearly white. One of the best dwarf shrubs.

Sieboldi (Diervilla alba marginata). When

Sieboldi (Diervilla alba marginata). When young the variegation is yellow, but as they mature it becomes silvery white.

WITCH HAZEL (Hamamelis). Of compact habit, with handsome foliage turning bright yellow, orange or purple in the fall. Flowers yellow, appearing late in fall or early spring.

4 00

XANTHOCERAS sorbifolia (Chinese Flowering Chestnut). Leaves pinnate; flowers white, appearing in April. Very floriferous. 3 to 4 ft., 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

#### EVERGREEN TREES

This list includes trees that do not shed all their foliage at one time, thereby remaining green after deciduous trees are bare.

#### ACACIAS

Although there are some 400 species of Acacia, we have confined ourselves to varieties of well-known merit, the uses of which are enumerated below. The Acacia finds the most favorable conditions to its development in California.

Armata	(Kangar	oo The	rn). A	sprea	ding	shrub,
with	yellow f	Howers;	excellen	t for	group	ping.
				773	1.0177	10

Armata (Kangaroo Inorn). A spreading shrub,
with yellow flowers; excellent for grouping.
Pots, 6 to 7 ft   So 80 \$7 00
Pots, 6 to 7 ft\$0 80 \$7 00
Pots, 5 to 6 ft
Pots, 4 to 5 ft
Pots. 3 to 4 ft
Baileyana. A fine specimen or avenue tree;
blooms earliest of all; flowers lemon-yellow.
Pots, 4 to 5 ft
Pots 240 4 ft 60 5 00
Pots, 3 to 4 ft
Cultriormis (Kime-leaved). A small tree;
leaves triangular shaped; blooms profusely
nowers deep yellow. EACH 10 100
Pots, 6 to 7 it 80 75 86 00 850 00
Pots, 5 to 6 ft 60 5 00 40 00
Pots, 4 to 5 ft 50 4 00
Pots, 3 to 4 ft 40 3 50
flowers deep yellow. EACH 10 100 Pots, 6 to 7 ft 80 75 86 00 850 00 Pots, 5 to 6 ft 60 5 00 40 00 Pots, 4 to 5 ft 50 4 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft 40 3 50  Cyanophylla (Blue-Leaved Wattle). Flowers
yellow; leaves very large; glaucous green.
EACH 10
Pots, 6 to 7 ft
Pots, 5 to 6 ft
Pots. 4 to 5 ft
Pots, 3 to 4 ft
Pots, 3 to 4 ft
February EACH 10 100
Pots 6 to 7 ft \$0.75 \$6.00
Pots 5 to 6 ft 60 5 00 \$45 00
Pots 4 to 5 ft 50 4 CO 35 00
Pots 3 to 4 ft 40 3 50 30 00
February. EACH 10 100  Pots, 6 to 7 ft
parks or avenues; leaves feathery, dark green;
flowers whitish yellow appearing in May.
nowers wintish yellow appearing in May,
EACH 10 100
Pots, 5 to 6 ft
Pots, 5 to 6 ft
Pots, 5 to 6 ft
Pots, 5 to 6 ft \$0 75 86 00 Pots, 4 to 5 ft \$0 60 5 00 \$45 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft 50 4 00 35 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft 40 3 00 25 00
Pots, 5 to 6 ft
Pots, 5 to 6 ft
southern France for perfumery. EACH 10 Pots 6 to 7 ft. \$1.00 \$7.50
southern France for perfumery. EACH 10 Pots 6 to 7 ft. \$1.00 \$7.50
southern France for perfumery. EACH 10 Pots, 6 to 7 ft
southern France for perfumery. EACH 10 Pots, 6 to 7 ft
southern France for periumery. EACH 10 Pots, 6 to 7 ft
southern France for periumery. EACH 10 Pots, 6 to 7 ft
southern France for periumery. EACH 10  Pots, 6 to 7 ft
southern France for periumery. EACH 10  Pots, 6 to 7 ft
southern France for periumery. EACH 10 Pots, 6 to 7 ft



Acacia Mollissima



Weeping Arborvitæ (see page 31)		
ACACIA, continued		
Latifolia. Of a spreading habit; value	able	for
grouping; long, glossy green leaves;	flow	ers
golden yellow. EACH	1	0
golden yellow. EACH Pots, 5 to 6 ft	86	00
Pots, 4 to 5 ft	5	00
Pots, 3 to 4 ft	4	00
Linifolia. A tall shrub, with long, narrow	: leav	29.
Desirable for grouping. EACH	1	n.
Desirable for grouping. EACH Pots, 5 to 6 ft \$0 60	85	nn
Pots. 4 to 5 ft. 50	4	00
Pots, 4 to 5 ft	Astro	no
grower, one of the best for parks an	d etr	001
ornamentation. EACH 10 Pots, 6 to 7 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 Pots, 5 to 6 ft 60 5 00 Pots, 4 to 5 ft 50 4 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft 40 3 00 Mollissima (Black Wattle). One of the	10	00
Pots, 6 to 7 ft\$0 75 \$6 00	\$50	00
Pots, 5 to 6 ft 60 5 00	40	00
Pots, 4 to 5 ft 50 4 00	35	00
Pots, 3 to 4 ft 40 3 00	25	00
Mollissima (Black Wattle). One of the	fine	st:
foliage feathery, dark green; flowers	yell	077
appearing in early spring. EACH	10	0
Pots, 4 to 5 ft\$0 60	\$5	00
Pots, 3 to 4 ft		
Pycnantha (Golden Wattle). Of rapid	grow	th:
leaves long and narrow; flowers yellow		
EACH	10	
Pots, 5 to 6 ft\$0 75	86	00
Pots. 4 to 5 ft	5	00
Pots, 3 to 4 ft 50	4	00
New and Rare Varieties EACH	10	0
Pots, 4 to 5 ft. 60 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 50  New and Rare Varieties EACH Pots, 5 to 6 ft. \$0.75	\$6	00
Pots, 4 to 5 ft	5	00
Pots. 3 to 4 ft	4	CO

Pots, 3 to 4 ft	50
Giraffe	Pravissima
Glaucescens	Primrose
Leucophylla	Salicina
Longifolia	Suaveolens
Podalyriæfolia	Verticillata

ration. Pots, 2 to 3 ft..... Pots, 1½ to 2 ft.....

ADAMGADA
ARAUCARIA, continued.
<b>Excelsa robusta compacta.</b> Differs from preceding in its more robust and compact growth.
Color rich, deep green. EACH
Color rich, deep green. EACH Pots, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft
Imbricata (Monkey Puzzle). A fine tree of
regular pyramidal form; leaves bright green,
broad, thick, pointed and overlapping each other.
Tubs, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Pots 1 to 1½ ft 2 00
ARBORVITÆ (Thuya). The Thuyas are all of regular, symmetrical habit. They are roundish, pyramidal, and are well suited for massing or borders, also for hedges and windbreeks.
regular, symmetrical habit. They are roundish,
pyramidal, and are well suited for massing or
<b>American</b> ( <i>T. occidentalis</i> ). A native species, known as the White Cedar. Foliage bright
green, yellow-green beneath; brown and bronze
in winter. EACH 10
Balled 2 to 3 ft. \$1 25
Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
Ellwangeriana (Tom Thumb Arborvitæ). A
beautiful, dwarf, compact-growing variety.  EACH 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1 25
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
compact growth; golden-tinted the year round.
One of the best. EACH 10
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft \$3 50  Balled, 4 to 5 ft \$2 50 \$20 00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2 00 15 00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 50 12 50  Pots, 10 to 12 in 40 3 00  Gigantea (Plicata). Branches spreading, regu-
Balled 3 to 4 ft 2 00 15 00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 10 to 12 in
Gigantea (Plicata). Branches spreading, regu-
larly and closely set; foliage bright green, dark green beneath. The bark is brownish-red and very attractive. This is one of the large types.
green beneath. The bark is brownish-red and
The trees sometimes attain a height of two
hundred feet, and the branches regular in
formation as already stated, are rather short
and droop gracefully at the tips.
EACH 10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Golden (T. orientalis aurea). Elegant variety,
regular habit; foliage beautifully tinged with gold in the spring.
gold in the spring. EACH 10
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft\$3 00
Balled 3 to 4 ft 2 00 \$15 00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft
Hovey's Golden (T. occidentalis Hoveyi). Glob-
ular in outline with bright green foliage. Very
distinct, well adapted for small gardens. EACH
Balled. 1½ to 2 ft. 1 00
20100, 12 00 2 10



Golden Arborvitæ

Arborvitæ, Weeping ( <i>T. fitiformis</i> ). Weeping variety, with pendulous thread-like branches; foliage light yellowish green.   EACH   10
BRACHYCHITON (Sterculia acerifolia; Flame
Tree). Of pyramidal habit, with large, light
green, deeply lobed, maple-like leaves. This
is a very popular and desirable tree for street
and lawn planting. It grows fairly tall—sixty
feet is about the average—and is notable for
its brilliant flowers. These are scarlet, almost
an inch long, and are borne in great clusters;
as may readily be imagined, the effect is most
striking. A decided advantage is the fact that
this tree succeeds well either in dry or fairly
moist locations. EACH 10
Pots, 4 to 5 ft
Pots, 3 to 4 ft
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
Diversifolia (Victorian Bottle Tree). A mag-
nificent avenue tree with graceful tapering
trunk. Foliage bright glossy green, deeply
lobed; shape changes constantly throughout
the season.
Populneum (Poplar Leaved). Similar to pre-
ceding; leaves poplar-shaped.
grand, rear es popular suspecti

Bare roots, 8 to 10 ft. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$10 00 \$\frac{975}{2}\$ 00 \$\frac CALIFORNIA LAUREL, or Bay Tree (Umbellularia). A very rapid-growing tree, with glossy, oblong leaves and foliage emitting an agreeable

Prices of Diversifolia and Populneum.

oblong leaves and foliage emitting an agreeable perfume. Pots, I to 1½ ft., 75 cts.

CALIFORNIA BIG TREE (Sequoia gigantea). A magnificent park, avenue or specimen tree, of pyramidal form; lower branches sweeping ground. Foliage bluish green, completely covering the branches. This is the "Big Tree of California" that every one knows so well. Many specimens still living have attained enormous size—twenty-five or more feet in diameter is not unusual—and their age is variously estimated at from 1,500 to 5,000 years. The seeds are in roundish-oblong cones, 2 to 3 or more inches long. years. The seeds are in rou 2 to 3 or more inches long.

EACH Boxed, 6 to 7 ft. . . . . \$6 00 15 00 12 00 \$100 00 4 00 30 00

Pots, 10 to 12 in. . . . . 40 3 00

CALIFORNIA REDWOOD (Sequoia sempervirens). A valuable ornamental tree, of rapid growth and of a tapering pyramidal habit. Leaves dark green with two pale bands beneath. This tree sometimes attains a height of from two to four hundred feet, with a diameter of ten to twenty five feet. The seed-cones, measuring 1 inch or less in length, are borne on long, drooping stems. The wood of this tree has a considerable market value; it is light and durable, and is easily worked. It is extensively employed in the construction of buildings and for various manufacturing purposes.

EACH 10

| Description |

Sempervirens glauca. New. Same as the preceding, with the exception that it is more compact, and of a beautiful glaucous blue color. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$2 each.

CAMPHOR TREE (Camphora officinalis). A most symmetrical, ornamental tree, thriving in poor soil; foliage bright green. Well adapted for lawn, street and avenue planting.

								EACH		10		100	
Pots,	5	to	6	ft				. \$1	00	\$7	50		
Pots,	4	to	5	ft					75	6	00	\$50	00
Pots,	3	to	4	ft					60	5	00	40	00
Pots.	2	to	3	ft					50	4	00	30	00
Pots.	1	to	1	l ft.					40	. 3	00		



Casuarina stricta

UARINA (The Beefwoods). Native of Australia; extremely hard; of reddish color, CASUARINA hence the name.

75 60 6 00 4 00 50

Stricta (C. quadrivalvis). Is of more erect habit than the preceding, but does not grow as tall. EACH 10
Pots, 4 to 5 ft. S0 75 \$6 00
Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 50 4 00

CEDAR (Cedrus). Of majestic habit; valuable for planting grounds or avenues, where shade is not an object. Will succeed all over California.

Atlantica (Mt. Atlas Cedar). A hand-some, pyramidal tree; silvery green foli-age; branches have an upright tendency.

EACH Boxed, 5 to 6 ft. . \$5 00 Boxed, 5 to 0 tt. .so oo Boxed, 4 to 5 ft. . 4 00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. . 3 00 825 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. . 2 50 20 00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. . 2 00 15 00 8125 00 Pots, 1 to 1½ ft... 40 3 00 25 00 Atlantica glauca (Mt. Atlas Silver Cedar).

Pots, 1 to 1½ ft.....

Cedar Deodara (Himalayan, or Indian Cedar). Exceedingly handsome; drooping branches and silvery green foliage; very popular. The most rapid growing of all Cedars. EACH

Boxed, 10 to 12 ft. \$10 00 Boxed, 8 to 10 ft... Boxed, 6 to 8 ft... Tubs, 4 to 5 ft. . . . . 3 00
Tubs, 3 to 4 ft. . . . 2 50
Balled, 5 to 6 ft. . . 4 00 \$30 00 \$200 00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. . 2 50 20 00 175 00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft. . 2 50 15 00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft. . 1 50 12 50
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft. . . . 40 3 00

dara aurea variages\* 8 00 Deodara aurea variegata (Golden Variegated).

Deodara verticillata glauca (Blue Cedar). Very picturesque; branches rather irregular and clothed with silvery blue foliage; very dis-

Libani (Cedar of Lebanon). Vigorous, compact, sturdy growth; foliage dark green; lustrous.

Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$3 00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2 50 \$20 00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 50 12 50

CEPHALOTAXUS Fortunei (Cluster-Flowered



TREES, SHRUDS, EVER	_
CRYPTOMERIA Japonica (Japan Cedar).	
CRYPTOMERIA         Japonica         (Japan         Cedar).           Large, elongated, pyramidal tree, with straight, slender, tapering trunk; fern-like, upward spreading branches.         EACH         10           Balled, 6 to 8 ft.         \$3 00           Balled, 4 to 5 ft.         2 00 \$15 00           Balled, 3 to 4 ft.         1 50           Pots, 1 to 1 ft.         60 5 00           Japonica elegans         Elegant Japanese Cedar).           Low dense tree with borizontal and pendulous	١
slender, tapering trunk; fern-like, upward	ı
spreading branches, EACH 10 Ralled 6 to 8 ft \$3 00	1
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	İ
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1 50	l
Japonica elegans (Elegant Japanese Cedar).	ı
Low, dense tree, with horizontal and pendulous	ļ
Low, dense tree, with horizontal and pendulous branchlets; leaves soft, and of bronzy crimson in fall and winter.	Ì
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$2 50	1
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2 00	١
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2 00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 50 Pots, 1 to 1½ ft. 40 3 00	
	ı
CYPRESS (Cupressus). This includes numerous varieties well adapted to California, all having aromatic foliage. Not particular about soils but prefer deep, sandy loams.  Arizonica (Arizona Cypress). Rare slender pyramidal; foliage pale, glaucous green, brown in winter. Pots, 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.  Funebris (Funeral Cypress). A noble tree, with wide, drooping branches.  EACH 10	ì
aromatic foliage. Not particular about soils	
but prefer deep, sandy loams.	ı
pyramidal; foliage pale, glaucous green, brown	
in winter. Pots, 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.	
wide drooping branches EACH 10	
Boxed, 6 to 8 ft\$4 00	
Balled, 5 to 6 ft	
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft	
forming a handsome crown. EACH 10	
Pots, 3 to 4 ft\$1 00	
Funebris (Funeral Cypress). A noble tree, with wide, drooping branches.         EACH         10           Boxed, 6 to 8 ft.         \$4 00         \$15 00         \$15 00           Balled, 5 to 6 ft.         \$2 00 \$15 00         \$15 00         \$15 00           Balled, 4 to 5 ft.         \$1 50 12 00         \$15 00	
conspicuous; branches horizontal, slightly pen-	
dulous; foliage dark green. Fine for grouping	
or single specimens, EACH 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft \$1 50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 25 \$10 00  Pots, 1½ to 2 ft 40 3 00  Pots, 1 to 1½ ft 30 2 50  Lawsoniana erecta viridis (Erect Green Lawson Cypress). Upright, dense columnar habit; bright green foliage.	
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft	
Lawsoniana erecta viridis (Erect Green Lawson	
Cypress). Upright, dense columnar habit;	
bright green foliage. EACH 10	
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	
bright green foliage. EACH 10  Balled, 3 to 4 ft	1
Lawsoniana glauca coerulea (Blue Lawson	ı
foliage. EACH	ı
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft	ı
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft	ı
Young foliage; clear yellow. Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.,	
75 cts. each.  Macrocarpa Guadalupensis (Blue Cypress).  Branches spreading; foliage silvery blue	ĺ
	I
	ı
Boxed, 6 to 8 it\$5 00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1 50 \$12 50	١
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1 25 10 00	1
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 50	1
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft 30 2 50 20 00	Į
attractive. EACH 10 100  Boxed, 6 to 8 ft	
of the preceding; early foliage, suffused with yellow.	
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	
<b>Macrocarpa</b> (Monterey). One of California's famous trees; foliage grayish green; desirable	
for hedges. Each 10	ı
Boxed, 8 to 10 ft\$2 00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft 1 00 \$7 50	
Balled, 6 to 8 ft	l
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	
Pots, 4 to 5 ft	
Pots, 2 to 3 ft	
Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 in., \$2 per	
100, \$17.50 per 1,000. Stricta viridis. Erect; fine specimen tree. Pots,	
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 75 cts. each.	
Sempervirens fastigiata (Italian Pyramidal).	
Tall, tapering; branches erect, growing parallel with trunk; branches frond-like. Leaves	
mooth, deep green.	
Tubs and Boxes— EACH 10 8 to 10 ft\$3 00	
6 to 8 ft 2 50	
4 to 5 ft	
Balled, 6 to 8 ft	-

#### 

ERIOBOTRYA (Loquat, Variegated; E. Japonica variegata). Elegant for house, lawn or grouping; foliage variegated and crumpled. Flowers fragrant, yellowish white. November. Produces a delicious, subacid, golden-yellow fruit in the spring, which is highly prized in many markets, on account of its flavor and attractive appearance. An unique feature of the fruit is the fact that pulp and rind are eaten together. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$2 each.



Camphor Tree (see page 31)

#### EUCALYPTUS (The Gum Tree)

More extensively planted than all other deciduous and evergreen trees combined. Timber used by ship-builders, railroad engineers, implement makers, etc. Every farm, even the smallest, should have its Eucalyptus grove—particularly where firewood is scarce. The tree is a native of Australia and serves a variety of purposes—for example, it is often planted in damp, swampy places, where it acts as a sort of drain, absorbing excess moisture and frequently improving an otherwise malarial locality. The ornamental value of the Eucalyptus is considerable and its merits in this connection should not be overlooked.

Calophylla. Very slow grower; immense clusters of creamy white flowers and large seed-cones.
Good for small gardens. EACH 10
Pots, 4 to 5 ft
Pots, 3 to 4 ft 40 3 00
Citriodora (Lemon Scented). A handsome, fast-
growing tree, one of the most attractive.
Leaves have lemon odor. EACH 10
Pots, 4 to 5 ft\$0 60 \$5 00
Pots, 3 to 4 ft
Corynocalyx. Beautiful, upright grower; dis-
tinet, bright, shiny leaves; timber very dur-
able. A graceful avenue tree. EACH 10
Pots, 5 to 6 ft\$0 50 \$4 00
Pots, 4 to 5 ft
Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 in., \$2 per
100, \$16 per 1,000.
Crebra (Narrow-Leaved Iron Bark). Extremely

 Crebra (Narrow-Leaved Iron Bark).
 Extremely hardy; stands great extremes of heat.
 Wood hard, elastic; very heavy.
 EACH 10

 Pots, 3 to 4 ft.
 \$0.50 \$4.00
 Pots, 2 to 3 ft.
 40 3.00

 Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 in., \$2.50 per 100, \$20 per 1,000.
 \$2.50 per 1,000.

#### EUCALYPTUS, continued

Ficifolia (Crimson-flowering). A unique type; dwarfish habit, large, dark green leaves and great clusters of brilliant scarlet flowers. Seed-cones so large they are often used for pipe bowls.

glossy green; immense clusters of white flowers in fall and winter make it desir-

Pots, 3 to 4 ft.. 30 2 50 20 00 Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 in., \$2 per 100, \$15 per 1,000.

100, \$16 per 1,000.

Tereticornis (Forest Red Gum). Fully as rapid a grower as the Rostrata; timber somewhat more durable. Said by some Australian authorities to lead as a commercial timber. EACH 10 100

ead as a commercial EACH 10 100 cots, 4 to 5 ft......\$0.40 \$3.00 cots 3 to 4 ft......\$30 2 50 \$27.700 Pots, 3 to 4 ft....... 30 2 50 \$20 00 Transplanted in flats., 10 to 12 in., \$1.75 per 100, \$15 per 1,000.



Eucalyptus rostrata



Blue Cypress (see page 33)

EUCALYPTUS, continued

VIMITALIST (Manna Gum). Very hardy; of rapid growth; a fine avenue tree, with long, graceful, festoon-like branches. Possesses a number of distinct advantages, among them its notable hardiness and resistance to winds. The timber hardiness and resistance to winds. The timber is not so strong as that of certain other species, but is nevertheless good for various purposes, such as making building materials, fence rails, etc. Pots, 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10. Transplanted in flats, \$2 per 100, \$16 per 1,000.

#### NEW AND SCARCE VARIETIES

EACH

\$5 00 4 00 Pots, 4 to 5 ft..... .\$0 60 Pots, 3 to 4 ft..... 50 Amygdalina Lehmanni Blackburniana Leucoxylon Bosistiana Leucoxylon rosea Botryoides Melliodora Cajaputea Muelleriana Cornuta Pilularis Corymbosa Punctata Resinifera Decipiera Diversicolor Sideroxylon Goniocalyx Siderophloia Stuartiana Gunnii Hemiphloia Yellow Species

FICUS elastica (Rubber Tree). Popular for in-US elastica (Rubber Tree). Popular for indoor decoration; leaves large, dark, glossy green above, yellowish beneath. Has a habit of staying bright and attractive even when neglected, is hardly practicable outdoors except along southern coasts.

•															E.	CH
Pots.	4	to	5	ft											\$2	00
Pots,	3	to	4	ft											1	50
Pots.																

Macrophylla (Moreton Bay Fig). Hardier than acrophylla (Moreton Bay rig). Harder than the above, and with somewhat smaller leaves; valuable for indoor and outdoor planting.

Pots, 4 to 5	ft	\$1 50
Pots, 3 to 4	ft	1 25
Pots, 2 to 3	ft	1 00



Grevillea robusta

Grevinea robusta
GREVILLEA robusta         (Silk Oak).         Very graceful, fern-like leaves; of rapid growth, covered with yellow flowers in early summer.         Resists drought; one of the most stately for avenue and lawn.         ExcH         10         100           Pots, 5 to 7 ft.         \$0         75         \$6         00         \$50         00         \$50         00         \$00         40         03         50         00         \$50         00         \$20         00
<b>HOLLY, European</b> ( <i>Ilex aquifolium</i> ). A small
tree; shining, dark green; thorny leaves; bright red berries in winter. EACH 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft
lata). Leaves blotched creamy yellow, with a
green border. EACH
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$1 50
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft
Viridis. Very erect; leaves bright green. Pots.
virials. Very erect; leaves bright green. Fots.
1 to 1½ ft., \$1 each.
JACARANDA mimosæfolia. A symmetrical
tree; fern-like leaves; flowers blue or violet.
appearing in early summer. EACH 10 Pots, 5 to 6 ft
Pots, 5 to 6 ft
Pots, 4 to 5 ft
Pots, 3 to 4 ft 60 5 00
JUNIPER (Juniperus). Hardy and ornamental;
of pyramidal or columnar habit; for hedges
and windbreaks. Good for interior wood work.
Bermudiana (Bermuda Juniper). A very beau-
tiful tree; foliage pale, bluish green. EACH Balled, 6 to 8 ft
Balled, 4 to 6 ft
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
<b>Irish</b> (J. communis Hibernica). An erect, dense,
conical tree. Each 10
Balled, 5 to 7 ft\$2 50
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2 00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1 25 \$10 00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft.       2 00         Balled, 3 to 4 ft.       1 25 \$10 00         Balled, 2 to 3 ft.       1 00 8 00
<b>Japan</b> (J. Japonica). Of pyramidal habit, with
grayish green foliage. EACH Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1 25
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 00

Juniper, Japan Golden (J. Japanese aurea). Spreading habit; foliage beautiful golden.
Spreading habit; foliage beautiful golden,
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft., \$1 each.
Large-fruited (J. macrocarpa). Dense, pyramidal
outline; foliage bluish green; leaves spiny. EACH
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$0 75
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft
Savin (J. sabina). Low shrub, trailing branches;
foliage dense, dark green. EACH Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$2 00
Palled 2 to 2 ft 1 50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
as above; small branchlets variegated with
creamy white. EACH
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1 50
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1 25
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
foliage green, or bronze-green. EACH 10 Balled, 6 to 8 ft\$2 00
Balled, 6 to 8 ft\$2 00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft
Balled, 3 to 4 it 1 00 8 00
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
LIBOCEDRUS (Incense Cedar). A valuable park
and lawn tree, of pyramidal form; foliage
bright green.
Chilensis (Chilian Cedar). Silvery foliage;
broad, drooping branches, ascending towards
the summit, and quite erect at top.
Boxed, 5 to 7 ft\$4 00
Boxed, 5 to 7 ft
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft
Chilensis variegata (Variegated Chilian Cedar).
Another form of the above; golden, variegated
branchlets. Pots, 1 to 1½ ft., \$1 each.
Chilensis viridis (Green Chilian Cedar). Of
Chilensis viridis (Green Chilian Cedar). Of same general type, but light green foliage.
EACH
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$2 50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 2 00
Balled, 1 to 2 ft 1 50
Decurrens (Incense Cedar). Distinct, erect,
compact; stout trunk, and bright, glossy
green leaves. EACH 10 In 20-in, tubs, 6 to 8 ft\$6 00
Balled, 4 to 6 ft
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
MADRONA (Arbutus Menziesi). Foliage thick,
leathery, bright green; bark smooth, brownish
red: flowers white, fragrant: white berries.
red; flowers white, fragrant; white berries. Pots, 10 to 12 in., 75 cts. each.



Libocedrus decurrens

	_
MAGNOLIA. One of the grandest of broad-	
leaved evergreens; flowers fragrant, 10 to 12 inches across. Blooms abundantly	
in May and June, succeeded by cone-	
like fruits, bearing seeds of deep coral-	
red in October.	
Grandiflora (Bull Bay). Foliage thick.	
<b>Grandiflora</b> (Bull Bay). Foliage thick, brilliant green on the upper surface,	
and rusty underneath; flowers pure	
waxy white. EACH 10 100	
Tubs and Boxes—	
8 to 10 ft \$8 00 6 to 8 ft 6 00	
4 to 6 ft 5 00	
Balled—	7
6 to 8 ft 4 00	И
5 to 6 ft 2 00 \$15 00	U
4 to 5 ft 1 50 12 50 \$100 00	A
3 to 4 ft 1 25 10 00 90 00	
Pots—	
Fots— 4 to 5 ft 1 00 8 00 3 to 4 ft 75 6 00 50 00 2 to 3 ft 60 5 00 40 00 12 to 18 in 30 2 50 20 00 10 to 12 in 25 2 00 15 00  Grandifora Exoniensis (Exmouth	
2 to 3 ft 60 5 00 40 00	
12 to 18 in 30 2 50 20 00	П
10 to 12 in 25 2 00 15 00	P
	40
Magnolia); Hardiest of Magnolias;	160
begins blooming young. flowers large, pure white, double.	
Pots. 3 to 4 ft. \$2 00	-
Pots, 3 to 4 ft	-
OAK (Quercus). The evergreen Oaks are among our most picturesque trees:	1
among our most picturesque trees; recommended for parks and avenues.	
California Live Oak (Q. agrifolia). The	
well-known majestic evergreen, grow-	
ing abundantly along the shores of	
San Francisco Bay.         Each 10           Balled, 5 to 7 ft.         \$2 00           Balled, 4 to 5 ft.         1 50 \$12 5	
Balled, 5 to 4 ft	0
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	
Pots, 4 to 5 ft	
Pots, 3 to 4 ft	
Pots, 3 to 4 ft	0
'Cork (Q. Suber). Upright: outer bark furnished	es
cork of commerce. For avenue, park and stree	t.
EACH 10 100	)
Balled, 5 to 7 ft\$2 00	
Pots 4 to 5 ft 1 00 7 50	
Pots, 4 to 5 ft 1 00 7 50 Pots, 3 to 4 ft 75 6 00 \$50 0	n
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 1 50 \$12 50 Pots, 4 to 5 ft. 1 00 7 50 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 75 6 00 \$50 0 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 60 5 00 40 0	0
Pots, 2 to 3 ft 60 5 00 40 0 <b>Holly-Leaved</b> (Q. Ilex). Medium; of upright	ıt
growth; beautiful for grouping. EAC	H
Pots, 4 to 5 ft\$1 5	
Pots, 3 to 4 ft 1 0	0
ORANGE, Seville (Citrus amara). Leaves dee	p
<b>ORANGE, Seville</b> (Citrus amara). Leaves dee green, aromatic; flowers white, fragrant; fruit	it
bitter. Balled, 3 to 4 ft., \$1 each.  Flowering (Bouquet des Fleurs). Dense, roun	1
riowering (Bouquet des Fleurs). Dense, roun-	1
head; leaves narrow, oddly recurved; flower in large clusters; fruit has horn-shaped pro- jections. Balled, 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50 each.	3
iections. Balled, 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50 each.	,-
good a responsibility of the second contraction of the second contract	



Parkinsonia aculeata



PARKINSONIA aculeata (Jerusalem Thorn). A rare and beautiful thorny tree, with needle-like leaves; feathery, drooping branches, and yellowish flowers. Suitable for lawns. Pots, yellowish flowers. S  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 ft., \$1 each.

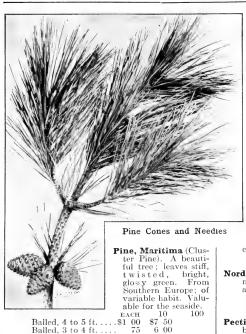
PEPPER TREE (Schinus Molle). **PER TREE** (Schinus Molle). A most picturesque park, avenue, or shade tree. Feathery foliage, yellowish white blossoms, followed by rose-colored or deep red berries.

				E.	CH		10	10	00
Pots, 5	to	6	ft	. \$0	70	\$6	00	\$50	00
Pots, 4	to	5	ft		60	5	00	40	00
Pots, 3	to	$^4$	ft		50	4	00	30	00

PINE (Pinus). One of the most important timber trees; usually tall, spreading, pyramidal or round topped. Valuable for parks, gardens and massing. Austriaca (Austrian Pine). Robust, hardy, spreading: leaves rigid, dark green: thrives in

exposed situations. EACH	10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1 50 \$12	2 - 50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1 25 10	00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 00	7 50
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft	3 00
Coulteri (Bull Pine). Stout branches, droo	ping
below, and ascending above, form a lo	ose,
	ACH
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	1 50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft	50
Halepensis (Aleppo Pine). A fine variety,	with

B																y, w	
	de	ense.	, bl	ui:	$^{\mathrm{sh}}$	fo	lia	20	Э.					EA	CH	1	0
		Bal	led,	8	to	10	) f	١.						\$2	00	\$15	00
																12	
		Bal	led,	4	to	5	ft.							1	25	10	00
		Bal	led,	3	to	4	ft.							1	00	7	50
		Bal	led.	2	to	3	ft.								75	6	00
_				_				_			-						



Balled, 3 to 4 ft	6 00	
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 75 Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 40	3 00	\$25 00
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 30	2 50	20 00
Montana (Swiss Mountain Pir	eH (a	ndsome
spreading, low-growing; brigh		
spreading, low-growing; brigh	EACH	
D-11-1 11 4- 9 ft		
Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		3 00
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	40	
Pinea (Parasol Pine). Branches	spreadi	ng; usu-
ally clustered at top of tree.		
Balled, 4 to 6 ft	\$1 50	
Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	75	6 00
Ponderosa (Yellow Pine). A gr	eat timb	er tree.
Rapid grower, perfectly hardy	. EACH	10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	\$1 25	\$10 00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	. 1 00	7 00
Pots, 12 to 15 in	30	2 50
Strobus (Weymouth Pine).	Verv ta	Il tree:
branches horizontal, in regular	r whorls	: leaves
soft, bluish green.	EACH	10
Balled, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$1.50	
Pots, 12 to 15 in	50	\$4 00
Sylvestris (Scotch Pine). Of rob		
pendulous branches; leaves bl		
EACH		100
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1 00		100
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 75		
Date 19 to 15 in 20	9 50	890 00
Pots, 12 to 15 in 30 <b>Torreyana</b> (Soledad Pine). Bra	2 00 nahaa ar	and in a
		пеаding
or ascending; leaves rigid, dark	green.	10

	EACH	10
Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	.\$0 75	\$6 00
Pots, I to 1½ ft		
RETINOSPORA ericoides (Japan		
Dwarf; foliage bright green ab		
beneath; ruddy in winter.	EACH	10
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	.81 - 00	87 50
Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	. 75	
Balled, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
Plumosa aurea (Golden Japan	iese C	ypress).
Dense growing, more conical th	an pre	eceding.
Young shoots and foliage golder	a yello	W. EACH
Balled, 2 to 3 ft		\$1 25
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft		

10

EACH

SCIADOPITYS verticillata (Umbrella Pine). Branches in regular whorls; leaves deep green, lustrous. A fine lawn tree; not adapted to the interior valley;; does well on the coast. Pots 1 to 1½ ft., \$1.25 each.

#### SPRUCE AND FIRS (Abies)

In habit of growth the Spruces are very similar to the Firs, but the branches stand out from the main stem more horizontally, and not so closely together. Distinguished from the Firs mainly by

#### SPRUCE AND FIRS, continued

their drooping cones and linear flat leaves on the upper side of the branches; the Firs have their needles short and scattered all around the branches.

	around the branches.
	Alba (White Spruce). Foliage silvery gray,
-	with strong aromatic odor when
-	
-	Balled, 2 to 3 ft \$1 50 \$12 50
-	Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 25 10 00
	Pots. 1 to 1 ft 40 3 00
	<b>Douglasi</b> (Douglas Spruce). A magnificent, rapid-growing, native tree of sym-
_	rapid-growing, native tree of sym-
	metrical habit. EACH 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1 50
	Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1 50
-:	Pots, 2 to 3 ft 1 00 \$7 50 Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 75 6 00
Diff.	Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 75 6 00
	Excelsa (Norway Spruce). A lofty, rapid
- in	grower; branches assume a graceful
	drooping habit. Balled, 2 to 3 ft.,
	\$1.25 each, \$10 for 10. <b>Firma</b> (Japanese Silver Fir). Beautiful.
	erect tree; leaves deep glossy green
	Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1 25
	Balled 2 to 3 ft 1 00
es	Balled, 2 to 3 ft
	Spruce; foliage rich blue or sage
	color. Each
	Balled, 1½ to 2 ft\$1 00
	Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft
	dmanniana (Nordman's Silver Fir). Very sym-
	metrical; foliage massive, dark green glossy
	above, slightly glaucous below. EACH 10
	Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
	Balled, 1 to 1½ ft
Door	Pots, 12 to 15 in
	branches, broad silvery foliage. EACH 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1 25
	Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft
Pine	apo (Spanish Silver Fir). Very regular and
	symmetrical in habit; leaves bright green above,
	cilrony bonooth
	Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$2 00 \$15 00
	Balled, 1± to 2 ft
	Pots, 10 to 12 in
Pun	gens (Colorado Spruce). Branches in regular
	whorls, gradually receding toward top, and forming a conical outline. Leaves vary from
	forming a conical outline. Leaves vary from
	green to silvery white. Each 10  Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1 50  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
	Palled 11 to 2 ft
	Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
Pun	Pots, 1 to 1½ ft
4 um	of preceding. The most beautiful of Sprugge
	for garden or lawn; foliage silvery blue. Balled,

P oliage silvery blue. Balled,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 ft., \$2.50 each.



Pinus Austriaca (see page 36)



Abies Nordmanniana (see page 37)

STERCULIA. See Brachychiton.	
THUYOPSIS borealis (Nootka Sound Co	ypress).
120 feet. Very desirable; pyramidal	habit,
with light, glossy green foliage. EACH	
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$2 00	
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1 50	12 00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 25	10 00
Pots, 10 to 12 in 50	

Thuyopsis Dolobrata (Hatchet-leaved Arborvitæ). Leaves shining green above, silvery beneath.
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.
Dolobrata variegata (Variegated Axe-Leaved Arborvitæ). Similar to above; ends of bran-
ches tipped with pale yellow. Pots, 1 to 1½ ft
75 cts. each.
·
TORREYA nucifera (Japan Nutmeg). Branches regular whorls, Yew-like; leaves leathery, dark green. Bark bright red, contrasting strongly with the foliage.  Balled, 3 to 4 ft
UMBRELLA PINE. See Sciadopitys.
YEW (Taxus). Very desirable for park planting;
densely clothed with dark green. Wood heavy,
hard, close-grained, strong, elastic, reddish;
highly valued for cabinet-making.
Baccata (English Yew). Slow growth; densely
branched, spreading head; dark green leaves.
EACH 10
12-in. tub, 6 to 8 ft\$3 50
Balled, 4 to 5 ft
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft
most valuable, dwarf, golden-leaved evergreens;
new leaves bright straw-color. EACH
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1 50
Balled 1½ to 2 ft \$1.25
Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 25 <b>Irish pyramidal</b> ( <i>T. baccata fastigiata</i> ). An
upright-growing variety; deep, dark green
foliage. Each 10
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1 50
Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
variegata). Same habit as above, including the
spreading and very dense growing habit, and
most compact head, but with part of the foli-
age striped and margined with silvery white or
pale straw-colored blotches. EACH Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1 50
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
Daneu, 17 to 2 1t 1 23

### **EVERGREEN SHRUBS**

ABELIA grandiflora (Hybrid Abelia). Of strag-
gling growth; small, whitish pink, fragrant,
tube-like flowers all summer. EACH 10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1 25 \$10 00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1 00 7 50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
ARALIA papyrifera (Rice Paper Plant). Small
tree or shrub; leaves large, deeply lobed, light
green above, downy beneath. Pots, 3 to 4 ft.,
\$1 each, \$7.50 for 10.
Sieboldii (Japanese Aralia). Large, glossy pal-
mate leaves. Each
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft 1 00
Sieboldii variegata (Japanese Variegated Aralia). Similar to preceding; leaves broadly
Aralia). Similar to preceding; leaves broadly
marked with creamy white. EACH 10
Pots, 2 to 3 ft\$1 50
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft 1 00 \$7 50
ARBUTUS Unedo (Strawberry Tree). Foliage
dark green; blooms in fall and matures edible
fruits, identical in appearance with straw-
berries. EACH 10
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft
ARDISIA crenulata. Dwarf shrub, with dark,
glossy green leaves; flowers white, followed by
drooping clusters of red berries. Pots, 12 to 15
in., \$1 each.
AUCUBA Japonica (Japanese Laurel). Leaves
large, distinctly speckled with golden yellow.
' EACH
Pots, 2 to 3 ft\$1 25
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft
Japonica aureo-maculata (Gold Dust Laurel).
A form of the above, with yellow spotted leaves.
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft
1000, 110 12 10 1 00 38 00

AZARA microphylla. A graceful shrub, with dark shining green leaves; flowers greenish yellow, succeeded by orange-colored berries.    EACH   10
BERBERIS Darwini (Darwin's Barberry). A spreading shrub, with thick, leathery foliage; flowers orange-yellow, very fragrant, followed by dark purple fruit. EACH 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$1 25 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 100 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. 75 Pots, 12 to 15 in. 30 \$2 50 Ilicifolia (Holly-Leaved Barberry). Of low, dense growth, brilliant red fruits, scarlet in
fall. EACH 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft       \$1 25 \$10 00         Balled, 2 to 3 ft       1 00 7 50         Pots, 12 to 15 in       40 3 00
BOX (Buxus). Shrubs of dense, rather slow growth, with shining foliage; valuable for grouping, lawn decoration and hedge purposes.  Sempervirens (Tree Box). Large shrubs of
dense habit, with small, green foliage.
EACH 10 100
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Samparvisans argentee marginate (Silver

Striped-Leaved Box Tree)			
as the above, but with sil	very :	striped	leaves.
E.A	CH	10	100
Balled, 3 to 4 ft \$1	25 \$1	0 00	
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1	00	8 00	\$70 00
Balled, 11 to 2 ft	75	6 00	50 00
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft			25 00

Sempervirens argenteo-marginata

(Silver



Dwarf Box

Box, continued.
Sempervirens aurea (Golden - Leaved Box
Tree). Leaves striped and variegated with golden.
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft
Pots. 1 to 1½ ft
Sempervirens suffruticosa (Dwarf Box).
Sempervirens suffruticosa (Dwarf Box). Small bush, with glossy, roundish leaves;
extensively used for edging. EACH 10
extensively used for edging. EACH 10 Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft
Pots, 10 to 12 in
<b>BROOM</b> (Cytisus). Will succeed in almost any soil or situation. The large, pea-shaped flowers
soil or situation. The large, pea-shaped flowers
appear profusely in the spring, followed by
small pods; leaves rounded elongation of the
stem.
Andreana (C. scoparius Andreanus). New. A beautiful new variety. Flowers golden yellow,
beautiful new variety. Flowers golden yellow,
with rich, velvety purple and crimson wings. Pots, 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each.
Canariensis (Canary Island Broom). A much-
branched shrub with bright vollow flowers
branched shrub, with bright yellow flowers. Pots, 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.
Scotch (C scanarius) Drooping branches:
Scotch (C. scoparius). Drooping branches; covered in spring with bright yellow, pea-
shaped flowers. Pots, 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each,
\$4 for 10.
Spanish (C. Hispanica). An upright-growing
shrub; flowers yellow, on long, drooping, leaf-
less branches. EACH 10
Pots, 3 to 4 ft
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
BURNING BUSH (Cratægus Pyracantha). A
thick, thorny shrub; foliage small, rich, bronzy, glossy green color; white flowers, fol-
bronzy, glossy green color; white flowers, fol-
lowed by masses of crimson berries, persisting all winter.
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1 50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft
CAMELLIA Japonica. Beautiful winter-flowering
evergreens, with dark glossy green foliage and magnificent waxy flowers of various
and magnificent waxy flowers of various
colors. EACH
Pots, 3 to 4 ft\$2 00
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft
<b>Double Pink.</b> Blooms early, one of the best. <b>Double Red.</b> Flowers very double, largest size;
beautiful red.
Double Red and White. Flowers double red,
striped white; free flowering.
<b>Double White.</b> Produces abundance of large,
pure white, double flowers.

CARPENTERIA Californica. Tall shrub, with pure white, fragrant flowers. Pots, 1 to 1} ft., \$1.50 each.

CASSIA corymbosa (Wild Senna). An elegant
shrub, with yellow flowers. EACH 10
Pots, 3 to 4 ft\$0 40 \$3 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft30 2 50
Floribunda. Many-flowered. Similar to the above; very free flowering. EACH 10
CASSIA corymbosa (Wild Senna). An elegant shrub, with yellow flowers. EACH 10   Pots, 3 to 4 ft
Pots. 2 to 3 ft
CEANOTHUS azureus. Flowers pale blue;
leaves bright green above, downy beneath.
EACH CLASS
Pots 2 to 3 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
late; large blue flowers. Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 75
cts. each.
<b>CESTRUM aurantiacum.</b> Free-flowering evergreen shrub; covered all summer with orange-
colored flowers FACH 10
Pots, 2 to 3 ft \$0 60 \$5 00 Pots, 1½ to 2 ft 50 4 00
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft
folia) Shrub or small tree with brilliant folia
CHERRY, California Evergreen (Cerasus ilici- folia). Shrub or small tree, with brilliant foli- age, lighter than Holly; flowers white, fruit purple or blackish.
purple or blackish. EACH 10
Pots, 4 to 5 ft
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 2 to 3 ft 50 4 00  Broad-Leaved (C. integrifolia). Similar to preceding; leaves larger, with few spines;
flowers more numerous, and the fruit much
larger.
CHOISYA ternata (Mexican Orange). Low-
growing shrub; glossy, bright green, fragrant leaves and abundant, snowy, sweet-scented flowers during the entire season. EACH 10 Pots, 1½ to 2 ft
flowers during the entire season FACH 10
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$0 50 \$4 00
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft
CHRISTMAS BERRY (Heteromeles arbutifolia). Native of California; white flowers and clusters
of deep red berries, persisting until February.
71.00 10
Pots, 2 to 3 ft \$0 60 \$5 00 Pots, 1 to 1½ ft 40 3 50
COLLETIA cruciata. Curious shrubs, with oval,
spiny leaves; flowers small, white.
EACH 10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
COPROSMA Baueriana picturata. Dense
growing; has rounded, glossy green leaves.
EACH 10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft
leaves have a broad white margin Pots 1 to
Bailed, 3 to 4 ft
CORONILLA Emerus (Scorpion Senna). Dense.
shapely shrub; flowers large, showy, yellow, tipped with red.  EACH 10
tipped with red. EACH 10  Balled, 4 to 6 ft\$0 75
Balled, 4 to 6 ft. \$0 75 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 60 \$5 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 40 3 00
Pots, 2 to 3 ft 40 3 00
S 160

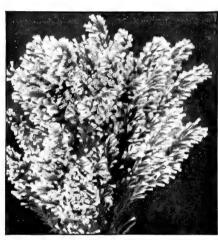


Camellia Japonica

CORONILLA, continued Glauca. Foliage glaucous, green; masses of yel low flowers in summer. Fragrant in daytime scentless at night. Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding leaves mottled yellow.
COTONEASTER microphylla. Low; branches almost horizontal; flowers small, white, followed by bright red berries in the fall and winter months.  Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
DAPHNE odora (White Flowering). Low-growing dark, glossy foliage and very fragrant white flowers in winter. Pots, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25 each. Variegated (D. odora variegata). Similar to above; leaves are variegated and flowers pink. Pots, \$1.50 each.
DAPHNIPHYLLUM macropodum. Effective

shrub; large, broad, leathery leaves. Pots, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25 each.

DATURA arborea (Angel's Trumpet). Large shrub or tree; leaves 6 to 12 inches long, covered with fine "powder." Flowers creamy white, trumpet shaped, 7 to 8 inches long, with a musk-like odor. Blooms all summer. Pots, 1½ to 2 ft., 60 ets. each.



Fabiana imbricata

<b>DEERINGIA celesoides.</b> Pretty, graceful shrub;
light green foliage. Each 10
light green foliage. EACH 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
Celesoides variegata. Slender-growing shrub;
white margined leaves, and long spikes of
white flowers in summer, Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
DENDROPANAX Japonicus. Very unique and
attractive; has maple-like leaves and bears
white flowers and small round berries. EACH
Pots, 3 to 4 ft
Pots, 2 to 3 ft 1 00
DIOSMA ericoides (Breath of Heaven). Foliage
heath-like; agreeably fragrant; flowers white, small, star-shaped; used in floral work. Plant
hardy; very easily grown. EACH 10
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft
<b>DURANTA Plumieri</b> (Golden Dew Drop). Blue
flowers, oddly striped, in great profusion all
summer, followed by yellow berries.
EACH 10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1 00
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft

**EDGEWORTHIA papyritera.** Handsome foliage: fragrant, yellow flowers. Pots, 10 to 12 in.,

50 cts. each, \$4 for 10.

 
 Rosea.
 In general, same as preceding; flowers light pink.
 EACH
 10

 Balled, 4 to 5 ft.
 \$1 25
 \$1 25

 Balled, 3 to 4 ft.
 \$1 00
 \$6 00

 Balled, 2 to 3 ft.
 \$75
 \$6 00

 Pots, 10 to 12 in.
 \$30
 \$2 50

 Rubra.
 Branches erect, hairy; dwarf; shining green leaves, bright red flowers.
 EACH
 \$10

 Balled, 3 to 4 ft.
 \$80 75
 \$6 00

 Balled, 2 to 3 ft.
 \$60
 \$5 00

 Pots, 10 to 12 in.
 \$30
 \$2 50

 EUGENIA apiculata.
 Thick, dark green leaves; small fragrant myrtle-like flowers in abundance.
 JENIA apiculata. Thick, dark green leaves, small, fragrant, myrtle-like flowers in abundance. Pots, 10 to 12 in., 30c. ea., \$2.50 for 10. (yrtifolia (Australian Brush Cherry). Commonly called double-flowering myrtle; glossy leaves; quantities of small, double white flowers. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each. Myrtifolia EUONYMUS Japonicus (Evergreen Euonymus). Dense, upright; leaves dark, lustrous green; valuable for specimens or hedges. EACH Tubs, 2 to 3 ft......\$1 50

Balled, 4 to 5 ft...... 1 00 \$7 50 \$60 00

Balled, 3 to 4 ft...... 50 4 00

Japonicus, Due d'Anjou (Golden-blotched Euonymus). Foliage light green, outer edges variegated, broad, golden yellow band. Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. . . . . \$1 00
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft. . . . . 50 \$4 00

Japonicus aureus (Golden-leaved Euonymus).
Prized for its mottled, golden foliage. E..CH Balled, 3 to 4 ft... \$1 00 \$7 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft... 60 5 00 Pots, 10 to 12 in... 25 2 00 Japonicus albo-marginatus (Silver Margined Euonymus). Compact growth; leaves have narrow white margin. This one fine for hedge. Balled, 3 to 4 ft... \$0 75

Balled, 2 to 3 ft... 60 5 00

Pots, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) to 2 ft... 40 3 000

Japonicus argenteo-variegatus (Silver Variegated Euonymus). Upright; silvery variegated foliage.

Balled, 4 to 5 ft.

Balled, 3 to 4 ft.

75 \$6 00

Balled, 2 to 3 ft.

60 5 00

Pots, 1 to 1½ ft.

40 3 00 FABIANA imbricata. Erect growing shrub, with heath-like foliage; quantities of white, funnel-shaped flowers in summer. Is an extremely showy plant and attracts much attention. GARDENIA jasminoides (G. Florida; Cape Jasmine). Thick foliage; large, double, waxy, fragrant flowers. May to September. Pots, 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each.

ELÆAGNUS reflexa pungens (Bronze Oleaster). Spreading shrub, bronzy brown branches; leaves glossy green above, and silvery beneath.

each, \$2.50 for 10.

GARRYA elliptica (The Quinine Bush). Leaves
elliptical, dark green; shining above, hoary beneath; orange-colored flowers; black berries.
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
HARROTHAMNUS elegans (Coral Plant).
Strong-growing shrub; purplish red, trumpet-
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0 75
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
HEATH, Mediterranean (Erica Mediterranea).
Small and compact; feathery foliage, purplish
pink flowers in spring. EACH 10 100  Balled, 2 to 3 ft \$0 60  Balled, 1 to 2 ft 40 \$3 00  Pots, 2 to 3 ft 40 \$3 00  Pots, 1 to 2 ft 30 2 50 \$20 00  Cornish (E. vagans alba). Dwarf; white flowers.
Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 tt 40 \$3 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft 40 3 00
Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 30 2 50 \$20 00
EACH 10
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft\$0 50 Pots, 10 to 12 in40 \$3 00
HYPERICUM Moserianum (Gold Flower).
Hardy; abundant, single yellow flowers, 2 in. across; leaves dark green, ovate. EACH 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0 50 \$4 00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0 50 \$4 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
LAGUNARIA Patersonii. Tall pyramidal; leaves
The state of the s
whitish beneath. Flowers like Hibiscus; white
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 75 \$6 00
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 75 \$6 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10  Ballod 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 75 \$6 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10  Ballod 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 75 \$6 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10  Ballod 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. \$75 \$6 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 00 7 50 Pots, 10 to 12 in. 40 3 00  Portugal (L. lusitanica). Dwarfish, with glossy, dark leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. \$5 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 00 7 50 Pots, 10 to 12 in. 40 3 00  Portugal (L. lusitanica). Dwarfish, with glossy, dark leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night.
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 75 \$6 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 00 7 50 Pots, 10 to 12 in. 40 3 00  Portugal (L. lusitanica). Dwarfish, with glossy, dark leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night.  Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 75 \$6 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 00 7 50 Pots, 10 to 12 in. 40 3 00  Portugal (L. lusitanica). Dwarfish, with glossy, dark leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night.  Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. \$5 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. \$75 \$6 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. \$50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$1 00 7 50 Pots, 10 to 12 in. \$40 3 00  Portugal (L. lusitanica). Dwarfish, with glossy, dark leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night. Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$1 25 10 00 Pots, 10 to 12 in. \$1 00 Trees—Where formal
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 75 \$6 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 00 7 50 Pots, 10 to 12 in. 40 3 00  Portugal (L. lusitanica). Dwarfish, with glossy, dark leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night.  Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 75 \$6 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 00 7 50 Pots, 10 to 12 in. 40 3 00  Portugal (L. lusitanica). Dwarfish, with glossy, dark leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night. EACH 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 5 to 3 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 5 to 3 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 7 to 12 in. 40 3 00  Sweet Bay, Trained Trees—Where formal effect is desired nothing is more satisfactory than these specimens. Standards have straight stems 4 feet high with crown trimmed to
to pink. EACH 10 Pots, 4 to 6 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00  LAUREL, English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries. EACH 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 12 50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1 00 7 50 Pots, 10 to 12 in. 40 3 00 Portugal (L. lusilanica). Dwarfish, with glossy, dark leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night. EACH 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2 00 \$15 00 Seet 10 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
to pink.
to pink.
to pink.



Trained Sweet Bay Laurel

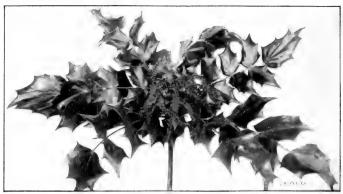
LAUREL, continued

Sweet Bay (L. nobilis). Upright; deep, dark
green, fragrant leaves covered in fall with
shiny black berries. May be pruned or cropped
into various shapes

Tubs and Boxes—				10	10	00
6 to 8 ft	. \$6	00				
4 to 6 ft	. 4	00				
3 to 4 ft	. 2	50				
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	. 2	00	\$15	00		
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	. 1	50	12	50		
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	. 1	00	- 8	00		
Pots, 3 to 4 ft	. 1	25	10	00		
Pots, 2 to 3 ft		50	4	00		
Pots. 11 to 2 ft					\$25	00



Leptospermum lævigatum (see page 43)



Mahonia aquifolium

LAURUSTINUS (Viburnum Tinus). Abundance of white flowers in winter; fine hedge plant.  EACH 10 100	Mela
Balled, 4 to 5 ft \$1 25 \$10 00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1 00 7 50  Balled, 2 to 3 ft 60 5 00 \$40 00  Pots, 2 to 3 ft 40 3 00  Pots, 1\frac{1}{2} to 2 ft 30 2 50 20 00  Grandiflorus (V. Tinus grandiflorum). Leaves	Op S F
and flowers much larger than preceding.	MET
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Ser d
	F
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	муо
Variegated (V. Tinus variegatum). Leaves blotched silvery. Pots, 10 to 12 in. 50 cts., each.	la e
<b>LEPTOSPERMUM laevigatum.</b> Tall, gracefully arching; foliage grayish; flowers white; profuse bloomer. Pots, 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10.	MYR a 1
LIGUSTRUM coriaceum. Dwarf; dense; short, rigid branches; leaves dark green, shining	MYR
above. EACH 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. S0 60 85 00	Mi d
Balled, 1 to 2 ft	Ī
leathery leaves; white flowers in clusters; purplish berries.   EACH   10   100   Naked roots, 6 to 8 ft. 80   75   86   00   850   00   Naked roots, 4 to 5 ft. 60   5   00   40   00   Naked roots, 3 to 4 ft. 50   4   00   30   00   Pots, 2 to 3 ft   40   3   00   25   00	NAN
leaves shining, dark above, light beneath; bluish black berries, covered with bloom.	f
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft	OLE
MAHONIA aquifolium (Oregon Grape). Shining, purplish, prickly leaves; bright yellow flowers; berries blue-black. EACH 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft	
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	Varie
leaves about a root long; clusters of bright yer-	A
low flowers. EACH 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft \$0 75 Pots, 10 to 12 in 40 \$3 00	*A
MELIANTHUS major. Leaves grayish green, over a foot long, deeply lobed; flowers reddish brown, in long spikes. Pots, 1 to 2 ft., 50 cts.	*D: *D: F: L:
cach.  MELALEUCA amaryllis. Flowers white.	* <b>L</b> i
<b>Decussata.</b> Smooth leaves: lilac-colored flowers in August.	M
<b>Ericifolia.</b> Flowers pale yellow; leaves leathery, spreading or recurved.	*M

	37-1-1 T1 (C-1 T)
ce	Melaleuca Leucadendron (Cajaputa Tree).
	Flowers white, in pendulous spikes.
)	Oppositifolia. Handsome; graceful foliage;
	scarlet flowers.
	Prices of Melaleuca EACH 10
00	Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1 oo \$8 oo
	Balled, 3 to 4 ft 75 6 00
00	Date - 4 - 6
	Pots, 3 to 4 ft 50 4 00
es	Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$r 00 \$8 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 75 6 00 Pots, 3 to 4 ft. 50 4 00 Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 40 3 00
	METROSIDEROS robusta (Bottle Brush). Nar-
	row leaves: rich crimson flowers in July
	row leaves; rich crimson flowers in July.  Semperflorens. Leaves thick, lanceolate, reddish when young; flowers in reddish spikes,
00	dish when wounge flowers in moddish epileas
es	dish when young; nowers in reddish spikes,
e;	rather loose. Rapid grower.
٠,	Prices of Metrosideros EACH 10
00	Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1 00
	Balled, 3 to 4 ft 75 \$6 00
50	Balled, 2 to 3 ft 60 5 00
00	Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 75 \$6 oo Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 60 5 oo Pots, 1½ to 2 ft. 40 3 oo
50	MYOPORUM lætum. Quick growth; leaves
es :	MIOPORUM Letum. Quick growth; leaves
s.,	large, glossy, oleander-like; small white flow-
,	ers, pink berries. Excellent for seashore plant-
	ing. Pots, 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each.
ly	
0-	MYRICA rubra. Foliage magnolia-like, evergreen and leathery; fruit roundish; ripens July. Pots,
h,	and leathery; fruit roundish; ripens July. Pots,
,	10 to 12 in., 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10.
t,	
ıg	lustrous green leaves; fragrant, white flowers.
-6	Microphylla (Small-leaved Myrtle). Small,
00	dark green foliage, set closely along branches.
00	Fine ornamental shrub.
	Prices of Myrtle EACH 10
50	Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$1 00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 60 \$5 00 Pots, 1 to 1½ ft. 40 3 00
k,	Balled, 2 to 3 ft 60 \$5 00
s;	Pots, I to 1½ ft 40 3 00
) )()	1003,1001,1001,100000000000000000000000
00	NANDINA domestica. Dwarfish; reed-like stems; glossy green leaves and tall spikes of white
00	glossy green leaves and tall spikes of white
00	flowers. Masses of small red and white berries.
00	EACH 10
	Balled 3 to 4 ft
g;	Balled, 2 to 3 ft.       75         Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.       60
h;	Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
	Date 10 to 10 in 40 62 00
1	Pots, 10 to 12 in 40 \$3 00
00	OLEANDER (Nerium). BACH 10 100  Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft. \$1 50 \$7 50  Balled, 6 to 8 ft. 1 50  Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 1 00 7 50 \$60 00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 70 6 00 50 00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4 00 30 00  Pots, 1 to 2 ft. 40 3 00 25 00
50	Tap. tubs. 4 to 5 ft \$1 50 \$7 50
	Balled 6 to 8 ft
g,	Polled 4 to # ft Too W #0 \$60 on
s;	Dalled, 4 to 5 tt 1 oo 7 50 \$00 00
	Daneu, 3 to 4 it 70 0 00 50 00
	natied, 2 to 3 it 50 4 00 30 00
50	Pots, 1 to 2 It \ 40 3 00 25 00
00	Varieties marked with an asterisk can be supplied
00	in pots
	-
t;	<b>Album plenum.</b> Perfect white Oleander; flow-
el-	ers very double.
)	*Atro-purpureum duplex. One of the best
00	doubles; deep carmine, streaked white.
00	De Brun. Carmine, streaked white; double.
n	*Dr. Golfin. Lilac-rose; single.
n, sh	Frederick Guibert. Light rose; single.
	Laurifolium. Broad, laurel-like foliage; flow-
ts.	ore rosy nink and white single
	ers rosy, pink and white; single. *Lilian Henderson. Double white; heliotrope-
	scented.
14	Madame Peuch. Semi-double, soft rose; very
	free flowering.
	Madama Barra Varia daubla income to the
у,	*Madame Peyre. Very double; ivory to straw-
У,	*Madame Peyre. Very double; ivory to straw- color.

IREES, SHRUDS, EVER
Oleander, continued
*Madame Planchon. Semi-double, rosy lilac; one of the best.
*Madame Sarah Bernhardt. Immense truss; single, delicate white, streaked pink; the best single Oleander.
*Madoni grandiflorum. Creamy white, semi- double; fragrant; strong grower.
*Monsieur Balaquier. Strong grower; flowers single, soft rose.
*Mrs. F. Roeding. Originated by us; strong grower; very hardy; flowers double, finely fringed, color of La France rose.
*Nankin. Single; salmon-yellow; of dwarfish habit; best yellow.
*Pierre Roudier. Very double; cerise-pink; early free bloomer.  *Professor Durand. Very double; changing
from creamy yellow to deep amber-yellow; free bloomer.
*Purpureum. Single; deep carmine-crimson, shaded maroon.  *Sister Agnes. Very large truss; single pearly
white; very free-blooming.  Splendens giganteum. Double rose: very
fragrant; largest of all Oleanders; blooms all summer.
Nankin Variegated.         Leaves beautifully variegated; flowers double, light pink.         EACH           Balled, 3 to 4 ft         \$1 00           Pots, 2 to 3 ft         75
OLEA fragrans (Japan Fragrant Olive). Small tree; sweet, fragrant, golden-colored flowers. Blooms continuously during winter. Pots, 2 to 3 ft. \$1 00 Pots, 1\frac{1}{2} to 2 ft. \$51 00 Pots, 1\frac{1}{2} to 2 ft.
PHOTINIA serrulata. Has glossy green leaves, beautifully tinted in winter; flowers small, white; bright red berries.         EACH EACH Pots, 3 to 4 ft.         \$1 25           Pots, 2 to 3 ft.         1 00
PITTOSPORUM         crassifolium         (Thick-leaved Pittosporum). Highly ornamental on account of pale, glaucous foliage; valuable for windbreaks.           Balled, 2 to 3 ft.         80 75         80 00           Pots, 2 to 3 ft.         40         3 00           Eugenioides.         Upright grower; silvery, light green leaves; black stems.         EACH 10           Balled, 4 to 5 ft.         80 75         86 00           Balled, 3 to 4 ft.         60         5 00           Pots, 1½ to 2 ft.         40         3 00           Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 in., \$6 per 100.



Splendens giganteum Oleander



Pittosporum Tobira

Pittosporum Tobira (Japanese Pittosporum).
Low-growing shrub, dark green leaves; fragrant
flowers, pure white. EACH 10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 50
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft 50 4 00
Tobira variegatum (Variegated Japanese Pit-
tosporum). Same habit as the preceding; foli-
age margined white. EACH 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1 50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
Pots, 10 to 12 in 50 4 00
Undulatum (Wavy-leaved Pittosporum). Deep
green, glossy leaves; flowers intensely fragrant
at night. Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1 25 \$10 00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 50
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft 60
POLYGALA Dalmaisiana. Free blooming; with
rosy, pea-shaped flowers. EACH 10
rosy, pea-shaped flowers. EACH 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft
RAPHIOLEPIS ovata. Compact-growing shrub,
with dark, shining green leaves; many white
flowers in summer, followed by black berries.
EACH 10
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft 40 3 00
RHAMNUS Alaternus. Very hardy; smooth, shin-
RHAMNUS Alaternus. Very nardy; smooth, snin-
ing green leaves; small, greenish flowers. Pots, 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10,
Alaternus variegata. Same as the preceding;
leaves variegated, silvery white. Pots, 2 to 3
ft., 75 cts, each.
ROSEMARY (Rosemarinus officinalis). Well-
known hardy shrub; used to make medicinal
tea. EACH 10
Naked roots, 3 to 4 ft\$0 50 \$4 00
Pots, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, 1 to 1½ ft
TEUCRIUM canadense. Useful for low grounds
and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.
Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., 50 cts. each.
VERONICA Andersonii variegata. Leaves
glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-
blue.
Carnes Rush similar to Decussata except leaves

Carnea. Bush similar to Decussata except leaves small; flowers red.

Decussata. Oval leaves; large white or flesh-colored flowers.

colored flowers.

Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large, violet changing to pure white.

Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranthred or crimson-purple flowers.

Prices of Veronica EACH IO
Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$0 60 \$5 00
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. 40 3 00

#### CLIMBING AND TRAILING PLANTS



Ampelopsis Veitchii

AKEBIA lobata. Flowers purple; showy purple fruit. Pots, 50 cts. each.

Quinata (Five-leaved Akebia). One of the hardiest of climbers; small, deep green foliage; violet-brown flowers; fruit showy, dark purple. Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

AMPELOPSIS Engelmanni. variety; New shorter joints, and more rapid growth the following. Pots, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10.

Veitchii (Boston Ivy). Leaves glossy green; glorious autumnal coloring; flowers small; dense clusters of deep blue berries. Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3.50 for 10.

Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper). Common American Ivv: luxuriant foliage assuming American Ivy; luxuriant foliage assuming gorgeous colors in autumn. Pots, 40 cts. each,

ARISTOLOCHIA sipho (Dutchman's Pipe). Rapid climber, dense growth; large, heart-shaped leaves; curious, pipe-shaped, yellowish brown flowers. Pots. 40 cts. each, \$3.50 for 10.

BIGNONIA grandiflora (Trumpet Vine). Strong climber; large, orange-scarlet flowers; decidu-ous foliage. Pots, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10. **Tweediana.** Strong grower, clinging; small ever-

green leaves; flowers canary-yellow, trumpetshaped. Pots, 50 cts. each.

Venusta. Vigorous grower; large, deep orange-colored flowers; will not withstand cold. Pots, 40 cts. each.

BOUGAINVILLÆA Brasiliensis (B. spectabilis). Taller and with thicker leaves than Sanderiana; flowers deep rose, purple to greenish. Pots, 40 ts. each.

Glabra sanderiana. Evergreen climber; deep rosy flowers in abundance. Pots 50 ets. each.

Spectabilis lateritia. Flowers larger than preceding, brick-red; very rare. Pots, \$3 each.



Bignonia grandiflora

CLEMATIS, Duchess of Edinburgh. Flowers double white; strongly imbricated. Pots. 75 cts. each

cts. each.

Flammula (Sweet Clematis). Slender, vigorous climber, prized for small, white, fragrant flowers. Pots, 50 cts. each.

Jackmani. Large, intense violet flowers; very free. Pots, 75 cts. each.

Mad. Edouard Andre. New; flowers large, claret-red, fragrant. Pots, 75 cts. each.

Montana (Mountain Clematis). Flowers white, dashed pink, very sweet; ideal for California. Pots. 40 cts. each.

Paniculata. Hardy Japanese climber; clusters of small fragrant white flowers. Pots, 50 cts. each.

CLIANTHUS puniceus (Parrot's Bill). Ever-green vine; clusters of brilliant crimson flowers, shaped like a parrot's bill. Pots, 50 cts. each.

COBŒA scandens. Flowers bell-like, violet-purple; borne all summer. Pots, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10.

Scandens alba. Identical with the preceding, except that flowers are white. Pots, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10.

DECUMARIA barbara (Climbing Hydrangea). Showy vine, climbing by aerial rootlets; blooms freely; flowers white, fragrant. Pots, 50 cts. each.



Bougainvillæa

DOLICHOS lignosus (Australian Pea Vine).
Rampant-growing evergreen; flowers pea-shaped, rosy purple. Pots, 40 ets. each.
Lignosus albus. Pure white: variety of above; flowers delicately scented. Pots, 40 ets. each.

FICUS repens (Climbing Fig). Evergreen climber; small, roundish, dark green leaves; attaches itself to walls like ivy. FACH 10 5-in. pots. \$0 40 \$3 50 3\frac{1}{2}-in. pots. 35 3 00 3}-in. pots.... 35

HEDYSARUM multijugum. Showy climber; flowers violet, yellow blotches; suitable for rockwork. Pots, 50 cts, each.

HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera).

Aureo-reticulata (Variegated Leaved). Flowers yellow, fragrant; leaves netted and veined clear yellow; evergreen.

Periclymenum (Woodbine Honcysuckle). Flow-

rerrymental (Woodone Holleystekle). Flowers yellow, blotched red above, very fragrant blooms all summer.

Chinese (L. Standishi). Half evergreen: flowers white and pink, fragrant.

Halliana Japonica (Japanese Honeysuckle). Rampant evergreen climber, dark green, ovate leaves; flowers fragrant, white, changing yel-

Red Coral (L. semperflorens). Strong, rapid grower; blooms all summer; flowers scarlet.

Tatarica rosea (Tartarian Honeysuckle). De-

ciduous: flowers pink or crimson.

Yellow Coral (L. flara). Flowers pale yellow; corolla yellow, marked purplish outside; abundant red berries in fall.

Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10

HOYA carnosa (Wax Plant). Flowers white, pink center; fragrant. Pots, 40 ets, each.



Kudzu Vine

IVY, English (Hedera Helix). Large, thick, shining leathery leaves. Pots, 40c. ea., \$3 for 10. Giant (H. Canariensis). Large, roundish leaves; bright yellowish green; sometimes 8 in. broad.

Variegated (H. variegata). Form of "Common English Ivy." Bright green leaves, margined and blotched creamy shades.

Chrysocarpa (Golden-fruited Ivy). Leaves small, grayish green, veins lighter shade. Pots, 50 cts. each.

Rægeneriana. Handsome and distinct; leaves large, dark green, leathery. Pots, 50 cts. each.

JASMINE (Jasminum), Assorted Varieties. Gracillimum. New evergreen Jasmine; clustered flowers pure white.

Grand Duke. Flowers large, double white,

fragrant.

Grandiflorum (Catalonian Jasmine). blooming flowers pure white, star-shaped, fragrant; foliage delicate; evergreen.

Nudiflorum (Naked-flowered Jasmine). Drooping branches; enveloped with bright yellow

ing branches; enveloped with bright yellow flowers in winter before leaves appear.

Nudiflorum primulium. New variety; same as above, but flowers are fully double the size.

Officinale (True Jasmine or Jessamine). Slendergrowing vine; produces abundance of snowwhite, fragrant flowers all summer.

Revolutum (Italian Yellow Jasmine). Vigorous; rich yellow flowers all summer.

Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10

KENNEDYA, Assorted Varieties. Suitable for trellises; flowers white, pink and red. Pots, 50 cts. each.

KUDZU VINE (Pueraria Thunbergiana). mensely vigorous; stems grow 60 feet in one season. Flowers purple, fragrant, pea-shaped. Pots, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10.

LANTANA Sellowiana (Weeping or Trailing Lantana). Pretty trailing variety; flowers deli-cate rosy lavender, produced freely. Pots, 35c.

MANDEVILLA suaveolens (Chili Jasmine). Fine summer climber; large clusters of fragrant, waxy, star-shaped blossoms. Pots, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10.

MANETTIA bicolor. Rapid climber; flowers intense searlet tipped golden yellow; blooms intense scarlet tipped golden yellow; blooms fall and winter. Pots, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10.

MAURANDIA lophospermum. Climbs twisting of the leaves and flower-stalk; flowers violet-purple. Pots, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10.

MUEHLENBECKIA complexa (Wire Vine). Very 
 EHLENBECKIA complexa (Wire vine). Very rapid and showy climber; valuable for walls and trunks of trees; flowers small, thick, waxy white, followed by transparent, glistening, icicle-like fruits.
 EACH 10
 10

 5-in, pots.
 ... \$0 40 \$\cdot \cdot \cd

PASSION VINE (Passiflora),

ASSION VINE (Passiflora),
Coerulea. Vigorous; hardy; flowers faintly
scented, purple at bottom, white in middle,
blue at ends; fruit yellowish.
Constance Elliott. Pure white, slight coloring.
at base of petals; very hardy.
Edulis. Rapid grower; glossy green foliage.
Flowers white, blue or violet base; fruit edible,
size of grosse arg.

size of goose egg.

Ignea (Scarlet Tacsonia). Flowers intense crim-

son; showy and handsome.

Violacea. Flowers 3 inches in diameter, blue in middle, white at base.

Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10

PLUMBAGO capensis. Flowers azure-blue, color most unique. Pots, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10. Capensis alba. Pure white, form of above. Pots, 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

RUSSELIA elegantissima. Leave very small; flowers bright red. Pots, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10.

SILK VINE (Periploca Graca). Of very rapid growth; deciduous dark green, glossy leaves; purplish brown flowers. Pods filled with silky Field-grown \$0 50 \$4 00-Pots \$40 \$3 00 Pots....

 SMILAX
 (Myrsiphyllum asparagoides).
 Used for wreaths, bouquets, festoons and table decoration.

 4-in. pots.
 \$0.35
 \$3.00

 2½-in. pots.
 \$25
 2.00

SNAIL VINE (Phaseolus Caracalla). Fragrant flowers, purple to yellow, twisted, like a snail. Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

SOLANUM jasminoides (Potato Vine).

grower; dark green leaves; flowers white, yellow center. Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10. 

'endlandii. Rapid grower; large, glossy green leaves; immense clusters of lilac-blue flowers all writter. Pots. 50 cts. Wendlandii. winter. Pots, 50 cts. each.

SOLLYA heterophylla (Australian Blue Bell). Hardy evergreen climber; brilliant blue, tubular flowers. Pots, 35 cts. each.



Wistaria (see page 46)

SWAINSONIA galegifolia albiflora. Flowers white, resembling Sweet Peas; very profuse. Galegifolia rosea. Same as preceding, but with pink flowers.

Pots, 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10

TECOMA jasminoides (Australian Bower Plant). Bright glossy leaves; white flowers, shaded deep purple at throat. Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3.50

for 10.

Jasminoides alba. Very rare; similar to Tecoma, but with white flowers. Pots, 60c. each.

Mackenii. Dark green leaves, funnel-shaped flowers, light pink, striped red. Pots, 50c. each.

Radicans (Trumpet Creeper). Similar to Bignonia grandiflora, but evergreen; flowers scarlet. Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

Stans (Yellow Elder). Almost a shrub; sometimes called yellow Bignonia; flowers fragrant. Pots. 40 cts. each. \$3 for 10.

Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

TRUMPET VINE. See Bignonia grandiflora.

VIRGINIA CREEPER. See Ampelopsis quinquefolia.

quetolia.

WISTARIA, Chinese Purple (Wistaria Chinensis). Flowers pea-shaped, in pendulous clusters a foot long. 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10.

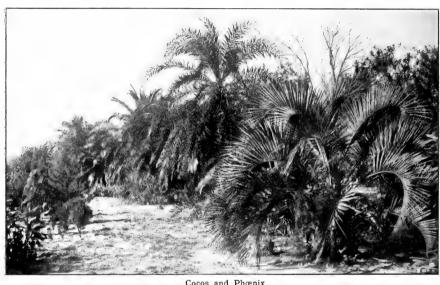
Chinese Double Purple (W. Chinensis flore pleno). Long clusters of pale, double blue flowers. 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10.

Chinese White (W. Chinensis alba). Chinese variety; pure white. 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10.

Magnifica (American Wistaria) Flowers pale lilac, with yellow spot; blooms after Chinese. 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10.

Multijuga alba (Loose-clustered Wistaria). Flowers white, fragrant, in racemes 2 to 3 feet long. 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10.

Multijuga Pink (Pink-flowering Wistaria). Same as preceding, but pink flowers. \$1.25 ea.



#### **PALMS**

No plants are more decorative, for indoors or out. The smaller and more tender varieties "set off" interior decorations, while the larger and hardier varieties are invaluable for garden, lawn and avenue. We carry a large stock, in boxes and tubs, which have been taken from the open ground, and are well established. These can be used either for porch decorations or planted out in the open. Such plants give an immediate effect, and never go back when transplanted.

All marked with an asterisk are for indoors and conservatory decoration

ARECA sapida. 8 to 10 feet, cy	lindr	ıcal	, gre	en;
leaves 4 to 6 feet long, pinnate	e. P	ots.	1 t	02
ft., \$1.50 each.			-	
CHAMAEROPS excelsa (Windm	ill F	alm	). T	The
hardiest we have; leaves fan-				
cut, very symmetrical.	EA	CH	1	0
Boxed, 14 to 16 ft	. \$25	00		
Boxed, 8 to 10 ft	. 10	00		
Boxes and tubs, 6 to 8 ft	. 6	00		
Boxes and tubs, 4 to 5 ft	. 3	00		
Jap. tubs, 3 to 4 ft	. 2	50		
Jap. tubs, 2 to 3 ft		00		
Balled, 5 to 6 ft	. 3	50	\$30	00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	. 2	50	20	00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	. 2	00	15	00
Pots, 2 to 3 ft	. 1	25		
Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		00		
Humilis (Dwarf-growing Fan F	alm.	. ]	Divid	led
fan-shaped leaves; stems thor	ny.	One	of t	the
hardiest.	EA	СН	1	0
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 6 to 8 f	t.88	00		
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 5 to 6 f	t. 6	00		
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 f	t. 4	00		
*	-			

Jap. tubs, 3 to 4 ft. 3 00

Jap. tubs, 2 to 3 ft. 2 50

Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2 50 \$20 00

Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 2 00 15 00

Pots, 2 to 3 ft. 1 50

Chamærops Nepalensis.	R	les	en	ab	le	9	]	€:	ĸc	e	lsa	in
habit, but is more dwar	rf;	lea	ıv	es	5 8	SI	na	11	le	Γ,	st	iff,
more rounded; leaf-sta		sh	or	te	r	а	n	d	S	t	out	ter;
leaves deep dark green.											E	ACH.
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft										. !	\$5	00
Jap. tubs. 2 to 3 ft											2	00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft											1	50

### Rare Varieties

Arborea	Gracilis
Artosa	Humilis argentea
Canariensis	Humilis spinosa
Cochinensis	Robusta
Farinosa	Tomentosa
Relled a to a ft	\$2 each

COCOS alphonsei. A stocky and rather rapid grower; very hardy; leaves blue-green, finely arched. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$3 each.

Australis (Pindo Palm). Slow-growing, gra	
ful, hardy; leaves silvery green.	
Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$10	00
Jap. tubs, 3 to 4 ft	00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 6	00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 4	00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	00
Pots, 2 to 3 ft	
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft	00

Cocos Bonneti.	Hardy;	gray-g	reen;	excellent
for house cultu				
*Plumosa. A qu	uick-grov	ving; s	lender,	$_{\rm smooth}$
trunk; plumy,	graceful	leaves.	Boxe	d, 3 to 4
ft., \$4 each.				

CORYPHA australis.					
leaves dark green,	petioles				
for hall decoration.				10	
Pots, 2 to 3 ft		\$0	75	\$6	00
Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft			60	5	00
Gebanga. Similar to	the above	e; lea	ves	silver	y.
Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 75	cts. each.				

Pots, I to 1½ It., 10 ets. each.

CYCAS revoluta (Sago Palm). A magnificent plant; many beautiful, pinnate, dark green leaves, uncurling from the top of the stem like ostrich feathers. (These Palms are grown in pots and tubs only and quotations are based more on the number of fronds or leaves the plants have than the size of the container.)

	EACH
14-in. boxes	\$15 00
12-in. tubs	8 00
10-in. pots	5 00
8-in, pots\$2.00 to	3 00
6- and 7-in. pots 1.25 to	-2.00
4- and 5-in. pots	1 25



A Market
Chamærops Humilis (see page 46)
ERYTHEA armata (Blue Palm). One of the most graceful and striking of Fan Palms; color of leaves gives the plant a silvery blue hue. Quite distinct, hardy and well adapted for gardens and grouping.  Boxes and Jap. tubs, 6 to 7 ft. \$7 00  Boxes and Jap. tubs, 5 to 6 ft. 5 00  Boxes and Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft. 4 00  Boxes and Jap. tubs, 3 to 4 ft. 3 00  Jap. tubs, 2 to 3 ft. 2 00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2 50 \$20 00  Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 2 00 15 00  Brandegei (Brahea brandegei). New; tallest-
growing of fan-leaved Palms; hardy. EACH
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$5 00
Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
Edulis (Guadalupe Island Palm). Resembles
the California Fan Palm; stem slender, and
graceful; leaves deep green, without filaments.
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 6 to 7 ft. \$6 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft.     5 00       Boxes and Jap. tubs, 3 to 4 ft.     4 00       Jap. tubs, 2 to 3 ft.     2 50       Balled, 4 to 5 ft.     3 00     \$25 00       Balled, 3 to 4 ft.     2 50     20 00       Balled, 2 to 3 ft.     1 50     10 00
JUBAEA spectabilis (Wine or Honey Palm).
One of the hardiest, resembles Phoenix, but is more spreading and dwarf. EACH 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft \$3 00 \$25 00 Balled, 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ to 2 ft.} \$2 50 20 00 10-in. pots, 2 to 3 ft \$2 50  *KENTIA Belmoreana (Curly Palm). Valuable for house; elegant, pinnate leaves, stems gracefully arched. EACH 10 100 Pots, 2 to 3 ft \$3 00 Pots, 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ to 2 ft.} 1 50 \$12 50 \$100 00 Pots, 1 to 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} 1 25 10 00



Cycas revoluta

*Kentia Forsteriana (Thatch-leaf Palm). Robust
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
*LIVISTONA Chinensis (Latania Borbonica).
Leaves large, fan-shaped, rich, dark green. Popular for decorative work. Each Boxes and Jap. tubs, 2 to 3 ft\$4 00 Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
PHOENIX Canariensis (Canary Island Palm).
Handsomest of hardy Palms; leaves pinnate,
deep, dark green; effective for lawn.
EACH 10
Boxed, 12 to 15 ft\$25 00
Boxed, 10 to 12 ft
Boxed, 8 to 10 ft
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft 4 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 3 to 4 ft 3 00
Jap. tubs, 2 to 3 ft
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 4 00 \$30 00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 3 00 25 00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
Dactylifera (Fruiting Date Palm). Trunk
slender; leaves decidedly upright and of a silvery green. EACH 10
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 6 to 8 ft. \$7 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 5 to 6 ft. 6 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft. 5 00
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 4 00 \$30 00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 3 00 20 00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Leonensis. Strong grower; trunk thick and
heavy. Fronds blue-green, spiny at base.
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$3 50 \$30 00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft



Kentia Forsteriana

.Phœnix, continued
*Pumila. Dwarf: graceful, arching branches
from slender trunk. Never more than 6
inches in diameter. EACH
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Reclinata (Dwarf Date Palm), Graceful,
drooping leaves: handsome for avenues or
lawns; not very hardy. EACH $10$ Boxes and Jap. tubs, $5$ to $6$ ft. $\$5$ 00 Boxes and Jap. tubs, $4$ to $5$ ft. $4$ 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 5 to 5 ft. 4 ().
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 2 00 \$15 00
Pots, 3 to 4 ft
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Sylvestris (Wild Date Palm). Leaves long, arched, bluish green; similar to Date Palm
arched, bluish green; similar to Date Palm
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft. \$5 00 Boxes and Jap. tubs, 3 to 4 ft. 3 00 Jap. tubs, 2 to 3 ft
Jap. tubs, 2 to 3 ft 2 00
Balled 5 to 6 tt 3 UU
Balled, 4 to 5 ft
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 2 50 \$20 00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2 00 15 00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 50 12 00
*RHAPIS flabelliformis (Ground Rattan)
Pretty, cane-like Palm, which suckers at roots like Bamboo. Many-fingered, dark green leaves, at ends of reed-like stems. Pots,
roots like Bamboo. Many-fingered, dark
green leaves, at ends of reed-like stems. Pots,
* <b>Humilis</b> (Low-growing Palm). Similar to pre-
per shoot, 6 to 24 in., 60 cts. each.  *Humilis (Low-growing Palm). Similar to preceding; stems thicker and shorter, and the
palmated leaves are broader. Pots, per shoot, 4 to 18 in., 50 cts. each.
·
SABAL Adansoni (Dwarf Palmetto). Leaves dark, rich green; smooth-edged stems. Flower
spikes rise 6 or 7 feet above leaves. With-
stands temperature of 10 degrees Fahr.
EACH 10  Boyes and Jan tubs 5 to 6 ft \$5.00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft. 4 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Balled, 2 to 3 tt
Blackburnianum. Distinct, slow-growing vari-
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft. \$5 00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 3 00
ety; leaves long, bluish green. EACH 10  Boxes and Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft. \$5 00  Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Florida Palmetto: leaves long heart-shaped
deeply cut; hardy and very desirable. EACH
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 10 to 12 ft\$8 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 6 to 8 ft 6 00
Faimetto (Caobage Faimetto). Ine noted Florida Palmetto; leaves long, heart-shaped, deeply cut; hardy and very desirable. Each Boxes and Jap. tubs, 10 to 12 ft\$8 00 Boxes and Jap. tubs, 6 to 8 ft 6 00 Boxes and Jap. tubs, 5 to 6 ft 5 00 Jap. tubs, 3 to 4 ft 3 00 Boxes and Jap. tubs, 5 to 6 ft 4 400
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 4 00
Balled, 5 to 6 ft.       4 00         Balled, 4 to 5 ft.       3 00         Balled, 3 to 4 ft.       2 50
*SEAFORTHIA elegans (Australian Feather
Palm). One of the best for conservatory or
Palm). One of the best for conservatory or greenhouse; pinnate leaves, 2 to 10 feet in length, dark green, perfectly smooth. 5-in. pots, 1½ to 2 ft., \$1 each.
length, dark green, perfectly smooth. 5-in.
pots, 12 to 2 it., 31 each.



Agave Americana



Washingtonia filifera

WASHINGTONIA filifera (California Weeping Palm). Probably the most characteristic Palm of California. Originated in San Bernardino county. Trunk attains diameter of 4 feet; leaves fan-shaped, with numerous divisions and whitish filaments; petioles stout, smooth, 5 to 6 feet long, margined with stout, hooked spines. During April and May Washingtonias can be transplanted safely, when taken up with naked roots, with all leaves removed except the center shoot. Write us for special prices on this stock.

us for special prices on this stock.
EACH 10
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 8 to 10 ft. \$8 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 6 to 8 ft. 5 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 5 to 6 ft. 3 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 3 to 4 ft. 2 CC
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 2 to 3 ft. 1 50
Balled, 6 to 7 ft
Balled, 5 to 6 ft
Balled, 4 to 5 ft
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1 25 10 00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 00 8 00
Robusta (W. gracilis). A distinct type; leaves
drooping, much greener than preceding and
with fewer white filaments. Petioles more
heavily spined. Much more rapid grower
than W. filifera; trunk much more slender
than that variety. EACH 10
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 6 to 8 ft. \$6 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 5 to 6 ft. 4 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 4 to 5 ft. 3 00
Boxes and Jap. tubs, 3 to 4 ft. 2 50
Jap. tubs, 2 to 3 ft 2 00
Balled, 6 to 7 ft 3 00 \$25 00
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 2 50 20 00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2 00 15 00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1 25 10 00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 00 8 00
Sonoræ. One of the most distinct. Very
similar to W. robusta, but more dwarf. Leaf-
stalks much shorter, more heavily armed.

116.5	1110		1 5	110		- 8	9	•	**	v		·			•	4	٠.	**								
																									EA	CH
Box	es,	5	to	6	ft.																				<b>\$</b> 5	00
Box	es,	4	to	5	ft.																				4	00
Ball	led,	4	to	5	ft				٠					٠											3	00
Ball	led,	. 3	to	4	ft												٠				٠				2	00
Ball	led,	. 2	to	- 3	ft									٠										٠	1	50
Pot	s, 1	t	o 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	ft.								٠		٠	٠	٠		٠	٠	٠	٠	٠			50
	Box Box Ball Ball Ball	Boxes, Boxes, Balled, Balled, Balled,	Boxes, 5 Boxes, 4 Balled, 4 Balled, 3 Balled, 2	Boxes, 5 to Boxes, 4 to Balled, 4 to Balled, 3 to Balled, 2 to	Boxes, 5 to 6 Boxes, 4 to 5 Balled, 4 to 5 Balled, 3 to 4 Balled, 2 to 3	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft. Boxes, 4 to 5 ft. Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft Boxes, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 4 to 5 ft Balled, 3 to 4 ft Balled, 2 to 3 ft	Boxes, 5 to 6 ft. \$5 Boxes, 4 to 5 ft. 4 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 3 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1 Pots, 1 to 1½ ft.						

# AGAVES, DASYLIRIONS, DRACAENAS, YUCCAS

AGAVE Americana (Century Plant). The well-known "Century Plant;" glaucous green leaves.

 Americana variegata.
 Variegated form of preceding; leaves edged rich yellow.

 Prices of Agave
 EACH

 Balled, 3 to 4 ft.
 \$1 50

 Balled, 2 to 3 ft.
 1 00

 Balled, 1 to 2 ft.
 75

 Pots, 1 to 2 ft.
 75



Yucca filamentosa

Dasylirion					
	rrow leaves,			ound; v	ery
desirable	e for lawn.		EAG	CH :	10
Balled	l, 3 to 4 ft		\$1	50 \$12	50
Balled	, 2 to 3 ft		1	25 10	00
DRACÆNA.					
Australis	(Cordyline	australi	s). \	ery f	ine;
stout br	anched stem	; flag-lik	e leav	es, 2 t	о 3

<b>Dracæna indivisa</b> (C. indivisa). Fine for hall or porch; rapid grower; leaves long and narrow,
Prices of Dracænas EACH 10
Jap tubs, 4 to 5 ft\$2 50
Jap tubs, 3 to 4 ft 2 00
Jap tubs, 2 to 3 ft 1 50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1 50 \$12 50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1 25 10 00
Pots, 4 to 5 ft 2 00
Pots, 3 to 4 ft 1 25
Pots, 2 to 3 ft 1 00
Pots, 1½ to 2 ft 75
<b>Draco</b> (Dragon Tree). Stately; numerous sword-shaped leaves; hardy and very desirable. Pots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., 75 cts. each.
FOURCROYA Bedinghausii. Graceful; stout trunk, long, leathery, bluish leaves drooping; greenish flowers on long "scape" 15 to 20 feet high. Pots, 1½ to 2 ft., 50 cts. each.
PANDANUS utilis (Screw Pine). So called be-
cause of screw-like arrangement of leaves around stalk; leaves green, edged with small red spines. Pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 75 cts.
VIICCA aloifolia quadricolor. Beautifully

around stalk; leaves green, edged with small red spines. Pots, 1 to 1½ ft., 75 cts.
Aloifolia         quadricolor.         Beautifully variegated, marked with narrow yellow and green stripes.         Balled, 1 to 1½ ft., \$1.25 each.           Aloifolia         variegata.         Rapid grower;         broad leaves, banded yellow.           Balled, 3 to 4 ft.         \$2 00           Balled, 1 to 3 ft.         1 50           Pots, 1 to 1½ ft.         1 00
Angustifolia.         Tall growing; long, narrow, white-margined leaves; spikes of immense creamy flowers.         Balled, 2 to 3 ft.         \$1 00           Balled, 1½ to 2 ft.         75           Baccata (Spanish Bayonet).         Low, compact grower; leaves rigid; yellowish green flowers. Flower cluster 5 to 6 feet long.         EACH EACH Balled, 4 to 5 ft.         \$2 00           Balled, 3 to 4 ft.         1 50           Balled, 2 to 3 ft.         1 50
Filamentosa         (Adam's Needle).         Compact grower; dark green leaves, and majestic spikes of yellowish white flowers.         EACH           Balled, 3 to 4 ft.         \$1 50           Balled, 2 to 3 ft.         1 00           Pots, 1½ to 2 ft.         50           Whipplei.         Very fine; has a flower-like stem, 8 feet high.           Balled, 3 to 4 ft.         \$2 00           Balled, 2 to 3 ft.         1 50           Pots, 1½ to 2 ft.         1 00

#### BAMBOO (Bambusa)

Very useful and ornamental; they seem to do well in all reasonably good soils, and should be planted by every farmer. Decorative house plants, fine for lawns or grouping. Whenever used they should be given warm, rich soil, and all varieties respond quickly to good treatment.

Bal	led cl	umps and pots— EACH	10
		5 ft\$1 00	
	3 to	4 ft 75	6 00
	2 to	3 ft 60	5 00
		Except Dendrocalamus.	

feet long.

Arundinaria Japonica (Arrow Bamboo).

Arundinaria Japonica (Arrow Bamboo). Extensively used for supporting pot plants. Will withstand severe cold.

Bambusa Argentea striata (Silver Variegated Bamboo). Slender and graceful.

Bambusa vulgaris (Common Bamboo). Tall, quick growing: one of the best for tropical effects; attains height of 70 feet.

Bambusa Henonis (Volatile Bamboo). Thick and bushy. Excellent windbreak; feathery foliage, on graceful, arching canes. Phyllostachys Castillonis (Golden Dwarf Bamboo). Bright yellow; stems thick; leaves large, green, striped with white.

Phyllostachys Mitis (Noble Bamboo). Stem often 6 inches in diameter; used for furniture, etc.; young sprouts edible.

stem often o inches in diameter; used for furniture, etc.; young sprouts edible. Phyllostachys Nigra (Black - stemmed Bamboo). Black stalks and branches, in contrast with bright foliage. Phyllostachys Quilloi (Giant Bamboo). Stems 4 to 5 inches at base; leaves largest of all; grows 75 feet high.

Dendrocalamus latifolius. Erect stems, broad, long leaves; rapid grower. 3 to 4 feet, \$2 each.



Bamboo

# DECORATIVE, BEDDING AND BORDER PLANTS ABUTILON (Flowering Maple). Large, mapleCyperus Papyrus (Egyptian Paper Plant). Tali,

ABUTILON (Flowering Maple). Large, maple-	Cyperus Papyrus (Egyptian Paper Plant). Tall,
like leaves, golden and crimson flowers. Assorted varieties. Pots, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10.	erect stems, 4 to 8 feet high, and a tuft of nar- row, drooping leaves. Valuable for aquariums
ACALYPHA bicolor compacta. Leaves bright	and damp soils. 5-in. pots, 50 cts. each.
green; marked yellow. Pots, 50 cts. each.	<b>DAISY, English</b> (Bellis perennis). Pretty, double-flowering plants; numerous white to pink flow-
<b>ACHANIA Malvaviscus</b> (Turk's Cap). Vigorous growing, similar to Abutilons; flowers brilliant	ers, on stems 6 inches long. 5 cts. each, 30 cts.
crimson. Pots, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10.	for 10, \$2 per 100.
ALTERNANTHERA aurea nana. Handsome,	<b>ECHEVERIA</b> (Hen and Chickens). Succulent plants, suitable for rockeries, edging or carpet
dwarf; yellow foliage plant. <b>Paronychioides major.</b> Bright red foliage	bedding. Each 10 100
plant; the best of that color.	Pots\$0 15 \$1 00 Flats\$2 50
Transplanted in flats, \$3 per 100	EULALIA Japonica (Japanese Eulalia). Long,
ANTHERICUM vittatum variegatum. Leaves	narrow, drooping leaves, 6 to 9 feet long.
dark green, beautifully marked creamy white. Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10.	Balled clumps
ASPARAGUS Comorensis. Similar to A. plu-	5-in. pots
mosus, but more robust, darker green, softer	Long, narrow, white-striped leaves, 4 to 6 feet
foliage. 5-in. pots, 75 cts. each. <b>Plumosus.</b> Beautiful climbing plant; bright	long. Pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10.  Japonica Zebrina (Japanese Banded Grass).
green, arching, feathery foliage. EACH	Resembles preceding, but marked across the leaves. Balled clumps, 75 cts. each.
12-in. pots	the leaves. Balled clumps, 75 cts. each.
6-in. pots 40	DEDNO
	FERNS
4-in. pots	Leading popular varieties as follows:
valuable for cutting, remaining fresh for	10- to 12-inch baskets\$3 50 to \$6 00
weeks; an excellent house plant. EACH 10 12-in. Jap. tubs82.50 to 84 00	8-inch pans 1 oo to 2 50 6-inch pans 60 to 1 50
Hanging-baskets 1.25 to 3 00	4-inch pans 40 to 75
8-in. pots	Adiantum cuneatum (Maidenhair Fern).  A. gracillimum.
5-in. pots	Asplenium nidus avis (Bird's Nest Fern).
4-in. pots	Cyrtomium falcatum (Holly Fern). Nephrolepis exaltata (Sword Fern).
floral work. Each 10	N. exaltata Amerpohlii (Lace Fern).
7-in. pots\$0 60 6-in. pots50	N. exaltata Bostoniensis (Boston Fern). N. exaltata Whitmani.
5-in. pots	N. exaltata elegantissima.
4-in. pots	N. exaltata Scottii (Dwarf Boston Fern). N. exaltata Piersoni (Ostrich Plume Fern).
ASPIDISTRA lurida. Foliage plant; long, dark	Pteris cretica albo lineata.
green leaves; odd purplish flowers.	P. tremula (Shaking Fern).
<b>Lurida variegata.</b> Similar to the preceding; leaves broadly marked with white.	Prices vary according to number and quality of fronds per plant. Quotations on request
	FUCHSIA, Assorted. We have a fine collection
Prices of Aspidistras EACH 10-inch pots	FUCHSIA, Assorted. We have a fine collection including the very best varieties. Pots, 25 cts.
Prices of Aspidistras         EACH           10-inch pots         \$2 50           8-inch pots         2 00	<b>FUCHSIA, Assorted.</b> We have a fine collection including the very best varieties. Pots, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10.
Prices of Aspidistras         EACH           10-inch pots         \$2 50           8-inch pots         2 00           7-inch pots         1 50           6-inch pots         1 00	<ul> <li>FUCHSIA, Assorted. We have a fine collection including the very best varieties. Pots, 25 cts. each, 82 for 10.</li> <li>GERANIUMS, Single Double and Ivy-leaved. We have used the utmost care in the selection,</li> </ul>
Prices of Aspidistras         EACH           10-inch pots         \$2.50           8-inch pots         2.00           7-inch pots         1.50           6-inch pots         1.00           BANANA, Abyssinian (Musa ensete)         Magnifi-	<ul> <li>FUCHSIA, Assorted. We have a fine collection including the very best varieties. Pots, 25 cts. each, 82 for 10.</li> <li>GERANIUMS, Single Double and Iry-leaved. We have used the utmost care in the selection, limiting our list to improved types. Assorted</li> </ul>
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- PAMPAS GRASS (Gynerium argenteum). Leaves

long, narrow, drooping; silvery plumes. **Argenteum roseum.** Pink. Like preceding; plumes are fleshy pink. Argenteum variegatum. Leaves edged silver.

- Prices of Pampas Grass
   EACH

   Pots, 4 to 5 ft.
   \$0.75

   Pots, 2 to 3 ft.
   60
   EACH \$6 00 5 00
- PANSY (Viola tricolor). Extra choice varieties, from best imported seed. Transplanted in flats, plants, 10 cts. each, 30 cts. for 10, \$2.50
- ARGONIUMS (Lady Washington Geraniums). The best of the late introductions. Pots, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10. PELARGONIUMS
- PHLOX, Assorted Varieties. Large, range of colors; early summer till late fall. Pots, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10.
- PILEA (Artillery Plant). Compact sprays, attractive for interesting phenomenon of forcibly discharging pollen; hence the name. 4-in. pots, 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.
- POINSETTIA pulcherrima. The well-known plant; popular in southern California. Long stems, large leaves and great searlet bracts, surrounding flowers, which appear in winter. 4-in. pots, 50 cts. each.
- $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{POGOSTEMON} & \textbf{Heyneanus} & (\text{Patchouli Plant}). \\ & \text{Affords} & \text{the celebrated Patchouli perfume}. \\ & 2\frac{1}{2}\text{-in. pots, } 30 \text{ cts. each.} \end{array}$
- PRIMULA (Primrose). Free flowering; dark green white to crimson. 4-in. pots, 30 cts. \$2.50 for 10.
- ROMNEYA coulteri (California Tree Poppy). Perennial; large, white blossoms all summer. 5-in. pots, \$1 each.
- **SALVIA.** Handsome, rapid growing; blooms all summer. Pots, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10.
- SANSEVERIA. Leaves 1 to 3 feet long, sword shaped; variegated with grayish white cross-markings; flowers greenish white. 4-in. pots, 35 cts. each.
- SANTOLINA (Lavender Cotton). Stands treme drought and cold; valuable for borders; EACH 10 .....\$0 20 \$1 50 foliage silvery. 100 Pots. Transplanted in flats.
- SAXIFRAGA sarmentosa. Leaves roundish, striped silvery; blooms white, in spikes 12 inches long. 8-in. pots, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10.
- SEDUM acre (Stone Crop). Hardy trailing plant, suitable for rockeries. 4-in. pots, 15 cts. each, \$1 for 10.
- SHASTA DAISIES, Improved varieties. 4-in. pots, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10.

- SOLANUM pseudo capsicum (Jerusalem Cherry). Branching; glossy leaves; bright scarlet, globular berries in profusion. Pots, 40 cts. each.
- **THYME** (Thymus). We grow the common Thyme, with plain green foliage; and the variegated variety. 4-in. pots, 15 cts. each, \$1 for 10.
- TRADESCANTIA (Wandering Jew). Three varieties; fine for hanging-baskets, jardinières and vases. 4-in. pots, 20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10.
- TRITOMA uvaria (Red-Hot Poker). Late blooming; bright orange-scarlet flowers on long, straight stems. 5-in. pots, 25c. each, \$2 for 10.
- VERBENAS. Latest introduced varieties, superior to old sorts. Transplanted in flats, plants, 10 cts. each, 30 cts. for 10, \$2.50 per 100.
- VINCA major (Periwinkle). Trailing deep, glossy green leaves; trumpet-shaped, pale blue flowers.
  - Major variegata. (ajor variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves have broad, creamy margin. 4-inch pots, 20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10
- VIOLETS (Viola odorata).
- California. Single, blue violet; profuse bloomer, very fragrant.

  Marie Louise. Deep blue violet; creamy white,
- very fragrant.
- Princess of Wales. Flowers of largest size, true voilet-blue, very fragrant; long stems.

  Swanley White. Large, double white flowers.
- Transplanted in flats, plants, 10 cts. each, 40 cts. for 13, \$3 per 100



Pampas Grass

#### BULBS AND TUBEROUS-ROOTED PLANTS

- AGAPANTHUS umbellatus (African Lily). Long fleshy leaves; flowers of bright blue. 50 cts.
- each AMARYLLIS hippeastrum hybrida. Flowers of enormous proportions; wide range of color and variations.
  - Belladonna. Flowers rosy pink, appearing on shoots in August.
    - Bulbs, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10
- CALADIUM esculentum (Elephant's Ear). Enormous heart-shaped leaves, growing luxuriantly in very moist situations in summer. Rarely fails to attract attention. Clumps, 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10.
- CALLA LILY (Richardia Æthiopica). Masses of large, rich, dark green leaves, with pure white flowers on an erect spike. Tubers, 20 cts. each,
  - 81.50 for 10.

    ew Golden Yellow. Flowers clear golden yellow; leaves green flecked silvery white. Bulbs, 50 cts. each. New

- CYCLAMEN latifolium. **CLAMEN latifolium.** Small plant; round, fleshy leaves on long stems; odd-shaped flowers November to May. Pots, of various shades. 30 cts. to \$1.50.
- **DAHLIAS.** We grow a fine assortment of doubleand single varieties.

  New varieties, tubers.... EACH .....\$0 50
  - Cactus, Decorative and Show 25 \$2 00 Types, tubers.....
- is). Hardy, IRIS Germanica (German Iris). Hardy, early blooming; large, ornamental flowers of rich colors, early May. Bulbs, 25 cts. each, \$2 for
  - Kaempferi (Japanese Iris). The well-known Japan "Flag"; many colors. Flowers sometimes measure 10 to 12 inches across. Bulbs,
- ames measure 10 to 12 inches across. Bulbs, 30 ets. each, \$2.50 for 10.

  LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY (Convallaria). Delicate white or pink, fragrant flowers. Clumps, 40 ets. each, \$3 for 10.
- MONTBRETIA Germanica. Flowers small. produced in huge masses. Bulbs, 75c. for 10.



Field-grown Roses

#### Imported Bulbs

HYACINTHS, Single. Assorted colors. 60 cts. for 10, \$4.50 per 100.Double. Assorted colors. 60 cts. for 10, \$5 per

100

TULIPS, Artus, Single. Early. 40 cts. for 10,

\$3 per 100.

Pottebakker. White. 40 cts. for 10, \$3 per 100.

Raiserkroon. 40 cts. for 10, \$3.50 per 100.

Yellow Prince. 40 cts. for 10, \$3 per 100.

Splendid Mixture. 30 cts. for 10, \$2 per 100.

Parrot Bill or Dragon. 30 cts. for 10, \$2.50 per

Darwin. 30 cts. for 10, \$2.50 per 100.

NARCISSUS, Grand Soleil d'Or. 50 ets. for 10, \$3.50 per 100.

Poeticus ornatus. 25 cts. for 10, \$2 per 100. Chinese Sacred Lily. 20 cts. each, \$1.50 for 10. Jonquil, Single. 20 cts. for 10, \$1.50 per 100.

Narcissus, continued

Daffodils, Emperor. 60 cts. for 10, \$5 per 100. Daffodils, Empress. 60 cts. for 10, \$5 per 100. Daffodils, Trumpet major. 40 cts. for 10, \$3 per 100

IRIS, English. Mixed varieties. 25 cts. for 10, \$2 per 100.

IRIS, Spanish

British Queen, Chrysolora, Darling and Louise.

20 cts. for 10, \$1.50 per 100

LILIES candidum. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10. GLADIOLUS Colvillei, "The Bride," 25 cts. for 10, \$2 per 100.

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY. Selected Pips. 50 ets. for 10, \$3 per 100.

TUBEROSES, Dwarf Double Pearl. 60 cts. for 10, 84 per 100.

#### FIELD-GROWN ROSES

For cultural instructions and detailed description refer to "California Horticulture." See inside front cover.

Our Roses are budded; grown outdoors in rich, loose, alluvial soil, giving them a fine, vigorous rootsystem and heavy tops. They are packed in bundles of ten, and orders should be made up, as far as possible,
in multiples of ten. Plants will be supplied as follows: Fifty at 100 rate, in not less than five of a variety.
In small lots of one and two of a sort the ten rate will apply, except in quantities less than five plants, when
the single rate will be charged. Abbreviations opposite each variety in the following list indicate
the class to which it belongs, as follows:

#### ABBREVIATIONS

M., Moss N., Noisette Poly., Polyantha Pr., Prairie Ban., Banksia Ben., Bengal Ben., Bengal
Bour., Bourbon
Bour., Bourbon
H. N., Hybrid Noisette
Pr., Prairie
H. P., Hybrid Perpetual
H. T., Hybrid Tea
Misc., Miscellaneous

N., Noisette
Pr., Prairie
Rug., Rugosa
H. T., Tea
Wich., Wichuraiana

#### Standard or Tree Roses

All varieties marked with an asterisk (\*) can be furnished in standards or tree Roses, strong twoand three-year heads budded on Manetti canes, 3 feet from the ground. 75c. ea., 86 for 10, 850 per 100.

#### Very Recent Introductions

40 cts. each, \$3 for 10

Bessie Brown. H. T. Creamy white. Betty. H. T. Ruddy gold. Clara Watson. H. T. Pearly white, center shaded

Clara Watson. H. T. Zerby pale peach.

Dr. William Gordon. H. P. Exquisite pink petals, edged white.

Etoile de France. H. T. Crimson velvet.

Florence Pemberton. H. T. Creamy white, suffused with pink.

Franz Deegan. H. T. Deep orange-yellow, merging white

General McArthur. H. T. Fiery red.



Betty Rose



Frau Karl Druschki Rose

Mildred Grant. H. T. Ivory-white, tinged rose. Mme. Leon Pain. H. T. Silvery salmon, center orange-yellow.

Mme. Jean Dupuy. T. Golden yellow, edged rose.

Mme. Vermorel. T. Coppery yellow, center shaded red. Perle von Godesburg. H. T. Deep yellow, merging to cream.

Rosalind Orr. H. T. Pure scarlet-pink.

Schneikopf. Poly. Snow-white.

Soleil d'Or. Misc. Reddish gold, shaded nasturtium-red.

Wellesley. H. T. Fine shade of pink.

#### New and Scarce Varieties

30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10, \$20 per 100

Climbing Papa Gontier. T. Rosy crimson. Francisca Kruger. T. Coppery yellow, shaded with peach. Frau Karl Druschki. H. P. Snow-white. Hugh Dickson. H. P. Brilliant carmine, shaded J. B. Clarke. H. P. Shining crimson.
Killarney. H. T. Flesh, suffused pink.
Lady Battersea, or Red Kaiserin. H. T. Cherrycrimson, permeated orange.

Lady Gay. Poly. Double, shell-pink.

Mme. Wagram, or Climbing Paul Neyron. T.
Satiny rose, shaded flesh-pink.

Richmond. H. T. Deep scarlet.

#### General Collection

25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$15 per 100

Abel Carriere. H. P. Purple-crimson.
Admiral Dewey. H. T. White, tinged pink.
\*Agrippina. Ben. Deep crimson.
Alice Leroy. M. Pink.
\*American Beauty. H. P. Rosy crimson.
\*Anna Marie de Montravel. Poly. Pure white.
\*Augustine Guinoisseau, or White La France.
H. T. Pearly white, tinted fawn.
\*Baby Rambler, "Mme. Norbert Levavasseur."
Poly. Dwarf, bright crimson.
Baltimore Belle. Pr. Pale blush.
Banksia White. Ban. White.
\*Baroness Rothschild. H. P. Bright rose.

White. I. H. P. \*Baroness Rothschild. Bright rose, shaded white

Beauty of Europe. T. Light yellow, shading to salmon-fawn. Beauty of Glazenwood. Misc. Coppery car-

mine and salmon-yellow.

\*Beauty of Stapleford. H. T. Bright pink.

\*Belle Siebrecht. H. T. Imperial-pink.

\*Black Prince. H. P. Dark crimson.

\*Bon Silene. T. Dark crimson.

Bougere. T. Bronze-pink, shaded lilae.
Bridesmaid. T. Clear, bright pink.
Cameens. T. China-rose, shaded yellow.
Capt. Christy. H. P. Deep flesh.
\*Catherine Mermet. T. Light flesh.
Celine Forrestier. N. Sulphur-yellow.
Cherokee, Single. Misc. Pure white.
Cherokee, Double. Misc. White.
\*Cheshunt Hybrid. H. T. Cherry-carmine.
\*Christine de Noue. T. Deep pink.
Climbing Bridesmaid. Tea. Bright pink.
\*Climbing Capt. Christy. H. P. Deep flesh.
\*Climbing Caroline Testout. H. T. Clear pink.
\*Climbing Mile. Cecile Brunner. Poly. Rosypink.

pink.
\*Climbing Devoniensis. T. White, center blush.
Climbing Hermosa. Bour. Light pink.
Climbing Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. H. T

White.
Climbing La France. H. T. Slivery pink.
Climbing Meteor. H. T. Deep crimson.
\*Climbing Niphetos. T. Pure white.
\*Climbing Perle des Jardins. T. Canary-yellow.
Climbing Wootton. H. T. Crimson.
\*Clothide Soupert. Poly. Flowers variable,
glowing-pink, shaded white and red and white.
\*Cloth of Gold. N. Deep yellow, edged sulphur.
Comtesse de Frigneuse. T. Deep golden yellaw

Comtesse Riza du Parc. T. Coppery rose. Cornelia Cook. T. Yellowish white. \*Crimson Rambler. Poly. Bright crimson. Dinsmore. H. P. Crimson-scarlet. Docteur Grill. T. Clear buff, pink suffused

Dorothy Perkins. Wich. Clear shell-pink.
\*Duchesse de Brabant. T. Rosy pink.
\*Duchess of Albany, or Red La France. H. T. Deep pink

Deep pink.

Duchess of Edinburgh. T. Deep rosy crimson.

\*Eliza Sauvage. T. Pale yellow.

Empress of India. H. P. Dark crimson.

\*Empress of India. H. P. Dark crimson.

\*Empress of India. H. P. Dark crimson.

\*Empress of India. H. P. Dark crimson.

Enchantress. T. Creamy white.

\*Etoile de Lyon. T. Deep yellow.

\*Gen. Jacqueminot. H. P. Shining crimson.

Gloire de Dijon. T. Buff-orange.

\*Gold of Ophir. N. Apricot-yellow.

\*Gold of Ophir. N. Apricot-yellow.

\*Greville, or Seven Sisters. Pr. Light pink.

\*Gruss an Teplitz. Bour. Dark crimson.

\*Helen Gould. H. P. Carmine.

Hermosa. Bour. Delicate rose.

Homer. T. Flesh color.

\*Improved Rainbow. T. Pink, striped crimson.

Ivory. T. Pure white.

Ivory. T. Pure white.
\*James Veitch. N. Velvety crimson.
Jean Pernet. T. Canary-yellow.
Jubilee. H. T. Fiery maroon-crimson, often

Jubilee. \*Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. H. T. Pure ivory-

\*La France. H. T. Silvery pink.



Richmond Rose

#### GENERAL COLLECTION OF ROSES. continued

\*Lamarque. N. White, shaded sulphur-

yellow center.
La Reine. H. P. Rosy lilac.
\*Louis van Houtte. H. P. Rich crimson.
\*Mme. Alfred Carriere. N. White and vellow.

Mme. A. Veysset, or Striped La France. H. T. Striped white and

satiny rose.

Mme. C. Guinoisseau. T. Deep yellow.

Mme. Berard. T. Rich salmon.

Mme. C. Testout. H. T. Clear pink.

Mme. Charles Wood. H. P. Light erimson

Mme Cusin. T. Crimson; center light.
Mme. de Watteville. T. Salmon-white, tinged carmine.

Mme. G. Luizet. H. P. Clear coral-rose,

shaded lavender.

Mme. M. Kuppenheim. T. Canary-

yellow, shaded rose.

Mme. Plantier. Misc. Pure white.

\*Mlle. Cecile Brunner. Poly. Salmonpink.

\*Maman Cochet. Tea. Rosy pink. \*Marchioness of Londonderry. Ivorv-white

Margaret Dickson. H. P. White and

\*Marechal Niel. N. Deep sulphur-yellow. Marie Bauman. H. P. Crimson-vermilion

milion.

\*Marie Van Houtte. T. Light yellow and rose.

\*Medea. T. Lemon-yellow.

\*Merveille de Lyon. H. P. Pure white.

\*Meteor. H. P. Deep crimson.

\*Mignonette. Poly. Delicate rose.

Mrs. Pierpont Morgan. T. Cerise-pink.

\*Niphetos. T. Pure white.

\*Papa Gontier. T. Brilliant carmine. changing to rose and lilac.

\*Paul Neyron. H. P. Deep rose.

Perfection des Blanches. H. T. Snowy white.

\*Perle des Jardins. T. Bright straw-color



Tree Rose



Climbing Mme. Caroline Testout Roses

\*Persian Yellow. Misc. Deepest yellow. Philadelphia Rambler. Poly. Very deep crim-

Pink Soupert. Poly. Clear pink. Prairie Queen. Pr. Rosy red.

Prince Camille de Rohan, or La Rosier. H. P.

Queen of Edgely. H. P. Pink. Reine de Bourbon. Bour. Rose.
Reine Marie Henriette. H. T. Cherry-red.
Reine Olga de Wurtemburg. H. T. Rosy carmir

Reve d'Or. T. Fawn.
Rubens. T. White and rose.
Rugosa alba. Rug. Pure white.

Rugosa aloa. Aug. Fure winte.
Rugosa rubra. Rug. Rosy crimson.
Safrano. T. Deep fawn.
Salamander. H. P. Scarlet-crimson.
Snowflake. T. White.
Souvenir de Malmaison. Bour. Flesh, edged

\*Souvenir de Paul Neyron. T. Creamy white,

shaded ro \*Souvenir du President Carnot. H. T. Rosy

flesh, shaded flesh, shaded deeper at center. Souvenir de Wootton. H. T. Red to v.olet-

crimson.
Souvenir d'Un Ami. T. Brilliant rose.
Souset. T. Golden amber, shaded ruddy copper.
The Bride. T. Pure white buds and flowers large and delightfully fragrant.
The Queen. T. Pure white.
Ulrich Brunner. H. P. Cherry-red.
White Baroness. H. P. Pure white.
White Bath. M. White: center blush.
White Maman Cochet. T. Pure white, some-

White Maman Cochet. T. Pure white, sometimes suffused with pink.
White Rambler. Poly. White.
Wichuraiana. Misc. Single, pure white.
Williams Evergreen. Misc. White, center flesh
W. A. Richardson. N. Orange-yellow.
Xavier Olibo. H. P. Violet-crimson.
Yellow Banksia. Ban. Clear yellow.
Yellow Rambler. Poly. Deep golden yellow and yery sweet-scented.

and very sweet-scented.

# Requisites for Nurserymen, Orchardists and Planters

RAFFIA, Red Star Brand. This Raffia is of the very best quality. The strands long, soft, pliable and strong; guaranteed first class. Lb. 20 cts., 10 lbs. and over, 15 cts. per lb.

TREE AND POT LABELS. 3½-in. Tree Labels, iron wire, \$1 per 1,000; 3½-in., copper wire, \$1.25 per 1,000. No printed labels furnished.

per 1,000. No printed labels turnished.

TREE PROTECTORS. (1.) Our extreme long, hot and dry summers make it imperative for all truit-growers to shade the bodies of young trees the first season. The most efficient and valuable are made from the Yucca Palm. They are easily put on, and allow the air to circulate around the stem of the tree. We recommend highly. Soak the bundles in water before using.

Length	Width	Weight per 100	100	1,000
30 in.	7 in.	20 lbs	. \$2 25	\$20 00
24 in.	7 in.	18 lbs	. 1 85	17 00
18 in.	7 in.	13 lbs	. 1 60	14 50
16 in.	7 in.	12 lbs	. 1 40	13 00
14 in.	7 in.	10 lbs	. 1 30	12 00
12 in.	7 in.	9 lbs	. 1 20	11 00
10 in.	7 in.	8 lbs	. 1 10	10 00

**GRAFTING WAX.** ½lb. 20 ets., 1 lb. 30 ets.

MERINO BRAND, LAWN AND GARDEN FERTILIZER. Manufactured expressly for us. The base of this material is sheep manure; to this is added mineral and animal matter, which makes it a valuable dressing for gardens and lawns. Manufactured under guarantee analysis, which will be supplied on request. Valuable for potted plants. 25 lbs., sacked, 75 cts.; 50 lbs., sacked, \$1.50; 100 lbs., sacked, \$2.50.

PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE, Buck Brand. This is pure natural manure hauled from large deposits in the sheep camps. It contains no weed seeds, is thoroughly crushed and ready for use. It is suited for vineyards, orchards, gardens and lawns. 100-lb. bag, double sacked, 75 cts.

#### **KNIVES**

Folding Pruner. (2.) Cocoa handle, steel lined; length handle 4 inches. Blade oil-tested and tempered. For heavy work. 90 cts. each, \$9 per doz. Stationary Handle Pruner. Apple wood handle, with extra los, reinforced tang; good quality.

with extra long, reinforced tang; good quality. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Folding Budder. (3.) Ebony handle, brass lined with ivory tip, forged same as the finest razor, best on the market. 75 cts. each.

Stationery Handle Budder. Maple wood; fine quality steel. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Stationary Handle Grafting Knife. Maple wood handle, patterned after most approved style.

handle, patterned after most approved style; fine quality steel. 40 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz. All **Purpose Knife**. (4,) 3\frac{1}{2} inches long and contains pruning blade, budding blade and jack-knife blade. Made of best material and suitable for nursery and orchard work. \$1.50 each.

#### PRUNING SHEARS

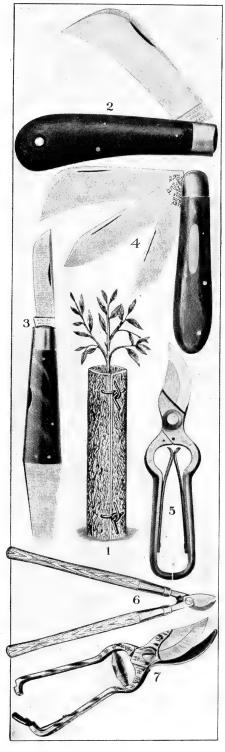
PRUNING SHEARS

Roeding Shear. For making hard-wood cuttings, such as grape, fig, etc., this shear has given us satisfaction. Strong and durable enough for ordinary work. Makes a clean cut; does not bruise the wood. Per pair, 8½ or 9 in., postpaid, \$2. Actual weight per pair, 1 lb.

Rieser Corcelles Pruning Shear. (5.) Made in Switzerland. It is hand-made and will outlast any other shear made two to one, even where subjected to the heaviest work. For stubbing nursery stock, we have found it to be the only shear which would stand up to the work. Actual weight, 1¼ lbs. Per pair, 8½ or 9 in., \$4.

Fresno Pruning Shear. (6) Has come into universal use in Fresno and in many of the larger vineyards and orchard districts. For vine and tree pruning there is no more serviceable tool made. The shear is made of the finest tempered steel, the jaws have a spread of 3½ inches, permitting the cutting of branches which would ordinarily have to be cut with a saw. The handles are made of ash, and the sockets are strengthened with a steel band. Weight per pair, 2½ lbs., length handle and blade, 26 inches. Per pair, \$2.50.

Rose Shear. (7.) This shear is only used for light pruning and is nickel plated Weight per pair, ½ lb. Per pair, 6 inches long, \$1.25.





#### BALING MACHINE

This baler is constructed to save time and labor. Three men will do as much work with it in one day as three machines operated by hand power.

A two-horse-power electric motor or gas engine will operate it without any difficulty, in fact, will supply more power than is required. A close inspection of the photo-engraving shows that the bale is carried on a low-wheeled truck, backward and forward, so that the point at which the bale is to be tightened is directly opposite the baling machine. We will furnish this machine, complete with truck, for \$125.00; baling machine alone, \$110.00.

## Our Own Publications

In connection with our business we have found it expedient to publish booklets in addition to our Illustrated Price Catalogue. The entire list is given in the order of their importance.

California Horticulture. The Fruit-growers' Guide. By George C. Roeding. A compendium of methods and suggestions on soil preparation, planting, cultivating, irrigating and pruning, together with a list of plants for orchard and field, vineyard and garden. 120 pages, 7, by 10, inches, beautifully illustrated in half tones and color plates. 25 ets.

The Smyrna Fig at Home and Abroad. A treatise on practical Fig culture, together with an account of the Wild or Capri fig and the establishment of the fig wasp (Blastophaga grossorum) in America. 50 ets.

New Products of the Trees. All about the latest and most valuable of Burbank's introductions, which we are offering for sale. Beautifully illustrated in natural colors from life, and half-tone engravings, made direct from the fruit and plant and from photographs. 25 ets.

Spanish Catalogue. Describes the leading and most desirable varieties of fruit trees, grape vines ornamental plants and roses, and is of special interest to our Mexican, Philippine and South American trade. Mailed an amplication.

Mailed on application

## **Books for Horticulturists**

California Fruits and How to Grow Them. Fifth edition, revised and extended. A Manual of Methods which have yielded greatest success. By Edward J. Wickson, A.M. Size of page 6½ by 9½ inches, about 600 pages, bound in cloth and fully illustrated. Carriage prepaid, 83 per copy.

California Vegetables, in Garden and Field. Second edition, revised and extended. A manual of practice with or without irrigation for semi-tropical countries. By Edward J. Wickson, A.M. Size of page 2 x 9½, 368 pages, well printed and strongly bound in cloth; illustrated. Carriage prepaid, 82.

Grape Growing and Wine-Making in America. By Prof. G. Hussman. Revised edition. Garden and vineyard management from planting to harvesting, both in the East and West, especially exhaustive on California grape-growing; all about making wine. \$2 per copy

The Horticulturist's Rule Book. By L. H. Bailey. A compendium of useful information for fruit-growers, truck-gardeners, florists and others. A mass of information is presented of incalculable value to the growers, all carefully indexed. \$1 per copy.

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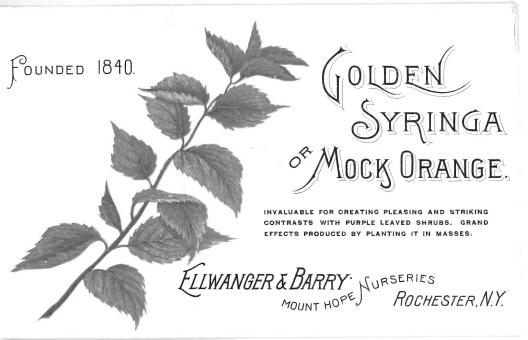
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# PURPLE-LEAVED PLUM.

(PRUNUS PISSARDI.)

The finest purple-leaved small tree or shrub of recent introduction. The young branches are a very dark purple; the leaves when young are lustrous crimson, changing to a dark purple, and retain this beautiful tint till they drop late in autumn; no other purple-leaved tree or shrub retains its color till late in the fall like this. It transplants easily and is worthy of wide dissemination. Flowers small, white, single, covering the tree. The contrast produced by planting with golden-leaved shrubs is very marked.

